# Operating Instructions

## $CO_2$ Incubator

## HERAcell® 150i / 240i

## with Decontamination Routine

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Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific

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Thermo Electron LED GmbH
Robert-Bosch-Straße 1
D - 63505 Langenselbold
Germany

Thermo Electron LED GmbH is a subsidiary company of:
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.
81 Wyman Street
Waltham, MA 02454
USA

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# 1 General notes

**Overview of the Thermo Fisher international sales organisations**

*Europe, Middle East, Africa*

**Postal address Germany:**
Thermo Electron LED GmbH
Robert-Bosch-Straße 1
D - 63505 Langenselbold

**Enquiries from Germany:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Phone Sales | 0800 1 536376 |
| Phone Service | 0800 1 112110 |
| Fax Sales/Service | 0800 1 112114 |
| E-Mail | info.labequipment.de@thermofisher.com |

**Enquiries from Europe, Middle East, and Africa:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Phone | + 49 (0) 6184 / 90-6940 |
| Fax | + 49 (0) 6184 / 90-6772 |
| E-Mail | info.labequipment.de@thermofisher.com |

*America*

**Postal address USA:**
Thermo Fisher Scientific
275 Aiken Road
Asheville, NC 28804
USA

**Enquiries from North America:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Phone | +1 800-879 7767 |
| Fax | +1 828-658 0363 |
| E-Mail | info.labequipment@thermofisher.com |

**Enquiries from Latin America:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Phone | +1 828-658 2711 |
| Fax | +1 828-645 9466 |
| E-Mail | info.labequipment@thermofisher.com |

**Enquiries from Asia Pacific:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Phone | +852-2711 3910 |
| Fax | +852-2711 3858 |
| E-Mail | info.labequipment@thermofisher.com |

# 1 General notes

## 1.1 Identification of the device and of the documentation

*Identfication data*

**Identification of the device**

| | |
|---|---|
| Device name: | $CO_2$ incubator |
| Type designation: | HERAcell® 150i |
| | HERAcell® 240i |
| Serial No.: | 40830469 or higher |

**Allocation of product documentation**

| | |
|---|---|
| User information: | Operating instructions 50113925 D |
| Valid: | 08.2009 |

**Certifications and quality audit**:

| | |
|---|---|
| Certification: | CE Certification |
| Test mark: | GS by VDE Germany |
| | CSA/UL by VDE Germany |

## 1.2 Instruction of the operating personnel

These operating instructions describe the $CO_2$ incubator HERAcell® 150i / 240i. The $CO_2$ incubator has been manufactured in keeping with the latest technological developments and is operationally safe. However, the device may present potential hazards, particularly if it is operated by inadequately trained personnel or if it is not used in accordance with the intended purpose. Therefore, the following must be observed to prevent accidents:

*Target group*

- The $CO_2$ incubator must be operated only by trained and authorized personnel.

*Process procedures for personnel*

- For any operation of this device, the operator must prepare clear and concise written instructions in the language of the operating and cleaning personnel based on these operating instructions, applicable safety data sheets, plant hygiene guidelines, and technical regulations, in particular:
  - which decontamination measures are to be applied for the $CO_2$ incubator and accessories,
  - which protective measures apply when specific agents are used,
  - which measures are to be taken in the case of an accident.
- Repairs to the device must be carried out only by trained and authorized expert personnel.

# 1 General notes

## 1.3 Applicability of the instructions

*Original document for translation*

- The contents of the operating instructions are subject to change without further notice.
- Concerning translations into foreign languages, the German version of these operating instructions is binding.
- Keep these operating instructions close to the device so that safety instructions and important information are always accessible.

Should you encounter problems that are not detailed adequately in these operating instructions, please contact Thermo Scientific immediately for your own safety.

## 1.4 Warranty

*Requirements for warranty*

Thermo Scientific warrants the operational safety and functions of the $CO_2$ incubator only under the condition that:

- the device is operated and serviced exclusively in accordance with its intended purpose and as described in these operating instructions,
- the device is not modified,
- only original spare parts and accessories that have been approved by Thermo Fisher Scientific are used,
- inspections and maintenance are performed at the specified intervals.

The warranty is valid from the date of delivery of the device to the operator.

# 1 General notes

## 1.5 Explanation of safety information and symbols

### 1.5.1 Safety information and symbols used in the operating instructions

*WARNING: Personal injuries*

**⚠ WARNING**

**Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injuries.**

*CAUTION: Personal injuries*

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injuries.**

*NOTICE: Property damage*

**NOTICE**

**Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.**

*NOTE: Useful information*

**NOTE**

**Is used for applicational hints and useful information.**

### 1.5.2 Additional symbols for safety informations:



**Wear safety gloves!**



**Wear safety goggles!**



**Harmful liquids!**



**Electric shock!**



**Hot surfaces!**



**Fire hazard!**



**Explosion hazard!**



**Suffocation hazard!**

# 1 General notes

### 1.5.3 Symbols on the device



**CE conformity mark: confirms conformity according to EU Guidelines**




**VDE test mark**




**Mark of conformity USA/Canada**



**Observe operating instructions!**

# 1 General notes

## 1.6 Intended purpose of the device

### 1.6.1 Correct use

*Use*

The $CO_2$ incubator HERAcell® 150i / 240i is a laboratory device for preparing and cultivating cell and tissue cultures. The device allows the simulation of the special physiological ambient conditions for these cultures due to the exact control of:

- temperature,
- $CO_2$ content,
- $O_2/N_2$ content,
- and increased relative humidity.

*Fields of application*

HERAcell® 150i / 240i has been designed for installation and operation in the following fields of application:

- Laboratories for cytobiological and biotechnological experiments of safety levels L1, L2, and L3.
- Medical-microbiological laboratories in accordance with DIN 58 956.
- Laboratories in the central area of clinics and hospitals.

*Gas supply system*

The gases required for the incubator ($CO_2$ and / or $O_2/N_2$) are supplied to the device from a separate gas supply system, either from gas cylinders or from a central pressurized gas container.
The layout of the gas supply system must ensure that the operating pressure of the gas supply lines can be set to a range between 0.8 bar (min.) to 1 bar (max.) and that the pressure cannot be changed.
If the device is equipped with the optional gas monitoring system, up to four devices can be interconnected in line, independent of the of the gas supply system capacity.
The $CO_2$ incubator is suitable for continuous operation.

### 1.6.2 Incorrect use

*Incorrect use*

Do not use cell or tissue cultures in the device that are not in accordance with the regulations of safety levels L1, L2, and L3.
Do not use tissues, substances or liquids that:

- are easily ignitible or explosive,
- release vapors that form combustible or explosive mixtures when exposed to air,
- release poisons.

# 1 General notes

## 1.7 Standards and directives

The device complies with the following standards and guidelines:

- DIN EN 61010 - 1: 2002, DIN EN 61010 - 2 - 010 : 2004
- Low Voltage Guideline 2006/95/EG
- EMC Guideline 2004/108/EG
- UVV BGV D4 Revised Version
  (UVV VBG 20, continues to be valid for old stock)

The following safety regulations must be observed if the device is operated within the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany:

- BGR 104
- BGR 120
- BGI 629
- BGI 630
- TRG 280
- EC Official Gazette, L 374
- Safety data sheets of the gas suppliers with regard to the particular characteristics of $CO_2$, $O_2$, and $N_2$.
- Principles of good microbiological proceedings, notice of the trade association of the German chemical industry.

**For other countries, the applicable national regulations are binding.**

# 1 General notes

## 1.8 Safety notes on gases

**NOTE**

**Installation work:**

**Any work to supply lines and pressurized gas containers, cylinders or containers used for storing $CO_2$ or $O_2$/$N_2$ must only be carried out by expert personnel using the appropriate tools.**

**Instruction of the personnel:**

**Personnel operating devices with $CO_2$ supply must be instructed about the particularities in the handling of $CO_2$ before starting their work:**

- **Correct operation of pressurized gas containers and gas supply systems,**
- **obligation to report damages and shortcomings in $CO_2$ supply lines,**
- **measures to be taken in case of accidents or failures.**

These instructions must be repeated at appropriate intervals and must comprise the particular operating instructions of the gas supplier.

### 1.8.1 Safety notes on carbon dioxide ($CO_2$)

*Carbon dioxide*

Since $CO_2$ is rated as a harmful gas, certain safety instructions must be observed when the $CO_2$ incubator is started up and when the device is operated.

**⚠ WARNING**

**Suffocation hazard!**



**Large amounts of $CO_2$ released into the room atmosphere may cause suffocation.**
**If $CO_2$ is released, initiate safety measures immediately!**

- **Leave the room immediately and do not allow others to enter the room!**
- **Inform security service or fire department!**

# 1 General notes

### 1.8.2 Safety notes on oxygen ($O_2$)

*Oxygen*

$O_2$ is a gas that promotes combustion and may explode in combination with grease-containing materials.

**⚠ WARNING**

**Oxygen explosion!**



**$O_2$ may explode in combination with oils, greases, and lubricants. If highly compressed oxygen comes in contact with grease- or oil-containing substances, the mixture may explode!**

- **For cleaning these device components, use only oil- and grease-free lubricants.**
- **Keep all connections and components of the oxygen system free from substances that contain oil, grease, or lubricant!**

**Fire hazard!**



**Released oxygen promotes combustion. Do not use open flames in the vicinity of oxygen-operated systems!**

- **Do not smoke in the vicinity of oxygen systems.**
- **Do not expose the components of an oxygen system to excessive heat.**

### 1.8.3 Safety notes on nitrogen ($N_2$)

*Nitrogen*

Nitrogen mixes easily with air. High concentrations of nitrogen reduce the oxygen content in the air.

**⚠ WARNING**

**Suffocation hazard!**



**Large amounts of $N_2$ released into the room atmosphere may cause suffocation.**
**If $N_2$ is released, initiate safety measures immediately!**

- **Leave the room immediately and do not allow others to enter the room!**
- **Inform security service or fire department!**

# 2 Delivery of the device

## 2.1 Packaging

The $CO_2$ incubator HERAcell® 150i / 240i is delivered in a stable packaging box. All packaging materials can be separated and are reusable:

*Packaging materials*

- Packaging carton:
  Recycled paper
- Foam elements:
  Styrofoam (CFC-free)
- Pallet:
  Untreated wood
- Packaging film:
  Polyethylene
- Packaging ribbons:
  Polypropylene

## 2.2 Acceptance inspection

After the device has been delivered, check the delivery immediately for:

- completeness,
- possible damage.

*Damage report*

**If components are missing or damage is found on the device or the packaging, esp. damages caused by humidity and water, please contact the linehauler as well as the Technical Support of Thermo Scientific immediately.**

# 2 Delivery of the device

## 2.3 Standard equipment components HERAcell® 150i

| Quantity of the delivered components (in piece) | HERAcell® 150i $CO_2$ incubator or $CO_2/O_2$ incubator | |
|---|---|---|
| | Solid glass door and continuous shelves | 3-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves |
| Shelf | 3 | 3 |
| Support rail for shelf | 4 | 4 |
| Shelf supports for shelf | 6 | 6 |
| Insert for pressure compensation opening | 1 | 1 |
| Plug for pipe channel | 1 | 1 |
| Power supply cable | 1 | 1 |
| Connector, potential-free contact | 1 | 1 |
| Spare caps, set | 1 | 1 |
| $CO_2$ connecting hose set | 1 | 1 |
| Open-end wrench, 24 mm | 1 | 1 |
| Allen wrench 2 mm for blower wheel | 1 | 1 |
| Allen wrench 3 mm for blower wheel cover | 1 | 1 |
| Operating instructions (CD) | 1 | 1 |
| Water pump | 1 | 1 |

## 2.4 Optional equipment components HERAcell® 150i

| Quantity of the delivered components (in piece) | HERAcell® 150i $CO_2$ incubator or $CO_2/O_2$ incubator | |
|---|---|---|
| | Solid glass door and continuous shelves | 3-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves |
| $O_2$ connecting hose set | 1 | 1 |
| $O_2$ sensor with set for gas humidification *1) | 1 | 1 |
| $CO_2$ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional) | 1 | 1 |
| $O_2$ / $N_2$ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional) | 1 | 1 |

*1) $O_2$ sensor with gas humidification set is packed in a separate carton and placed into the work space during transport.

# 2 Delivery of the device

## 2.5 Standard equipment components HERAcell® 240i

| Quantity of the delivered components (in piece) | HERAcell® 240i $CO_2$ incubator or $CO_2$/$O_2$ incubator | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Solid glass door and continuous shelves (standard version) | Solid glass door and split shelves (optional) | 6-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves (standard version) | 6-door gas tight screen and split shelves (optional) |
| Shelf | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| Support rail for shelf | 4 | 6 | 4 | 6 |
| Shelf supports for shelf | 6 | 12 | 6 | 12 |
| Insert for pressure compensation opening | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Plug for pipe channel | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Power supply cable | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Connector, potential-free contact | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Spare caps, set | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $CO_2$ connecting hose set | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Open-end wrench, 24 mm | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Allen wrench 2 mm for blower wheel | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Allen wrench 3 mm for blower wheel cover | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Operating instructions (CD) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Water pump | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

# 2 Delivery of the device

## 2.6 Optional equipment components HERAcell® 240i

| Quantity of the delivered components (in piece) | HERAcell® 240i $CO_2$ incubator or $CO_2$/$O_2$ incubator | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Solid glass door and continuous shelves (standard version) | Solid glass door and split shelves (optional) | 6-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves (standard version) | 6-door gas tight screen and split shelves (optional) |
| $O_2$ connecting hose set | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $O_2$ gas humidification system connecting hose set *1) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Bottle turning device (motor with four rollers, optional) *2), *3) | 1 | — | 1 | — |
| $CO_2$ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $O_2$/ $N_2$ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

*1) $O_2$ sensor with gas humidification set is packed in a separate box that is placed into the work space during transport.
*2) For bottle turning devices, the version with split shelves is not available.
*3) Each level of a bottle turning device is packed in a separate box. The boxes (1 to 4) are delivered with the device.

# 3 Installation of the device

## 3.1 Ambient conditions

The device must only be operated at locations that meet the particular ambient conditions listed below:

*Location*

**Requirements:**

- Draft-free and dry location.
- The minimal distance to adjacent surfaces must be observed on all sides (see Section 3.3.).
- The operating room must be equipped with appropriate room ventilation.
- Solid, level, fire-proof surface.
- Vibration-proof substructure (floor stand, lab table) capable of bearing the weight of the device and of accessories (particularly if several devices are stacked).
- The electrical system of the device has been designed for an operating height of up to 2000 m above sea level.
- To ensure a constant incubation temperature of 37 °C, the ambient temperature must be within a range of +18 °C to +33 °C.
- Relative humidity up to 80% (max.).
- No direct exposure to sunlight.
- Devices that produce excessive heat must not be placed near the location of the HERAcell® 150i / 240i.

## 3.2 Room ventilation

When $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ is supplied, the work space of the incubator is slightly pressurized. The pressure is released through the pressure compensation opening into the operating room.
Pressure compensation and any opening of the glass door/gas-tight screen during the operation of the device will release very small quantities of $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ into the operating room; the room ventilation must be capable of carrying the released gas safely off into the open.
In addition, heat dissipating from the device during continuous operation may cause a change in the room climate.

- Therefore, the HERAcell® 150i / 240i must only be installed in rooms with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the device in room recesses without ventilation.

*Technical ventilation*

- The room ventilation should be a technical ventilation that complies with the requirements of BGR 120 (Guidelines for laboritories, Germany) or some other suited ventilation system with appropriate capacity.

# 3 Installation of the device

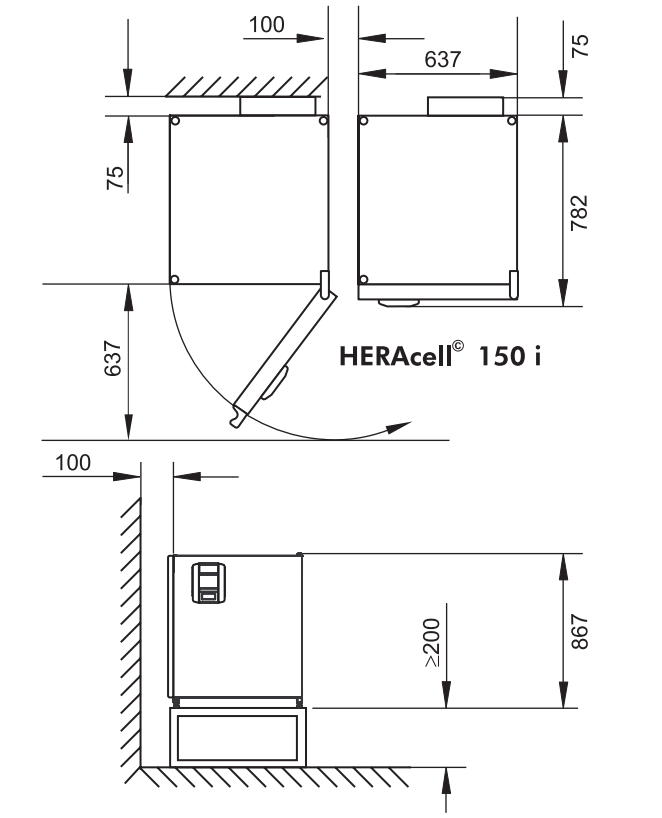
## 3.3 Space requirements

**Fig. 1:** When installing the device, make sure that the installation and supply connections are freely accessible.
The control box on the rear panel of the device may serve as a spacer to adjacent objects. The side distances given are minimal distances.
To protect the $CO_2$ incubator against contamination, use a floor stand even if the device is installed near the floor. The height of the floor stand should not fall below 200 mm.

**NOTE**

**Accessibility of the devices:**

**To ensure the accessibility for care and maintenance works, keep larger side and rear distances.**



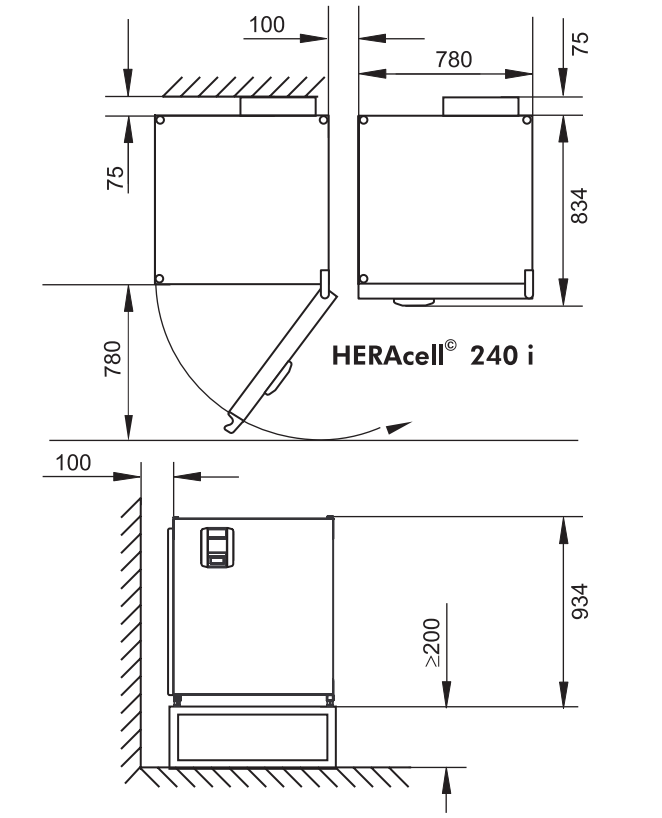




Fig. 1: Device dimensions

# 3 Installation of the device

## 3.4 Transport

**Fig. 2:** For transport, do not lift the device using the doors or components attached to the device (e.g. control box on rear panel) as lift points.

**NOTE**

**Lift points:**

**Lift the device only using the lift points.**

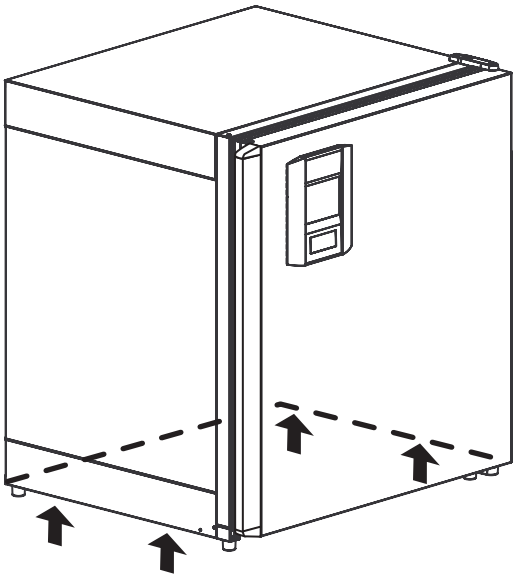


Fig. 2: Lift points

## 3.5 Stacking

**Fig. 3:** HERAcell® 150i / 240i is suited for stacking up to two devices of the same device type. For thermal separation, an adapter plate [3] can be placed between the two devices.

**HERAcell® 150i**

- Place the adapter plate with the receptacles [4] at the bottom onto the stacking elements [5] on top of the device. Make sure that the adapter plate is seated safely on the stacking elements.
- Place the device to be stacked with the device stands [1] onto the stacking elements [2] at the top of the adapter plate.

**HERAcell® 240i**

- Place the adapter plate with the receptacle recesses [8] at the bottom onto the stacking elements [9] on top of the device. Make sure that the adapter plate is seated safely on the recesses.
- Place the device to be stacked with the device stands [6] onto the stacking elements [7] at the top of the adapter plate.

The devices are secured to one another by their own weight.

**NOTICE**

**Transporting stacked devices!**

**The stacking elements are not locking elements. Therefore, it is not permitted to transport stacked devices.**

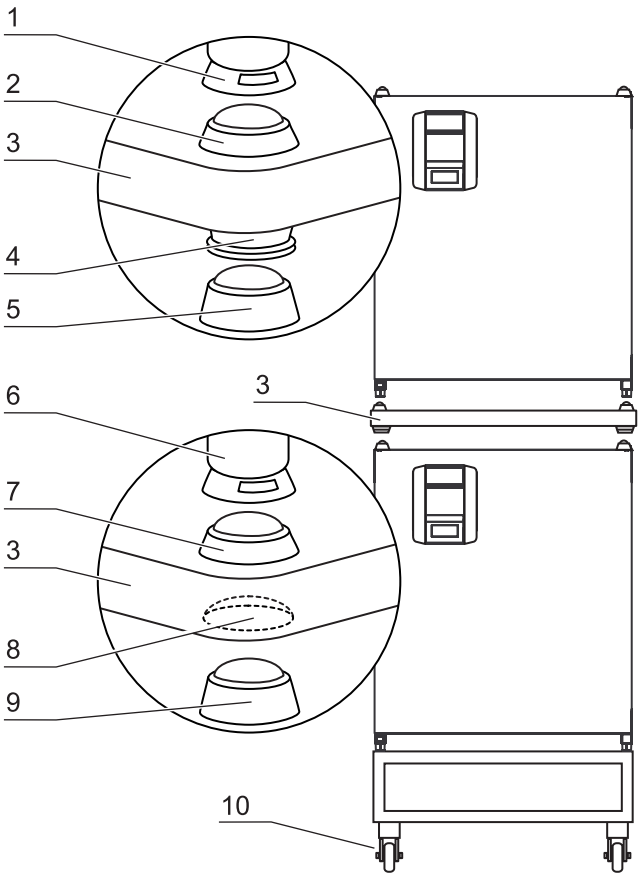



Fig. 3: Stacking

# 3 Installation of the device

*Mobile racks*

NOTE

**Fastening on mobile racks:**

**If the devices are installed onto mobile racks, make sure that the rollers [10] are secured with a locking brake during the operation of the incubators and that the rollers are oriented toward the front for increased stability.**

**Condensate formation during the operation of stacked devices:**

**If stacked devices of type HERAcell® 150i are operated at an ambient temperature of more than 26 °C, condensate formation may occur on the upper device while the contra-con decontamination routine is run for the lower device.**
**To prevent condensate formation, an adapter plate should be placed between the two devices for thermal separation.**

## 3.6 Retrofitting/Modifications

*Retrofitting options*

The following components can be retrofitted to the standard version:
**HERAcell® 150i**

- 3-segment gas-tight screen (the gas-tight screen is installed in place of the glass door),
- door hinge replacement on outer door and glass door (RH / LH door opening),
- lockable outer door,
- split inserts,
- infrared (IR) sensor,
- PCB for USB interface.

**HERAcell® 240i**

- 6-segment gas-tight screen (the gas-tight screen is installed in place of the glass door),
- door hinge replacement on outer door and glass door,
- lockable outer door,
- split inserts,
- infrared (IR) sensor,
- PCB for USB interface.

NOTE

**Modifications:**

**Retrofittings and modifications must only be performed by the Technical Service of Thermo Electron LED.**

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.1 Front view of HERAcell® 150i

*Front view*

[1] Stacking elements
[2] Plug caps
[3] Glass door
[4] Measuring cell with blower wheel and sensors
[5] Door switch
[6] Oxygen sensor (optional)
[7] Pressure compensation opening with insert
[8] Measuring opening
[9] Outer door
[10] Outer door seal, replaceable
[11] Stand, height-adjustable
[12] Gas humidification (optional)
[13] Water level sensor
[14] Nameplate
[15] Power switch
[16] Support rail
[17] Shelf
[18] Latch, glass door
[19] Support hook for shelf
[20] Access port with plug
[21] Glass door seal, replaceable
[22] iCan™ Touchscreen (Operating panel)
[23] Door handle

# 4 Description of the device

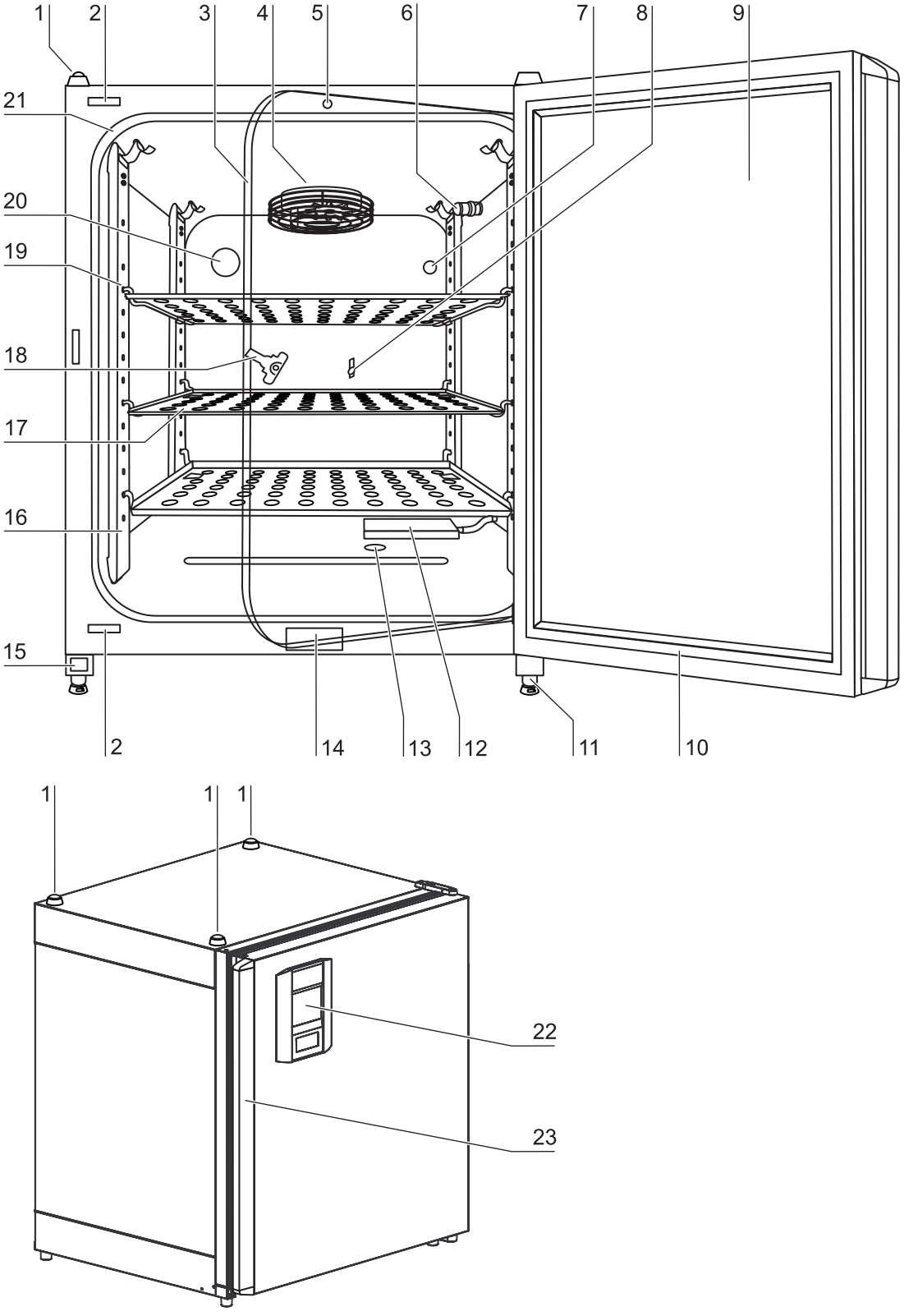



Fig. 4: Front view HERAcell® 150i

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.2 Rear view HERAcell® 150i

*Rear view*

[1] Access port, Ø 42 mm
[2] Pressure compensation opening
[3] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ without gas monitoring
[4] Condensate drain gutter
[5] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ without gas monitoring
[6] $O_2/N_2$ gas cylinder
[7] $CO_2$ gas cylinder
[8] **Secondary** $CO_2$ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
[9] **Primary** $CO_2$ gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
[10] **Secondary** $O_2/N_2$ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
[11] **Primary** $O_2/N_2$ gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
[12] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with gas monitoring (optional)
[13] Distributor connection for looping through the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
[14] Distributor connection for looping through the $O_2/N_2$ gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
[15] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with optional gas monitoring

# 4 Description of the device

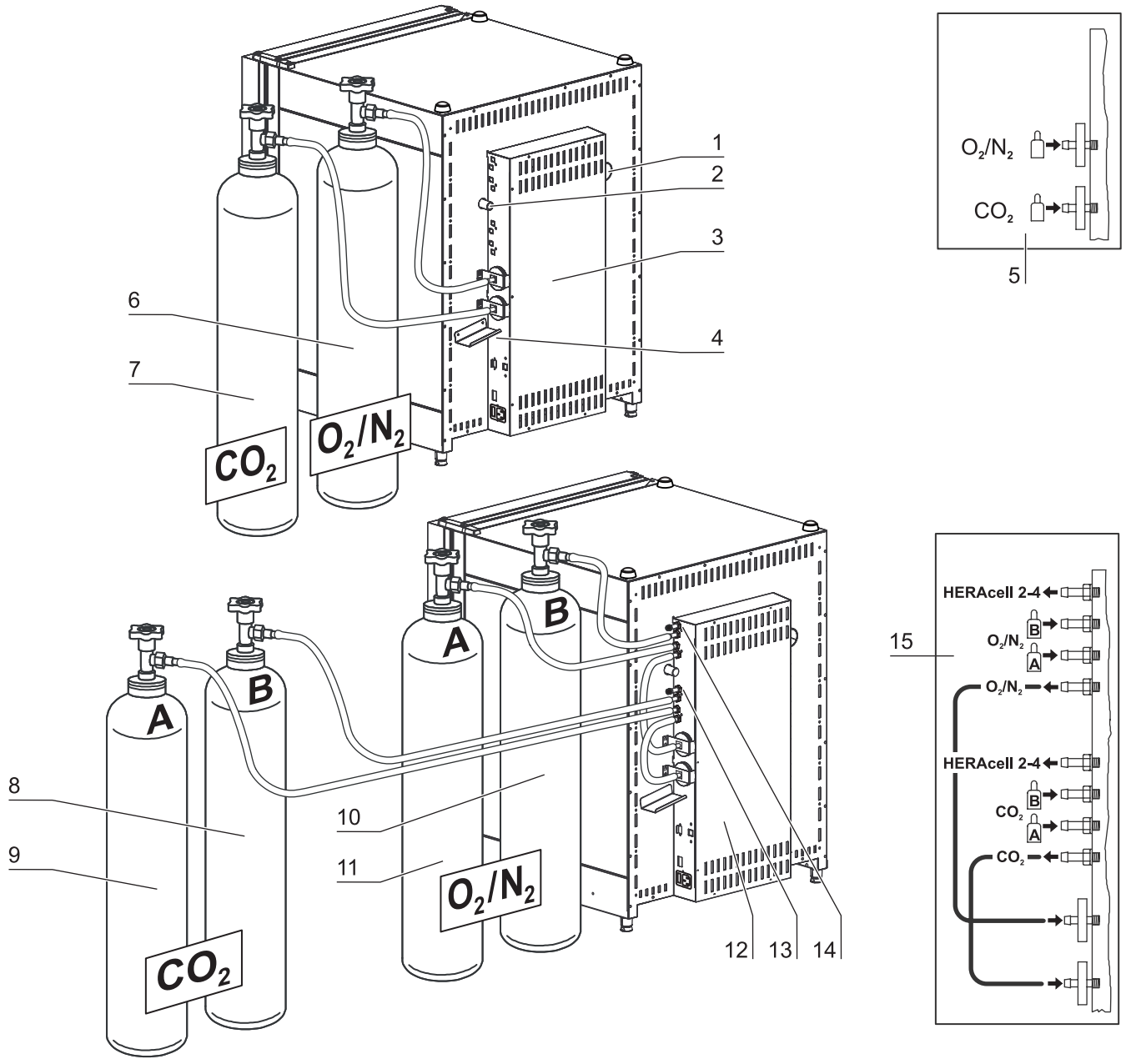



Fig. 5: Rear view HERAcell® 150i

# 4 Description of the device

**Looped-through gas supply for HERAcell® 150i:**

[1] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with gas monitoring (optional)
[2] Distributor connection for looping through the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
[3] Distributor connection for looping through the $O_2/N_2$ gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
[4] Tee joint for fitting the gas pressure hoses together
[5] Gas pressure hose for looping-through the gas supply
[6] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with optional gas monitoring
[7] HERAcell® 150i with looped-through gas supply; therefore device must only be equipped with combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$

# 4 Description of the device

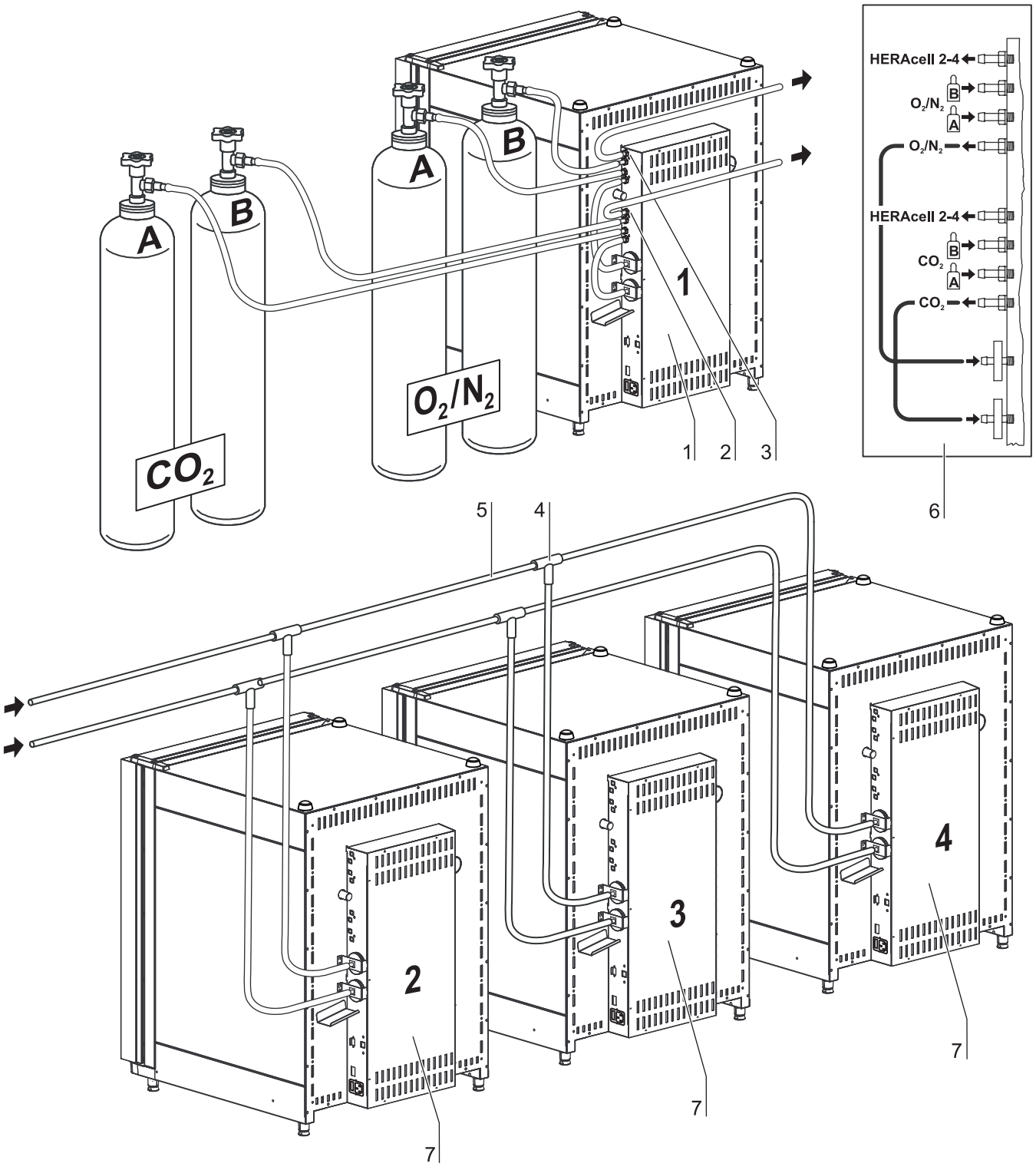



Fig. 6: Looped-through gas supply HERAcell® 150i

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.3 Front view HERAcell® 240i

*Front view*

[1] Stacking elements
[2] Plug caps
[3] Glass door
[4] Measuring cell with blower wheel and sensors
[5] Door switch
[6] Oxygen sensor (optional)
[7] Receptacle for bottle turning device (optional)
[8] Measuring opening
[9] Plug for bottle turning device (optional)
[10] Outer door
[11] Outer door seal, replaceable
[12] Stand, height-adjustable
[13] Drive roller for bottle turning device (optional)
[14] Gas humidification (optional)
[15] Water level sensor
[16] Insert for bottle turning device (optional)
[17] Nameplate
[18] Cylinders (optional)
[19] Power switch
[20] Support rail
[21] Shelf
[22] Latch, glass door
[23] Support hook for shelf
[24] Pressure compensation opening with insert
[25] Access port with plug
[26] Glass door seal, replaceable
[27] iCan™ Touchscreen (Operating panel)
[28] Door handle

# 4 Description of the device

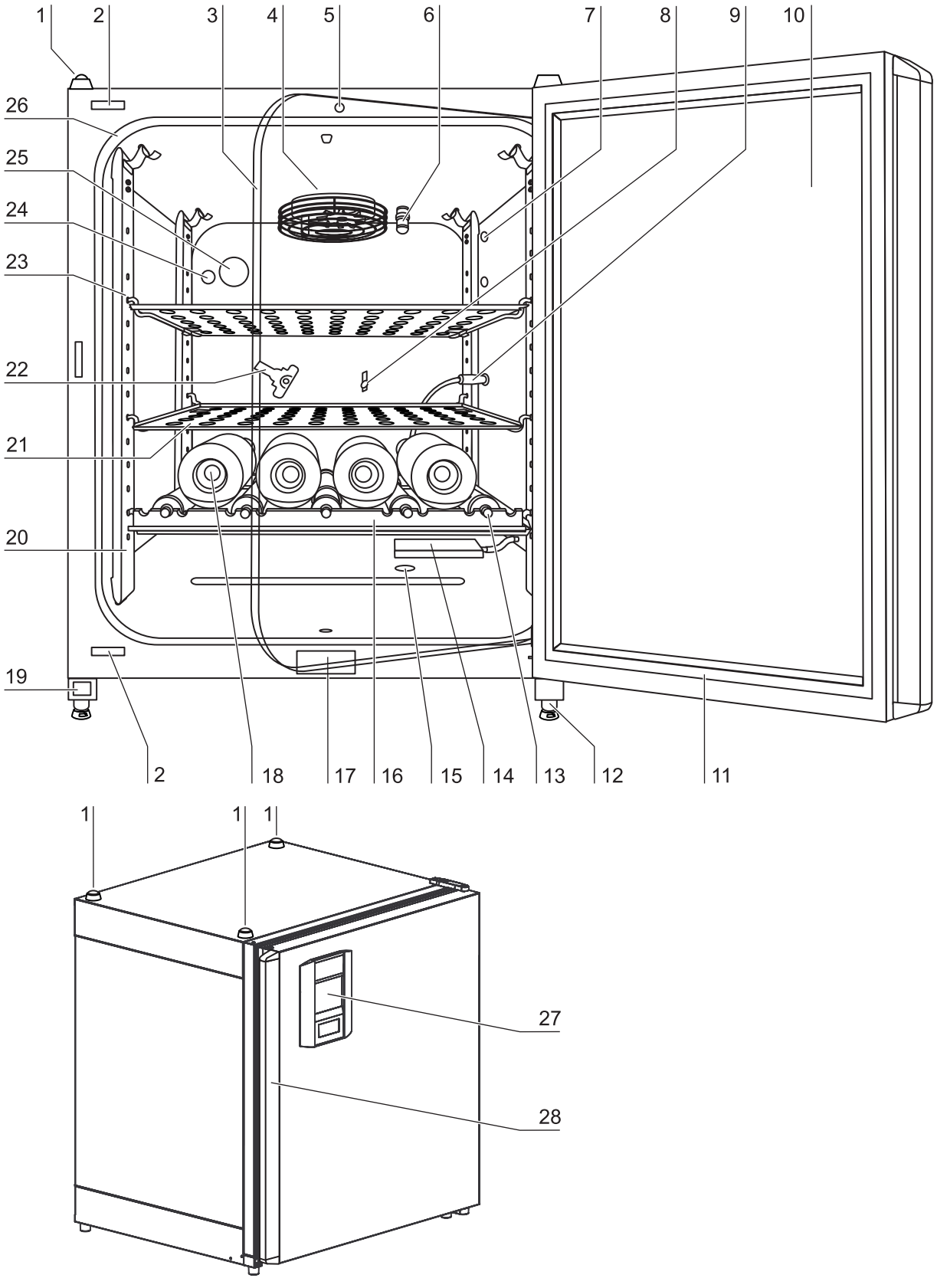



Fig. 7: Front view HERAcell® 240i

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.4 Rear view HERAcell® 240i

*Rear view*

[1] Pressure compensation opening
[2] Access port, Ø 42 mm
[3] Condensate drain gutter
[4] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ without gas monitoring
[5] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ without gas monitoring
[6] $O_2/N_2$ gas cylinder
[7] $CO_2$ gas cylinder
[8] **Secondary** $CO_2$ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
[9] **Primary** $CO_2$ gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
[10] **Secondary** $O_2/N_2$ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
[11] **Primary** $O_2/N_2$ gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
[12] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with gas monitoring (optional)
[13] Distributor connection for looping through the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
[14] Distributor connection for looping through the $O_2/N_2$ gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
[15] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with optional gas monitoring

# 4 Description of the device

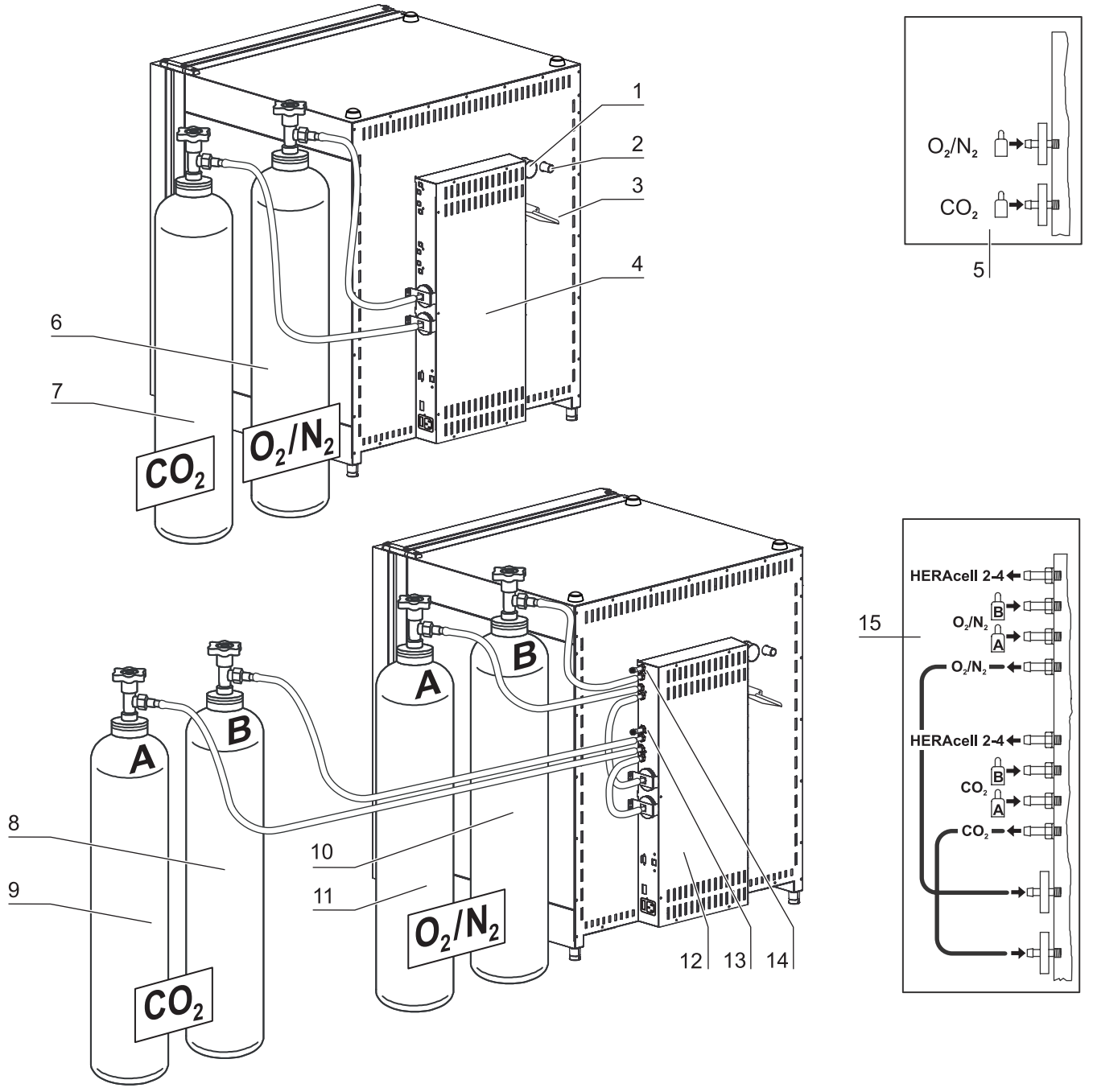



Fig. 8: Rear view HERAcell® 240i

# 4 Description of the device

**Looped-through gas supply for HERAcell® 240i:**

[1] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with gas monitoring (optional)
[2] Distributor connection for looping through the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
[3] Distributor connection for looping through the $O_2/N_2$ gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
[4] Tee joint for fitting the gas pressure hoses together
[5] Gas pressure hose for looping-through the gas supply
[6] Diagram: Gas connection $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$ with optional gas monitoring
[7] HERAcell® 240i with looped-through gas supply; therefore device must only be equipped with combined gas connection (optional) $CO_2$ and $O_2/N_2$

# 4 Description of the device

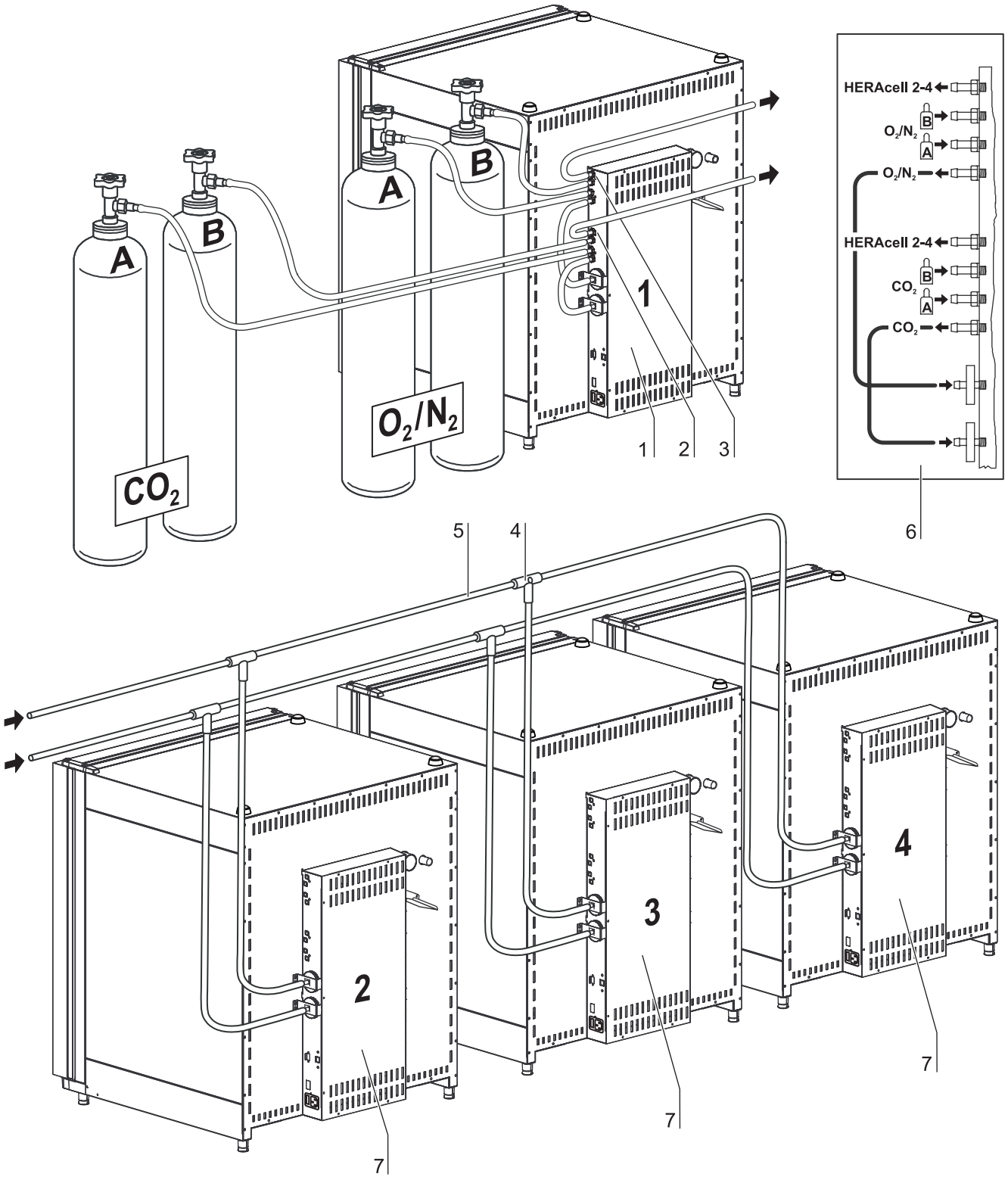



Fig. 9: Looped-through gas supply HERAcell® 240i

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.5 Safety devices

The device is equipped with the following safety devices:

- A door switch interrupts the $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ supply and the work space heating when the glass door is opened.
- The optional gas detector switches the gas supply over to a full gas cylinder.
- An independent thermal protection protects the samples from harmful overheating in case of failures.
- A pressure compensation opening ensures pressure compensation in the device work space.
- The alarm relay circuit uses audible and visual alarms to indicate errors during operation.

## 4.6 Work space atmosphere

In the work space of the incubator, the particular physiological ambient conditions for the preparation and cultivation of cell and tissue cultures are simulated. The work space atmosphere is determined by the following factors:

- Temperature
- Relative humidity
- $CO_2$ concentration
- $O_2$ concentration (optional)

*Temperature conditions*

**Temperature:**
To ensure undisturbed operation, the temperature in the operating room must be at least 18 °C and the incubation temperature must exceed this temperature by at least 3 °C.
The heating system controls the incubation temperature from this temperature threshold up to 55 °C. The principle of air jacket heating and the additional, separate heating of the outer door and glass door/gas-tight screen minimize the risk of condensate formation at the side walls, at the ceiling of the work space, and at the glass door/gas-tight screen.

*Water quality*

**Relative humidity:**
The heating of the work space promotes the condensation of the water, thereby ensuring a constant humidity within the work space. For the running operation, always keep a sufficient quantity of processed water of the following quality available:

- HERAcell® 240i: quantity 4.5 l,
- HERAcell® 150i: quantity 3.0 l,

**Water quality recommendation:**
For trouble-free operation of the equipment, fill the water reservoir with sterilized destilled water or equivalent. The acceptable conductivity should be within the range of 1 to 20 $\mu$S (resistivity within the range of 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ).

# 4 Description of the device

**NOTICE**

**Termination of warranty!**

**Using chlorinated tap water or additives that contain chlorine will void the manufacture warranty. Similarly, the use of ultrapure water whose conductivity is out of the range of 1 to 20 µS (and whose resistivity is out of the range of 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ) will void the manufacture warranty.**
**If you should have any questions, please contact Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific.**

Under normal operating conditions and at the usual incubation temperature of 37 °C, a constant relative humidity of approx 93% is achieved in the work space.
If dew formation occurs on the culture containers due to elevated relative humidity, the humidity in the work space can be adapted to a lower value by enabling the Low Humidity feature. The relative humidity in the work space is lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%. The modification requires an extended adaption phase. To ensure that it effectively prevents
dew formation on culture containers, it must be used as a permanent setting.

*$CO_2$-Work space atmosphere control*

**$CO_2$ supply:**
To ensure the growth conditions for the cell and tissue cultures, the work space is supplied with $CO_2$.
The pH of the bicarbonate-buffered culture media largely depends on the $CO_2$ content of the work space atmosphere.
The $CO_2$ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled within a range of 0 to 20%.
The supplied $CO_2$ must have one of the following quality characteristics:

- Purity 99.5% min.,
- medical gas quality.

*$O_2$-Work space atmosphere control*

**$O_2$ supply:**
If the $CO_2$ incubator is to be operated with more than 21% oxygen, the work space is supplied with oxygen. The $O_2$ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled within a range of 0 to 21%.

*$N_2$-Work space atmosphere control*

**$N_2$ supply:**
If the oxygen content during operation is to be lowered to less than 21% (air oxygen content), the work space is supplied with nitrogen. The $O_2$ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled depending on the configuration of the sensor within a range of 1% to 21% and 5% to 90%.

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.7 Door switch

A door switch [1] is installed at the upper edge of the work space opening. If the door switch is activated by opening the glass door, the gas supply and the heating of the work space are interrupted and the display shows a corresponding message.
If the door remains open for more than 30 seconds, a short audible alarm sounds. If the door remains open for more than 10 minutes, an audible alarm sounds and the alarm relay responds.

The outer door can only be closed after the glass door has been latched properly.

**NOTE**

**Versions with gas-tight screen:**

**For devices with the optional gas-tight screen, the door switch function described above is activated when the outer door is opened.**

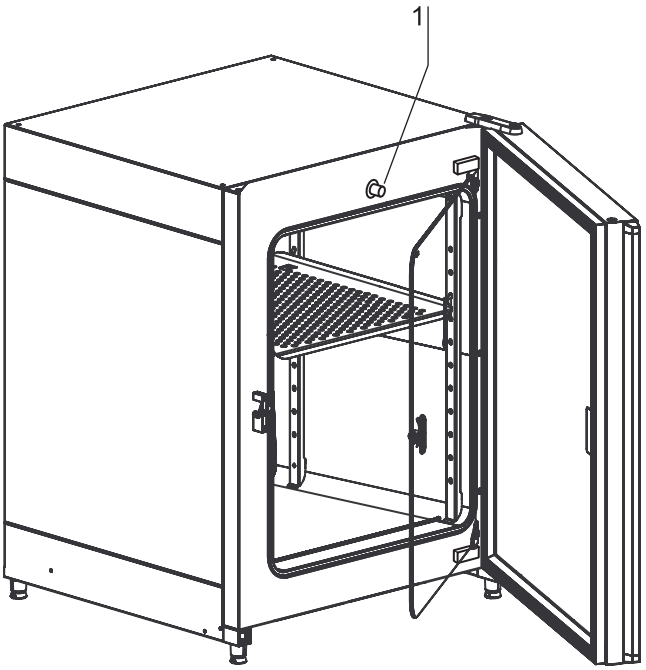



Fig. 10: Door switch

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.8 Sensor system

The blower wheel and two sensor modules are integral to the baseplate [1] of the measuring cell:

- Sensor [2] for the acquisition of the work space temperature and the thermal protection,
- $CO_2$ sensor [3] for the acquisition of the $CO_2$ content in the work space atmosphere.

The $O_2$ sensor (optional) [4] for the acquisition of the $O_2$ content in the work space atmosphere is installed at various locations next to the measuring cell:

- HERAcell® 150i in the sidewall in the upper area [5],
- HERAcell® 240i in the ceiling of the work space [4].

The sensor for the acquisition of the work space temperature as well as the $CO_2$ sensor and the $O_2$ sensor are integral to the control system of the device. Their measured values are compared to the selected set values. Based on this data, the control system controls heating and $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ supply.
The blower intermixes the supplied gases and ensures an even temperature distribution within the work space.

The thermal protection has been preprogrammed at the factory and cannot be changed. It protects the stored cultures from overheating.
If the set temperature is exceeded by more than 1°C, the thermal protection responds and the work space temperature is automatically reduced to the selected set value so that the incubation process can be continued even in case of a failure. Any response of the thermal protection will simultaneously trigger a visual alarm.
If the thermal protection is enabled:

- an error message is issued,
- the alarm relay responds.

If the error message is accepted, the display shows the Overtemperature icon to indicate the response of the thermal protection, and the temperature display is highlighted in red.

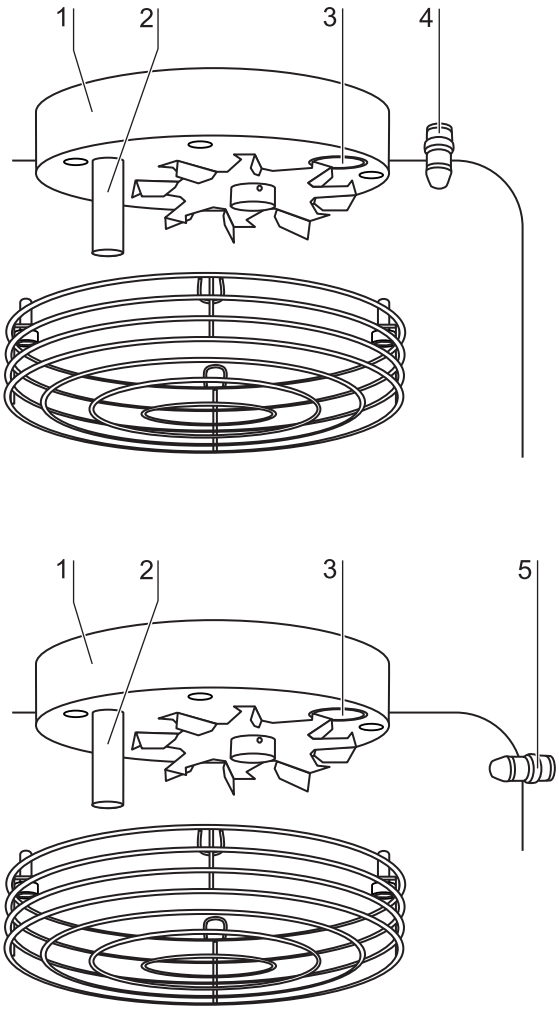



Fig. 11: Temperature, $CO_2$,and $O_2$ sensors

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.9 Supply interface

All supply connections are installed in the supply interface (control box [1]) in the rear of the device.

**Gas connection:**
The gas supply lines between the device and the gas supply system are connected using the supplied connecting hoses. $O_2/N_2$ is supplied to the device through connecting sleeve [2]. $CO_2$ is connected to sleeve [3].
All process gases must be supplied to the device at a fixed pressure that has been preset within a range of 0.8 to 1.0 bar and must remain unchanged.
Before the gases are fed into the work space, they flow through a gas inlet filter with a separation rate of 99.97 % for a particle size of 0.3 $\mu$m (HEPA filter quality).
The illustration shows the optional combined gas connection without the optional gas monitoring system.

**Label:**
The label [4] contains information about gas supply, an alarm contact terminal legend, and notes about the electrical fusing of the device.

**RS 232 interface:**
Via the RS 232 interface [5], the incubator can be connected to the serial interface of a PC. This connection allows the computer-aided acquisition and documentation of the major operating parameters (temperature, $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ concentration, error codes, etc.).

**USB interface (optional):**
As an alternative to the RS 232 interface [5], the incubator can be connected to a PC via the optional USB interface [6]. This connection - USB 1.1 / USB 2.0 full speed compatible - allows the computer-aided acquisition and documentation of the major operating parameters (temperature, $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ concentration, error codes, etc.).

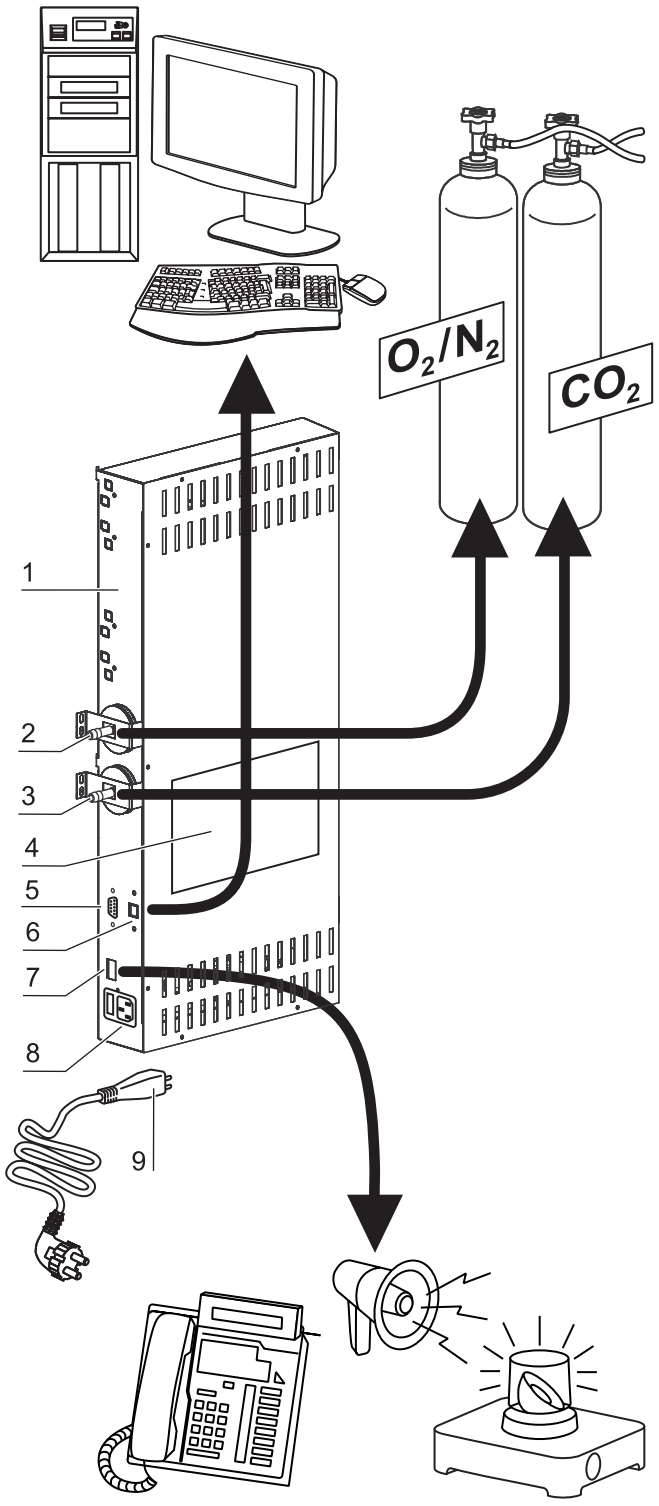



Fig. 12: Supply interface

# 4 Description of the device

*External alarm system*

**Alarm contact:**
**Fig. 12:** The device can be connected to an on-site, external alarm system (e.g. telephone system, building monitoring system, visual or audible alarm system).
For this purpose, a potential-free alarm contact [7] is preinstalled in the device.

**NOTE**

**Alarm contact:**

**The alarm contact responds for all errors reported by the control loops** *(see chap. 7.13, pg. 95)*.

**Power supply connection:**

**Fig. 12: The connection to the power supply system is established by connecting a cable with plug for IEC connector [9] to the socket [8]. The receptacle for the two device fuses is integral to the socket.**

# 4 Description of the device

## 4.10 Work space components

The work space of the incubator has only a minimum of surface, thereby supporting both the prevention of contamination and easy, effective decontamination.

### 4.10.1 Interior container

All components of the work space are made of stainless steel and have a high-gloss polished, absolutely smooth and easy-to-clean surface. Any embossings have a large radius.
As an option, the interior container, the shelf system, and the blower wheel with its cover can be made of copper material.

**NOTE**

**Oxidation of copper components:**

**When exposed to heat and humid air, the copper material of the interior container will oxidize. This results in a discoloration of the copper components during the test run for checking the device functions.**
**Do not remove the oxide layer during routine cleaning as the antimicrobial effect of the copper material is based on it.**

The components of the shelf system can be removed easily so that only the easily treatable, surface-reduced interior container [1] remains in the work space for cleaning and manual disinfection works.

### 4.10.2 Optional split gas-tight screens

Equipment versions:

- HERAcell® 150i with 3-segment gas-tight screen [2],
- HERAcell® 240i with 6-segment gas-tight screen [3].

For devices that are equipped with the optional gas-tight
screen, the contamination hazard is considerably lower and the recovery times of the incubation parameters are shorter for:

- work space temperature,
- $CO_2$ concentration,
- $O_2/N_2$ concentration,
- relative humidity.

Advantage of the gas-tight screen: The cross sections

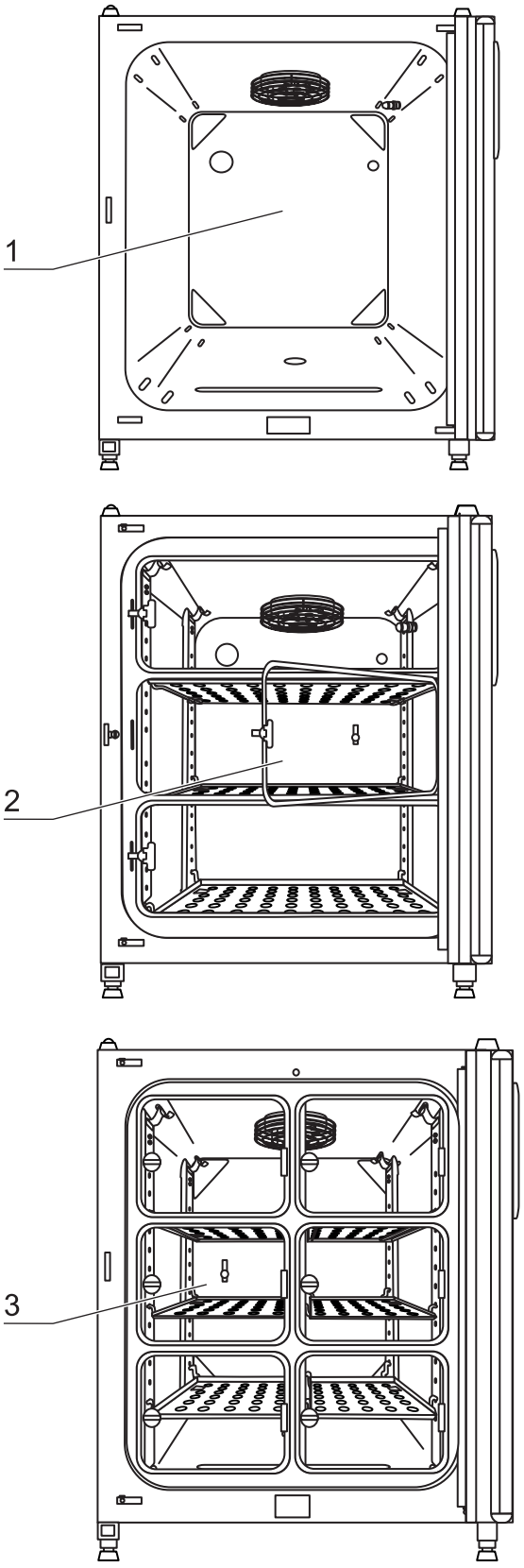



Fig. 13: Work space components

of the openings are smaller when samples are accessed.

### 4.10.3 Water reservoir

The water reservoir [1] is integral to the interior container floor and inclines toward the rear. The water level is monitored by a water level sensor [2] that issues an alarm message at the display and an audible signal when the water falls below the minimal level. The embossings [3] in the water tray are used as indicators for the maximal level.

### 4.10.4 Gas humidification (optional, only for $O_2$ control)

A hose [5] connects the gas humidification [6] to the device-integral oxygen or nitrogen supply line [4]. The inflowing oxygen or nitrogen is fed to the heated water. This ensures humidification of the gases as they enter the work space and prevents an undesired drop of the work space humidity.

### 4.10.5 Heating system

An air jacket heating is used for heating the work space. The arrangement of the heating elements ensures that condensate formation above the water reservoir is prevented as far as possible.

The outer door of the device is also heated. The heat radiated onto the interior glass door/gas-tight screen prevents condensate formation. The work space of the device always remains visible, despite high humidity.

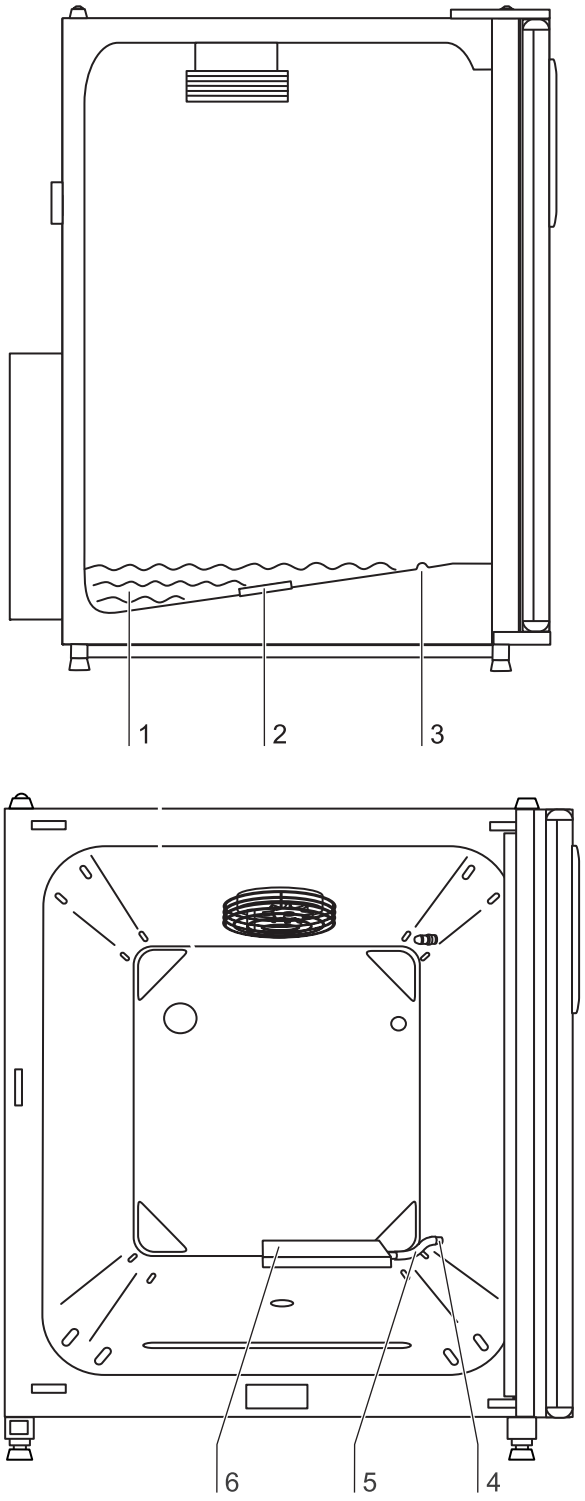



Fig. 14: Water reservoir

# 4 Description of the device

### 4.10.6 Rear panel openings

A pressure compensation opening with insert in the rear panel of the device allows a compensation between the pressures in the work space and in the operating room.
A sealable access port allows cables, hoses or additional sensors to be routed into the work space of the device.

HERAcell® 150i:
- access port, Ø 42 mm [1]
- pressure compensation opening [2]

HERAcell® 240i:
- access port, Ø 42 mm [3]
- pressure compensation openingt [4]

**NOTE**

**Operating conditions:**

**When accessories are to be operated in the work space of the $CO_2$ incubator, the ambient condition requirements must be observed (see table below). The energy introduced into the work space affects the beginning of the temperature control range. When additional heating sources are introduced into the work space, condensation (e.g. at the glass door) may occur.**

| Introduced energy | Control range of the temperature | |
|---|---|---|
| | General | Example: RT* = 21° C |
| 0 W | RT + 3° C | 24° C |
| 5 W | RT + 6,5° C | 27,5° C |
| 10 W | RT + 9,5° C | 30,5° C |
| 15 W | RT + 13° C | 34° C |
| 20 W | RT + 16° C | 37° C |
| *RT = Ambient temperature | | |

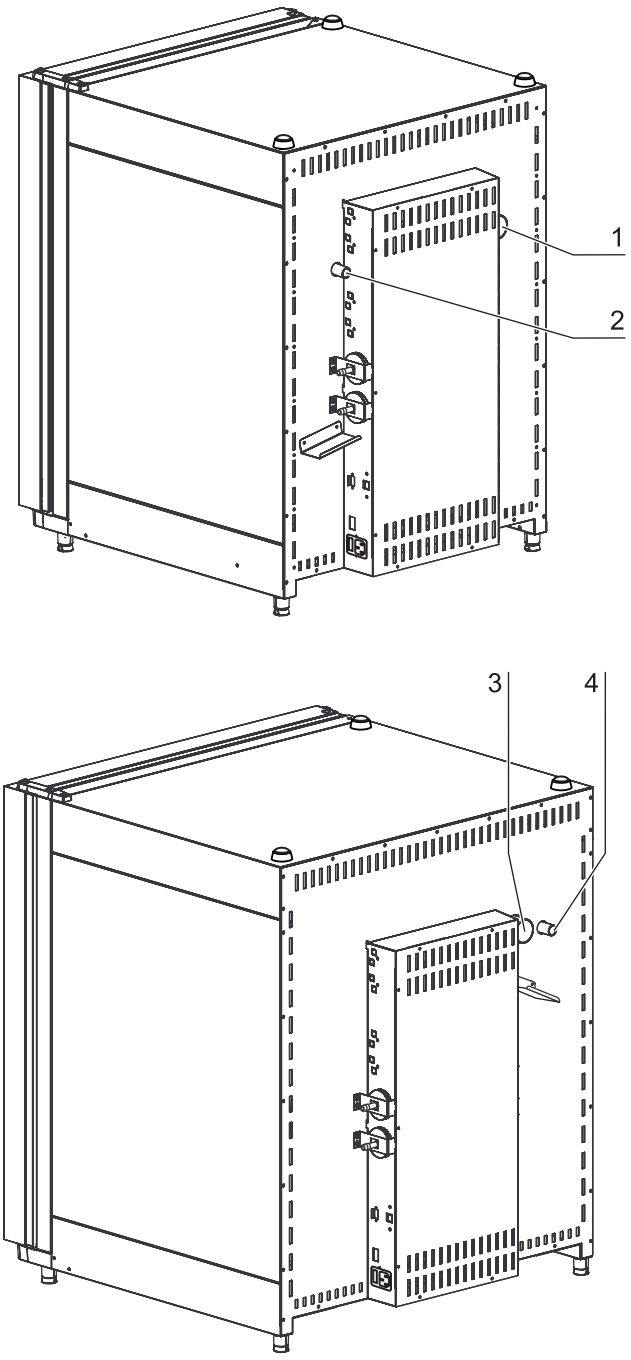



Fig. 15: Rear panel openings

# 4 Description of the device

### 4.10.7 Shelf system

**Fig. 16:** The support rails [1] of the shelf system are perforated every 42 mm so that the support hooks [8] can be inserted variably for any culture container size required. The shelves [2] have an integrated tilt protection and withdrawal stop. For details of the shelf system, see Section „Start-up".

### 4.10.8 Bottle turning device for HERAcell® 240i (optional)

**Fig. 16:** HERAcell® 240i may be equipped with up to four separate bottle turning devices. Each unit consists of a roller insert [6] with a drive roller [4] and four idle rollers [7] that are also rotated due to the transmission function of the inserted cylinders [5]. Each unit is controlled separately as the drive roller is connected to the device control unit by a connector [3] at the right side of the device.
This modular layout also allows the operation of only one bottle turning device in combination with several shelves.
The arrangement of the idle rollers in the roller insert frame depends on the configuration of the cylinders used. The drive roller is always inserted into the right roller guide. The position and the number of the idle rollers in the frame then depend on the cylinder diameter and on the number of cylinders. The figure shows three examples of different idle roller positions in dependence of the cylinder diameter.
The arrangement of the roller inserts in the work space is designed alphabetically as a, b, c, and d with a being the lowest and d being the uppermost roller insert. The connections of the drive rollers are assigned correspondingly to the device control unit. The drive roller of the switching insert a must only be connected to the lower receptacle a of the corresponding control unit.

**NOTE**

**Connection assignment:**

**If the drive roller is not properly connected to the control unit, the parameters cannot be set correctly on the operating panel of the device.**

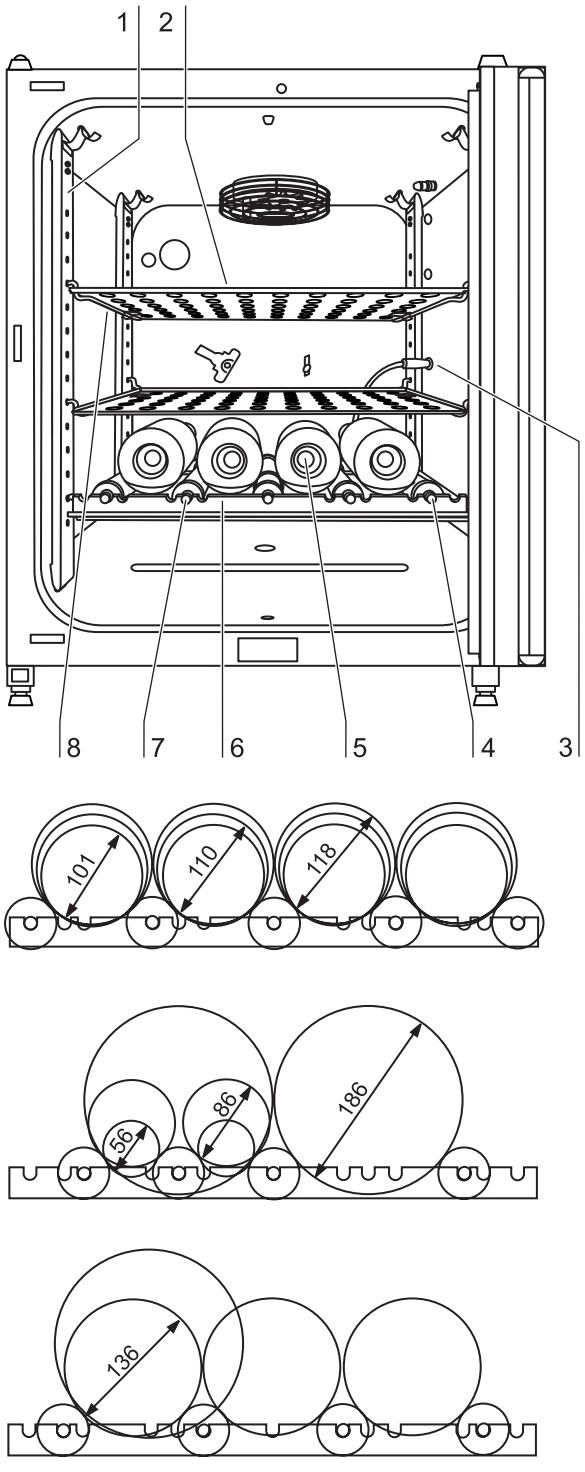



Fig. 16: Bottle turning device

# 4 Description of the device

**Receptacles:**

**To prevent corrosion due to moisture in the work space, unassigned receptacles of the bottle turning device must always be plugged with the protective cap.**

The rotating speed of the bottle turning devices is set depending on two parameters:

- Diameter (of the cylinders used),
- drive roller set value.

The value is determined using a diagram *(see chap. 5.4, pg. 51)*.

### 4.10.9 Water pump

**Fig. 17:** The water pump serves for suction cleaning of the remainig water in the water reservoir. The water drain works through gravity.

1. Place the water pump [1] on lowest shelf [5].
2. Feed the inlet hose [4] through a whole [7] of the lowest the shelf to the water reservoir [8].
3. Prepare a bucket [2].
4. Suck the water, therefore pump the water pump using the hand grip [6] about four times until water flows in the outlet hose.
5. Let the water run into the bucket [2] through gravity.
6. Wipe out the rests of the water at the floor plate of the water reservoir.

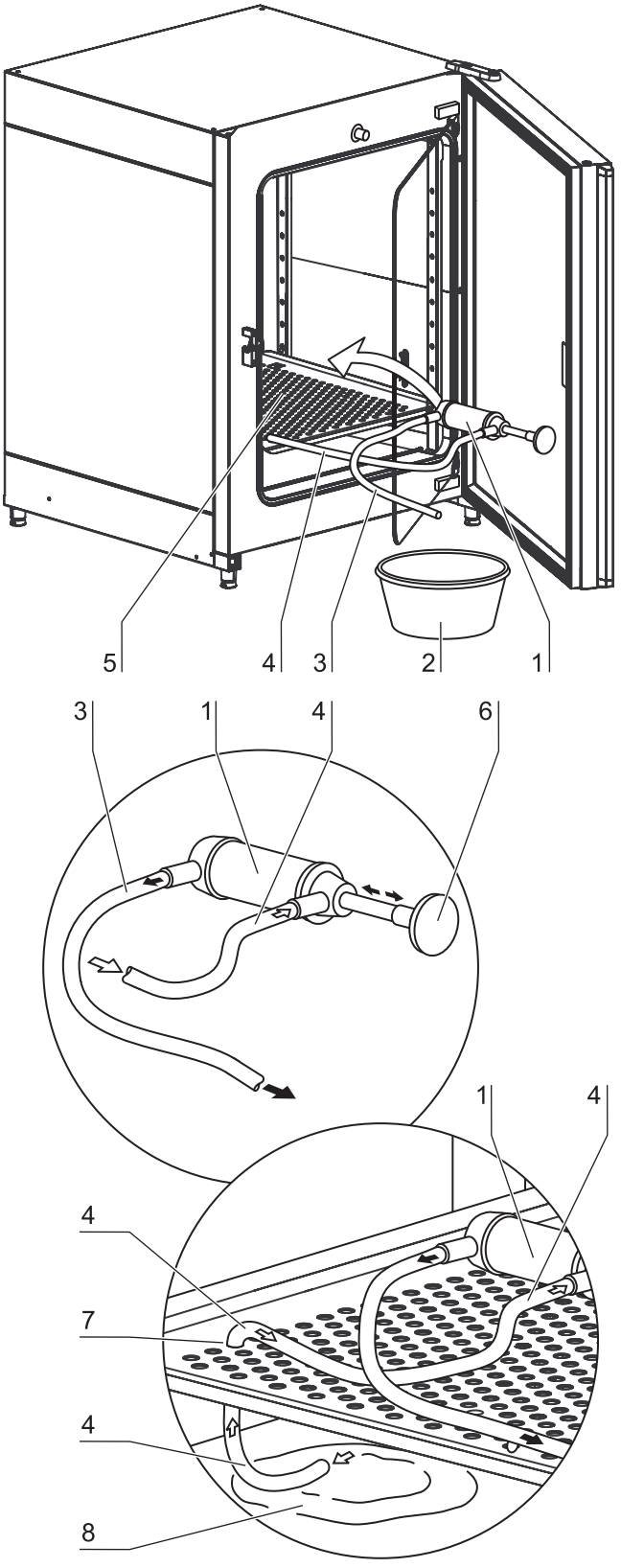



Fig. 17: Water pump

# 5 Start-up

## 5.1 Preparing the work space

7. Upon delivery, the $CO_2$ incubator is not in a sterile state. Before the initial start-up, the device must be decontaminated.

Before the decontamination is performed, the following work space components must be cleaned:

- Support rails,
- support hooks,
- shelves,
- bottle turning assembly (optional),
- gas humidification (optional),
- work space surfaces,
- work space seals and gaskets,
- glass door/gas-tight screen.

**NOTE**

**Decontamination:**

**For details about the cleaning and disinfection of the device,** *(see chap. 9, pg. 100)*.

## 5.2 Installing the shelf system

Tools are not required for the installation of the shelf system. The support rails are secured using spring pressure. After the support hooks have been inserted into the rail, the shelves are pushed onto the support hooks.

### 5.2.1 Installation/removal of the support rail

The support rails are held at the sides by the embossings [2] and [5] and secured by the embossings [1] and [6]. The support rails marked with the diamond shape are inserted at the rear panel of the device with the locksprings [3] facing upward.

1. Position the support rail [4] onto the lower embossing [6] and tilt it toward the work space side wall so that the rail is positioned over the two embossings [5] and [2].
2. Clamp the lockspring [3] behind the upper embossing [1].
3. To remove the support rails, pull the lockspring tab down out of the embossing and remove the rail.

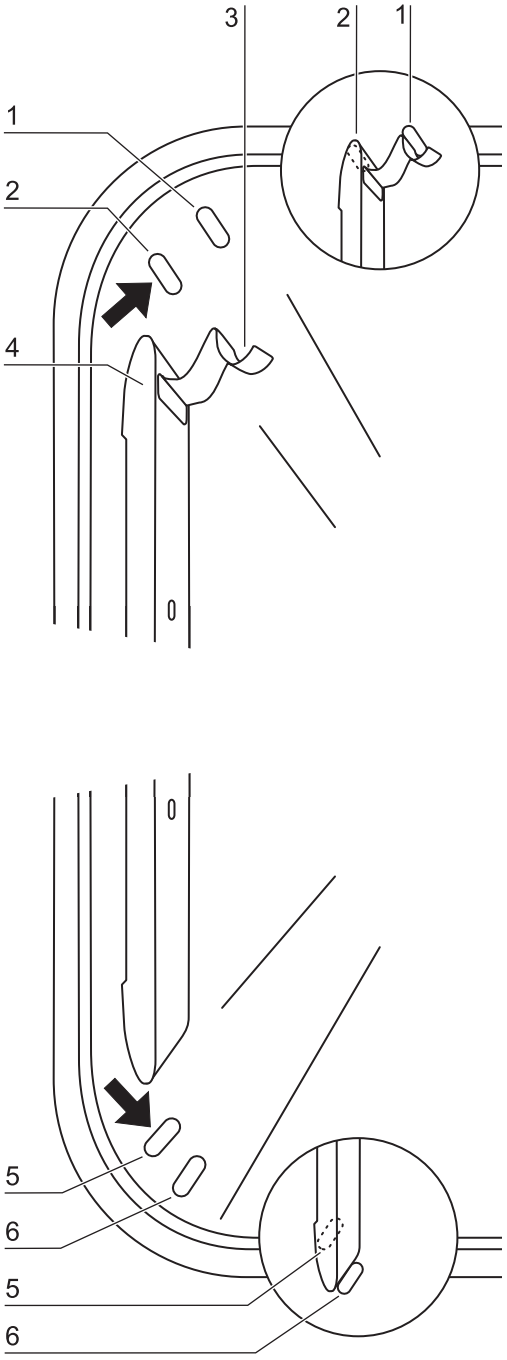



Fig. 18: Support rail installation/removal

# 5 Start-up

### 5.2.2 Installing the shelf supports:

1. **Fig. 19:** Insert the shelf supports [3] into the perforations [1] of the support rail with the bar facing down.
2. Make sure that the two vertical elements [2] of the shelf support are flush with the support rail.

**Installing the shelves:**

1. Push the shelf [4] onto the shelf supports with the tilt protection [5] facing the rear panel of the device. The tilt protection [5] is also used as a guide for the shelf.
2. Slightly raise the shelf so that the withdrawal stop [6] can be routed over the shelf supports.
3. Make sure that the shelf support is positioned in the two tilt protections in a way that allows it to move freely.

### 5.2.3 Levelling the device

1. Position a bubble level onto the center shelf or onto the roller holder.
2. Rotate the adjustable device stands using the supplied 24 mm wrench until the shelf is positioned horizontally in all directions. Perform the adjustment of the device stands from left to right and from rear to front.

## 5.3 Installing the gas humidification (optional, only for $O_2$/$N_2$-control)

**Fig. 20:** The gas humidification [1] is installed to the water tray parallel to the rear panel of the device. The position to the right side wall is predetermined by the hose length.

1. Install hose [2] to the sleeve of the gas humidification and then to the sleeve [3] of the device-integral oxygen or nitrogen supply line.
2. Place gas humidification immediately to the rear panel of the device and align it parallel to the rear panel.

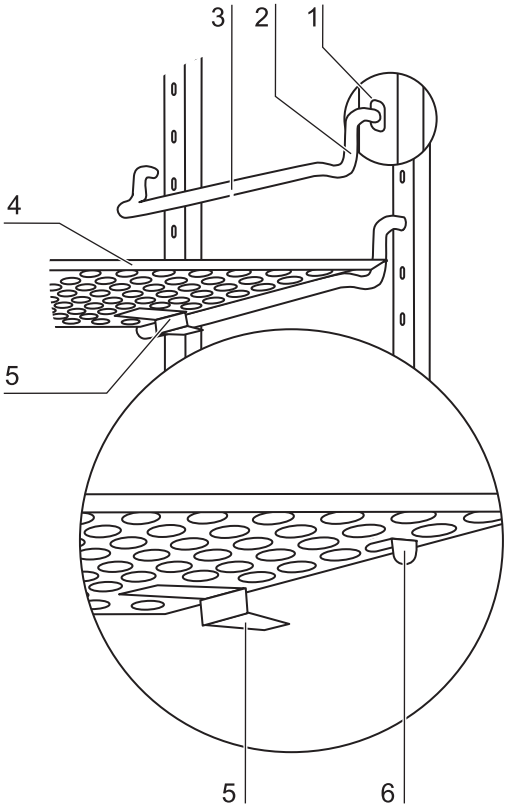



Fig. 19: Shelf support installation

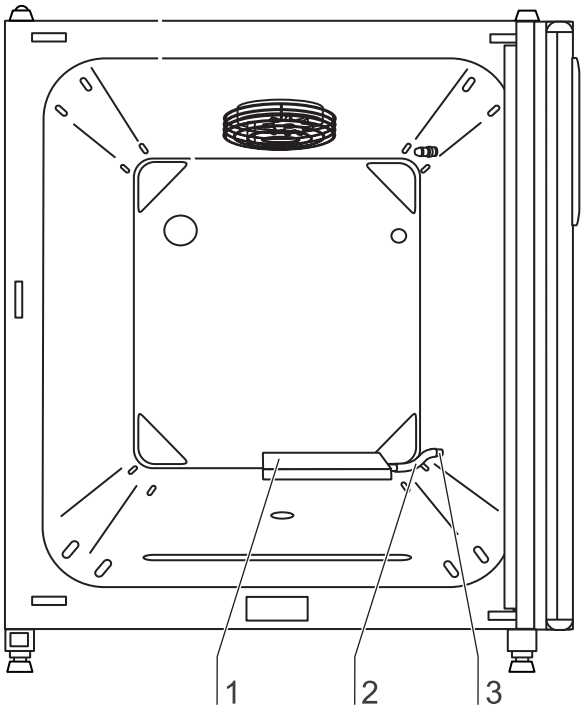



Fig. 20: Installing gas humidification

# 5 Start-up

## 5.4 Installing the optional bottle turning devices HERAcell® 240i

1. Align the roller insert so that the roller holder [8] and the crossmember [7] are flush and facing the work space opening.
2. Slide the roller insert with both guide rails [5] onto the shelf supports.
3. Slightly raise the roller insert so that the withdrawal stop can be routed over the shelf support.
4. Insert the drive roller [6] into the right receptacle and connect the cable [4] to the corresponding control unit **a**.
5. Insert the four idle rollers [3] the into receptacles and position the rollers in the receptacles in accordance with the bottle diameter.
6. Place the bottles onto the rollers. To ensure that the bottles will not be shifted against each other by the rotation, the bottoms of the bottles should contact the stop disks [2] of the rollers and the cylinder necks [1] should contact the rubber stop rings [8]. The stop ring can be positioned accordingly on the roller.

**Set speed of the bottle turning device:**

7. The rotating speed of the bottle turning devices is set depending on two parameters:
   – Diameter (of the bottles used),
   – drive roller set value.

**Use of diagram:**

8. The diagram shows the common bottle diameters as different graphs (ascending straight).
   – Set the desired speed at the Y axis. Read the corresponding set value (in %) from the X axis at the point of intersection of the Y value with the specific graph.

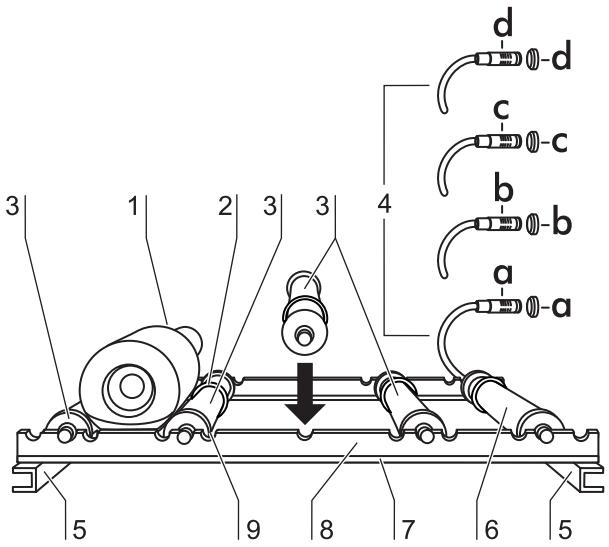



Fig. 21: Installing the bottle turning devices

**Example**:

- Bottle diameter: 56 mm
- Desired speed: 3.5 rpm
- Determined set value: 48%

In the dialog box **SPEED BOTTLE TURN. DEVICE**, the value 48% is set *(see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85)*.

# 5 Start-up

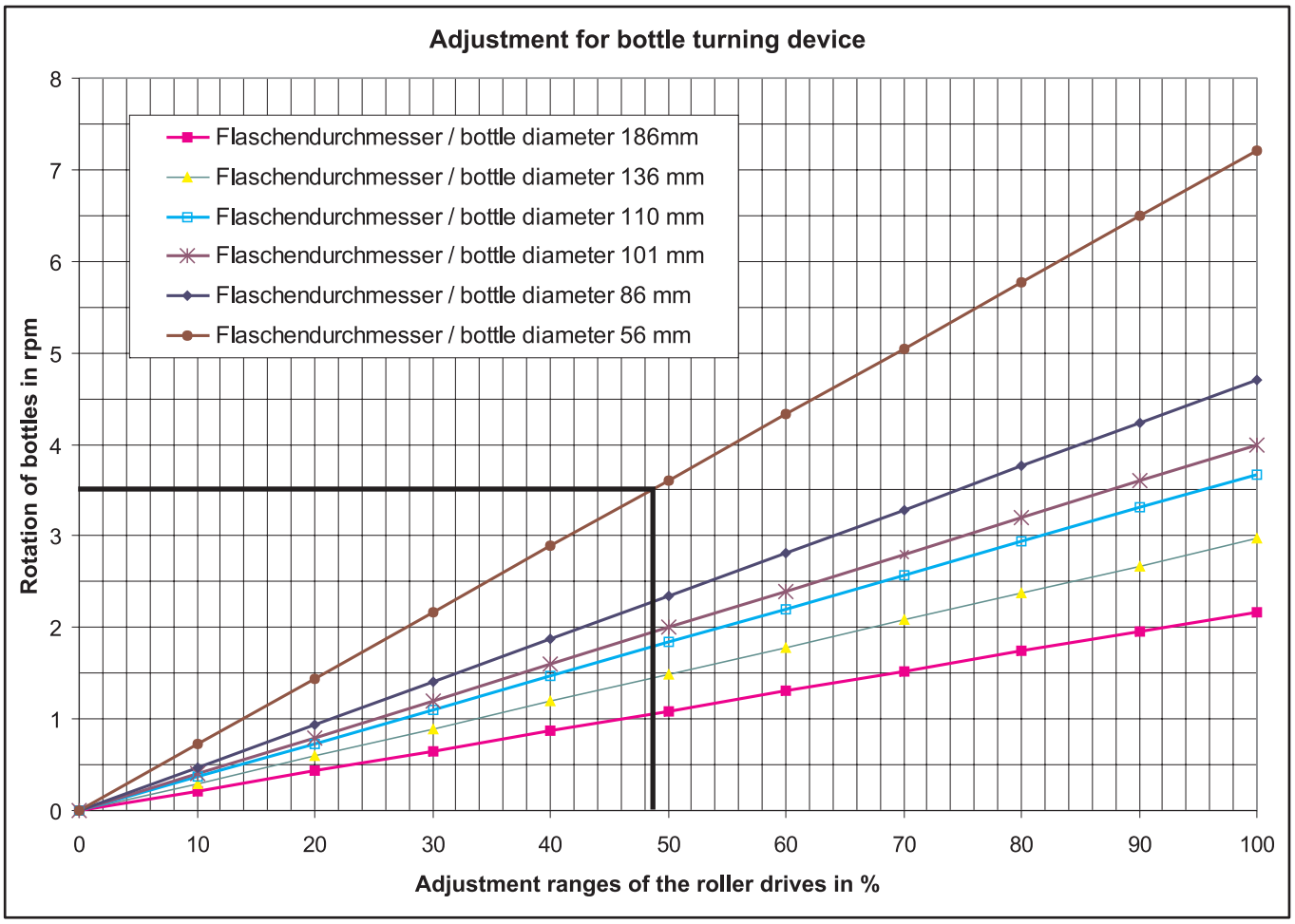



Fig. 22: Bottle turning speed

# 5 Start-up

## 5.5 Installing the optional center strut HERAcell® 240i for split inserts

If HERAcell® 240i is equipped with the optional 6-segment insert, two center struts [1] with perforations at each side must be installed.
In this case the shelf support rails must be installed to the support rails at the sides and at the left and right side of the strut.
The support rails marked with the diamond shape are installed at the rear panel of the device.

1. A pressure spring keeps the upper rectangular guide [3] of the center strut under tension. Insert this guide into the receptacle [2] in the work space ceiling und push it slightly upward so that it is pushed into the center strut.
2. Then, position the lower rod guide [5] of the center strut into the hole [6] in the work space floor and remove spring tension.
3. The center strut is stabilized by the spring pressure.

**NOTE**

**Configuration with split inserts:**

**For versions with split inserts, bottle turning devices cannot be installed.**

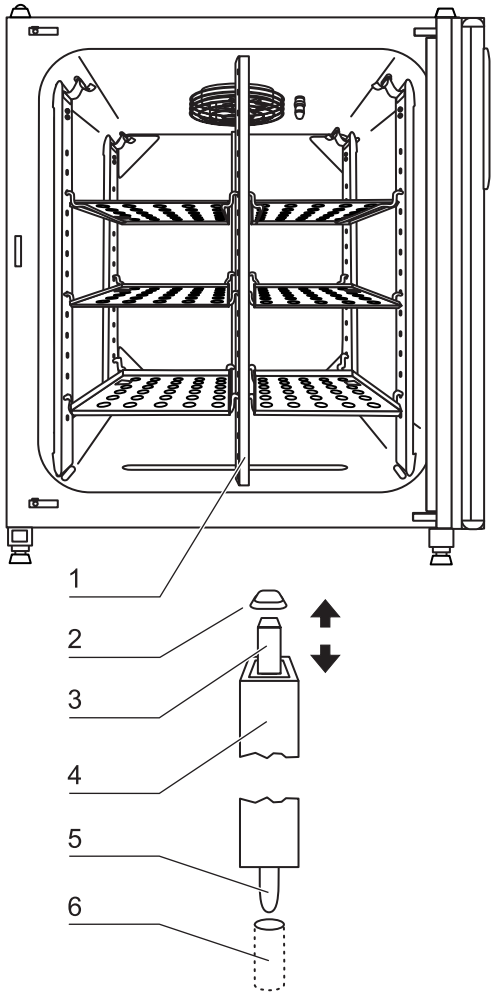



Fig. 23: Center strut installation

# 5 Start-up

## 5.6 Gas connection

**NOTE**

**Gas quality:**

**The gases must have one of the following qualities:**
- **Purity 99.5 % min,**
- **medical gas quality.**

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Overpressure!**

**The operating pressure of the gas applied to the device must not exceed 1 bar. If the gas is supplied at a higher pressure, the valves integral to the device may not close correctly and the gas supply control may be impaired.**
**Set the gas supply to a range between 0.8 bar min. and 1.0 bar max. and make sure that this pressure setting cannot be changed!**

### 5.6.1 Installing gas pressure hoses

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is achieved using the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses:

1. Connect the gas pressure hose [2] to the sleeve of the gas supply system.
2. Remove the protective cap [3] from the sterile filter.
3. Slide the hose clamp [1] onto the gas pressure hose and connect hose to the sleeve [4] of the sterile
   filter [5].
4. Secure the gas pressure hose to the sleeve of the sterile filter using the hose clamp.

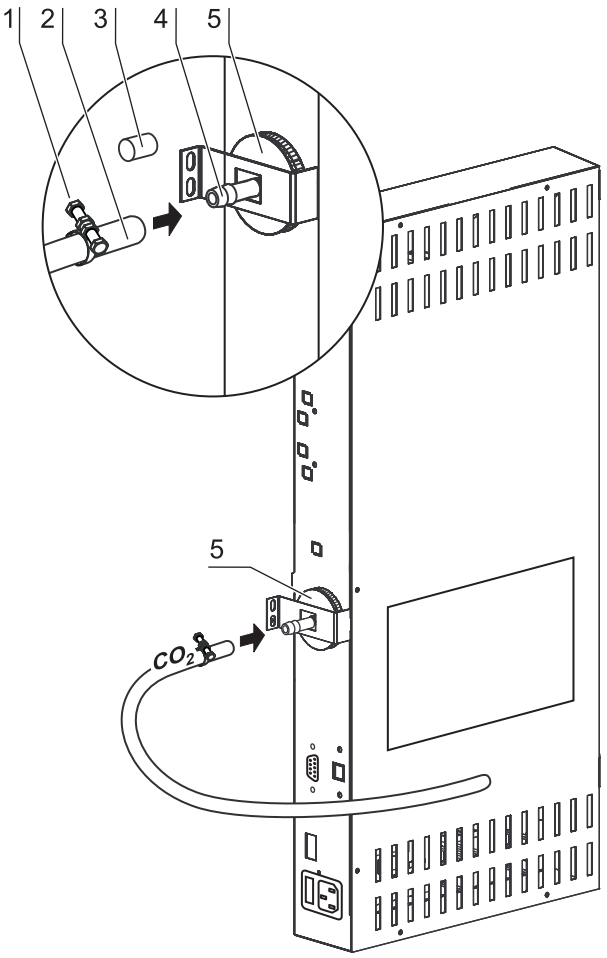



Fig. 24: Installing gas pressure hoses

**NOTE**

**Pressure compensation opening:**

**To ensure permanent pressure compensation, the pressure compensation opening must not be connected to an exhaust air system. The pipe of the**

**pressure compensation opening must not be extended or redirected.**

### 5.6.2 Installing devices without the optional gas monitoring system

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established using the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses *(see chap. 5.6.1, pg. 55)*:

**$CO_2$ connection:**

- For a device with $CO_2$ connection, connect the gas supply to the sterile filter [2] in accordance with the connection diagram [1].

**Combined $CO_2$ and $O_2$/$N_2$ connection (optional):**
For a combined $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ connection, proceed as follows in accordance with the connection diagram [3]:

- Connect the $O_2$/$N_2$ supply line to the upper gas inlet filter [4],
- connect the $CO_2$ supply line to the lower gas inlet filter [5].

**NOTE**

**Manual gas monitoring:**

**On devices without the optional gas monitoring system, there is no automatic gas monitoring. Therefore, the filling level of the gas bottles must be checked every day.**

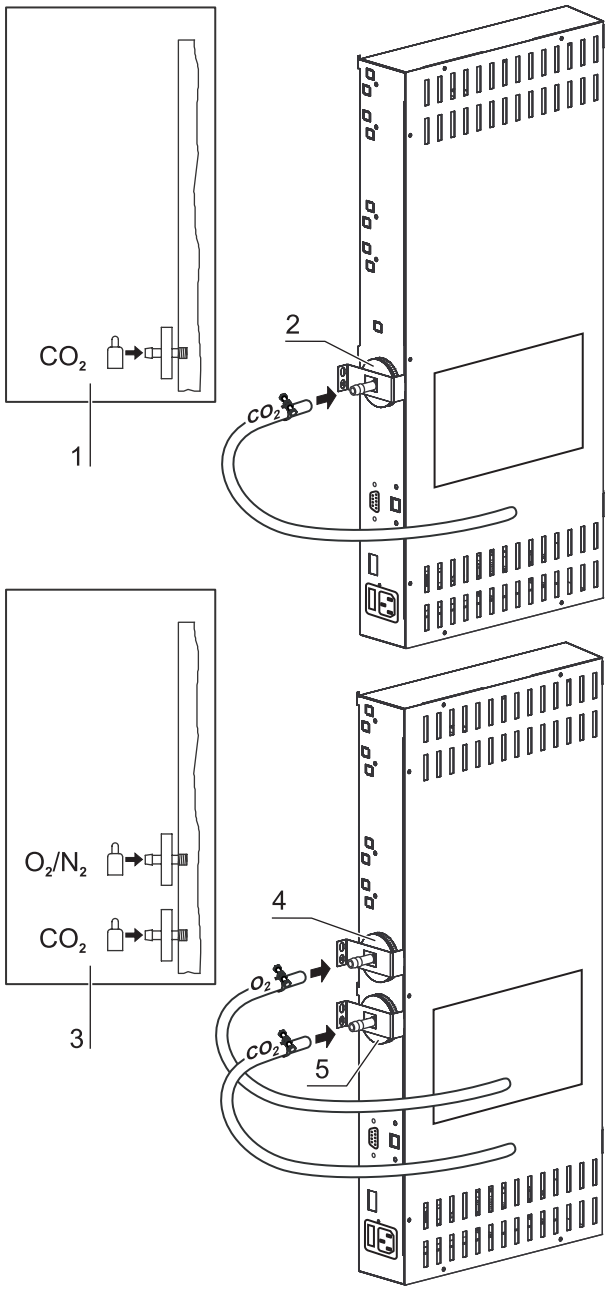



Fig. 25: Gas connection without gas monitoring system

### 5.6.3 $CO_2$ connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established by the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses.

**Fig. 26:** Devices with $CO_2$ connections that are equipped with the optional gas monitoring system are connected according to the connection diagram [7].

**$CO_2$ connection:**

For a device that is operated with process gas $CO_2$ and equipped with the optional gas monitoring system, connect the gas supply lines as follows:

- Distributor connection [5] for the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container **B** to the upper connection [2] of the gas monitoring system,
- connect the gas container **A** to the lower connection [3] of the gas monitoring system.
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [4] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [5] by a short gas pressure hose [6].

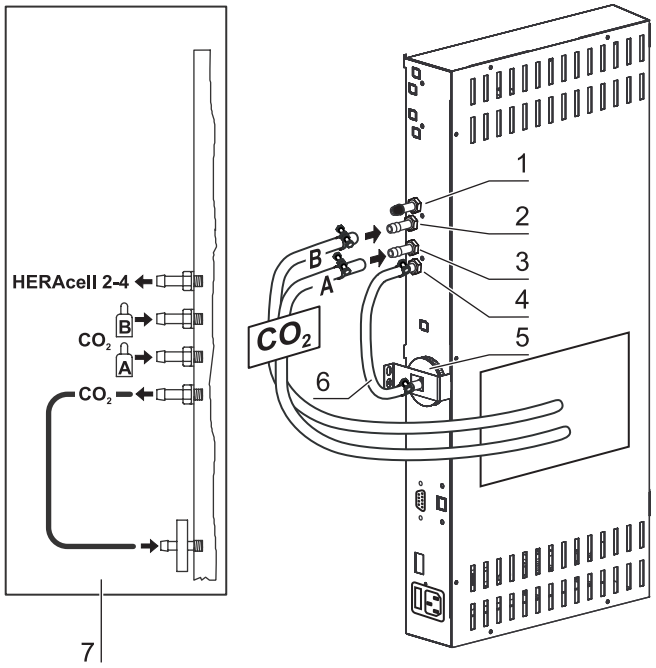



Fig. 26: Gas connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

**NOTE**

**Looping the gas supply through:**

**By looping the gas supply through, up to 4 devices can be supplied by a $CO_2$ gas supply.**

### 5.6.4 Combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established by the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses (see chap. 5.6.1, pg. 47).

**Fig. 27:** Devices with the combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ connection that are equipped with the optional gas monitoring system are connected according to connection diagram [13] and have the following gas connections:

**$O_2/N_2$ supply:**

- Distributor connection [1] for the $O_2/N_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container B [2] to the upper

# 5 Start-up

connection of the gas monitoring system,
- connect the gas container A [3] to the lower connection of the gas monitoring system,
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [4] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [9] by a short gas pressure hose [11].

**$CO_2$ supply:**
- Distributor connection [5] for the $CO_2$ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container B to the upper connection [6] of the gas monitoring system,
- connect the gas container A to the lower connection [7] of the gas monitoring system.
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [8] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [10] by a short gas pressure hose [12].

**NOTE**

**Looping the gas supply through:**

**By looping the gas supply through, up to 4 devices (see annex at the end of this section) cyn be supplied by a $CO_2$ gas supply or $O_2/N_2$ gas supply.**

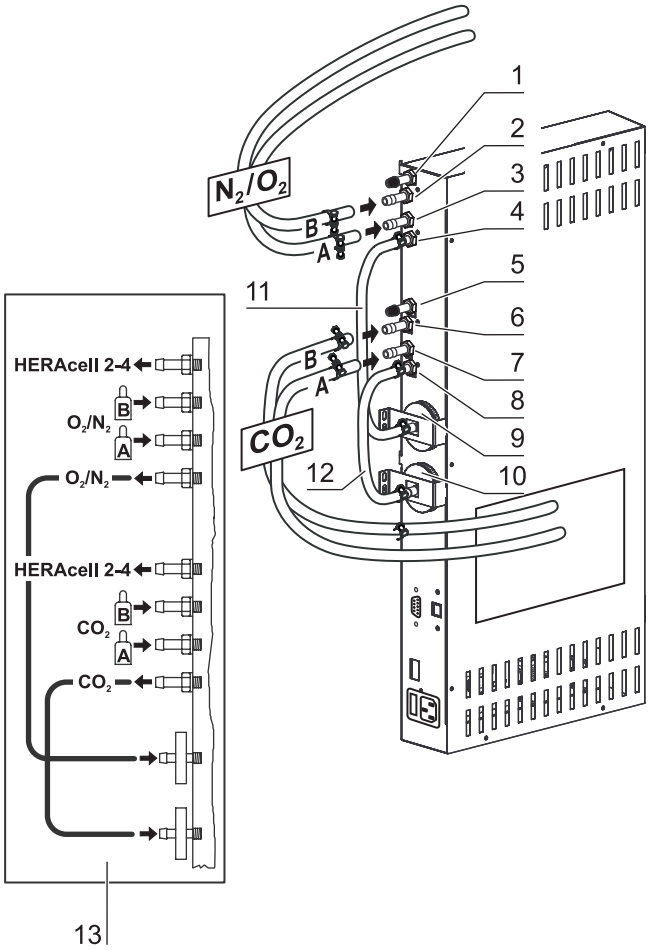



Fig. 27: Combined connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

# 5 Start-up

## 5.7 Power supply connection

**⚠ WARNING**

**Electric shock!**

**Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock.**
**Before connecting the device to the power supply, check plug and power supply cable for damage.**
**Do not use damaged components when connecting the device to the power supply!**

The device must be connected only to a correctly installed and grounded power supply source:

- Fusing T 10 A
- Circuit breaker G 16

**Connection to the power supply system:**

1. Before connecting the device to the power supply, check to see if the voltage of the power supply corresponds with the specifications on the nameplate on the front of the device. If the ratings given for voltage (V) and current (A) are not correct, the device must not be connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the IEC connector [2] to the socket [1] of the control box of the device.
3. Connect the grounding plug [3] of the power supply cable to a correctly grounded and fused socket.
4. Make sure the power supply cable is not subjected to tensile or compressive force.

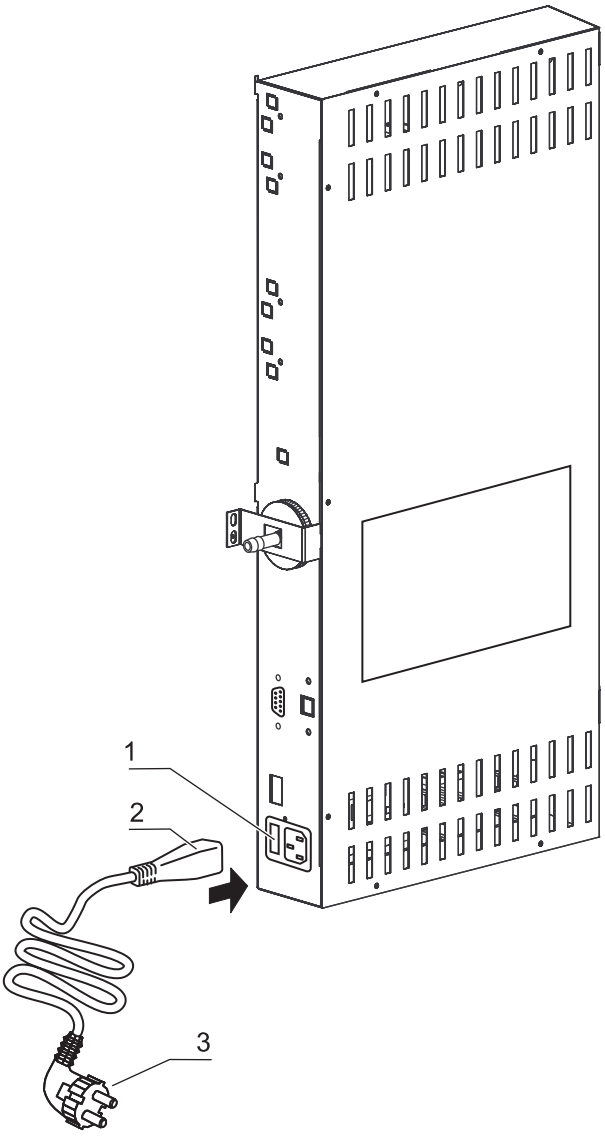



Fig. 28: Power supply connection

# 5 Start-up

## 5.8 Connecting the RS 232 interface

*Data communication via RS 232*

The RS 232 data communication interface has been designed for a cable connection with 9-pin connector and a contact assignment of 1:1.
Data exchange is accomplished by a predefined structure of command sequences (see annex at the end of this section).

**NOTE**

**Data communication diagram:**

**The command sequence syntax as well as the RS 232 interface data communication diagram are described in the annex at the end of this section.**

**Connecting the devices:**

1. Turn the PC off.
2. Connect the serial interface cable connector (not included in the standard equipment) to the socket at the device supply interface at the rear of the device.
3. Connect the second connector to an unassigned serial port COM 1 / COM 2 etc. at the PC.
4. Turn the PC on.

## 5.9 Connecting the USB interface (optional)

*Data communication via USB*

As an alternative to data communication via RS 232 interface, the devices can be equipped with the optional USB interface. The USB interface complies with Standard USB 1.1 and is compatible with Standard USB 2.0 (full speed).
The interface stepping rate can be changed within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 baud).
Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure (frames). The command sequences correspond with the RS 232 interface installation diagram (see annex at the end of this section).
Using the USB interface for data communication between a PC and the device a driver must be installed first (see annex data communication).

## 5.10 Connecting the alarm contact

NOTE

**Skilled work:**

**Thermo Scientific warrants the operational safety and the operativeness of the device only if installation and repairs are performed properly.**
**The connection of the device to an external alarm system must only be carried out by adequately trained and authorized expert electrical/telecommunication personnel!**

**Function:**
When system errors and failures occur in the temperature or gas control circuits, an alarm message is issued to the connected alarm/monitoring system. The potential-free contact (1 changeover contact) has been designed for the following circuits:

**Alarm relay:**

| Circuit | Voltage | External fusing |
|---|---|---|
| Circuits with system voltage | max. 250 V ~ | max. 6 A |
| SELV circuits (cf. VDE 0100, Part 410) | 25 V ~ | max. 2 A |
| | 60 V = | max. 1 A |
| SELV-E circuits (cf. VDE 0100, Part 410) | 50 V ~ | max. 1 A |
| | 120 V = | max. 0.5 A |

| Operating states | Contact 4 - 1 | Contact 4 - 3 |
|---|---|---|
| Operating state power failure "off" | X | O |
| Operating state power failure "on" | O | X |
| Failure: power failure "off" | O | X |
| Failure: power failure "on" | X | O |
| X: Contact closed / O: Contact open | | |

NOTE

**Switching structure:**

**The alarm relay switches for all failures reported by the control loops** *(see chap. 7.13, pg. 95)*.

# 5 Start-up

**Connection example:**
The connector [5] for the connecting cable is included in the standard equipment. The values for the operating voltage of the external circuits and of the fusing of the alarm system are given in the table on the previous page.

1. Connect the individual conductors [1] to [4] of the connecting cable as shown in the wiring diagram.
2. Connect the connector [5] of the alarm system connecting cable to the interface [6] at the control box at the rear panel of the device.

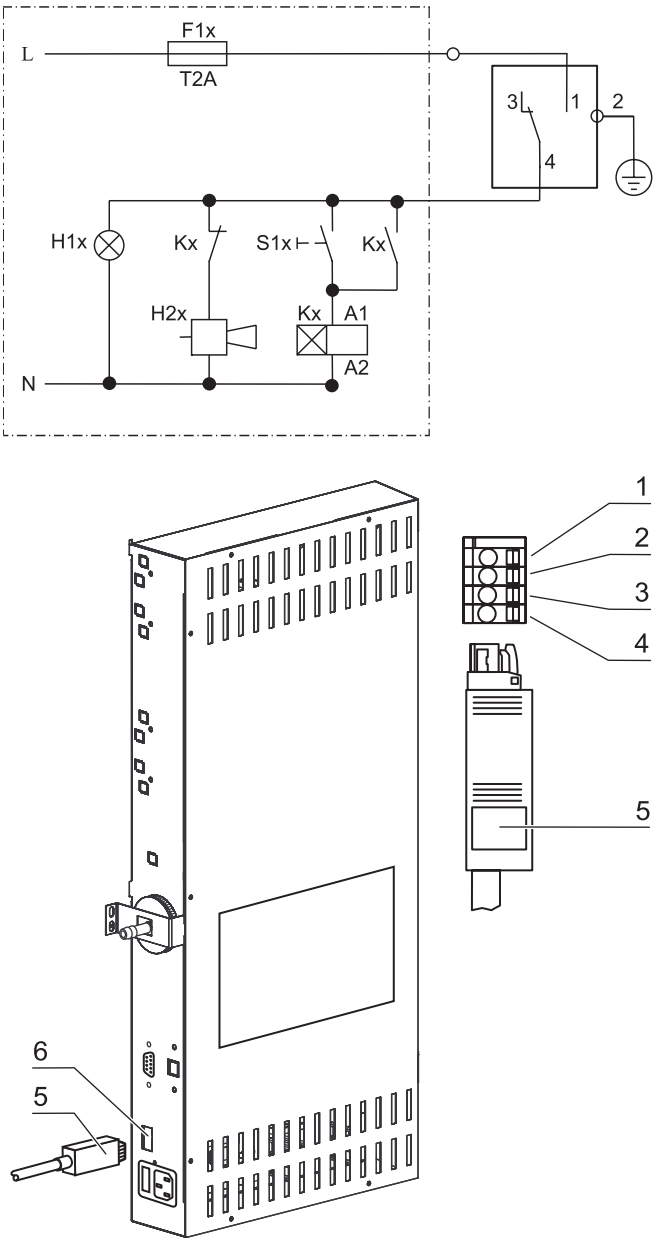



Fig. 29: Connection example

# 6 Operation

## 6.1 Preparing the device

The device must only be released for operation after all major measures for the start-up have been taken (see Section 5, page 45).

*Device check*

**Device check:**
Prior to starting operation, the following device components must be checked for their correct function

- Gas hoses must be seated tight on the connecting filter and must be secured using a hose clamp.
- The access port must be capped.
- The pressure compensation opening must be permeable, its insert must be installed in the work space.
- The glass door/gas-tight screen seal must not be damaged.
- The glass door measurement opening must be capped.
- The shelf system components must be installed safely.
- The gas humidification (optional) must be connected to the device-integral gas supply and aligned parallel to the rear panel.
- The drive rollers of the bottle turning device (optional) must be properly connected to the corresponding control unit.
- The idle rollers of the bottle turning device (optional) must be positioned in accordance with the cylinder diameters.

*Decontamination*

**Decontaminating the device work space:**
Run the contra-con decontamination routine *(see chap. 9.4, pg. 104)* or decontaminate the work space according to the hygiene regulations set forth by the operator.

**NOTE**

**Hygiene regulations:**

**Prior to any operation, the user must clean and disinfect the work space in accordance with the hygiene regulations set forth by the operator to protect the cultures.**
**The "Principles of good microbiological proceedings" at the annex of these instructions can be used as safety information for personnel working with the device.**

**Water supply:**

**A sufficient quantity of treated water of the following quality must always be available for the running operation:**

- **distilled, fully demineralized, and**
- **autoclaved, sterile.**

**When the filling level drops below a minimum value, it must be possible to top up water during the work process.**
**Capacities:**

- **HERAcell® 150i: 3.0 l**
- **HERAcell® 240i: 4.5 l**

# 6 Operation

## 6.2 Starting operation

1. Fill the water tray with a sufficient quantity of processed water. Do not exceed the upper level mark.
2. Make sure that the $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ supply system valves are open.
3. Turn the device on using the power switch.
4. Set the set values for temperature and $CO_2$ / $O_2$ content on the iCan™ touchscreen.
5. Start contra-con.

**Starting the device:**

*Starting with auto-start*

6. Start the device with the auto-start routine *(see chap. 7.9.1, pg. 75)*.
7. The progress indicator auto-start appears on the display, and the automatic start routine is run.
8. The temperature control adjusts the temperature to the selected set value, humidity rises.
9. When temperature and relative humidity are constant, the automatic adjustment of the $CO_2$ / $O_2$ measuring system is performed
10. The $CO_2$ / $O_2$ control supplies the set amount of $CO_2$ / $O_2$.
11. If the auto-start routine has been completed, the progress indicator is hidden, and the main menu is displayed. The device is operational.

**Loading the device:**

*Loading the work space*

12. Load the work space with cultures or place bottles onto the bottle turning device rollers.

**NOTE**

**Duration of the auto-start routine:**

**When the device is cold and when the ambient temperature is low, the auto-start routine may take up to 10 hours.**

**Loading:**

**To ensure sufficient air circulation and even heating of the samples, the loading surface within the work space should be used up to 70% max. Voluminous objects in the work space that dissipate heat may impair heat distribution.**

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.1 Power switch

**Fig. 30:** Depending on which side the door hinges are installed, the power switch [1] is integral to the front cover [2] of one of the front device stands.

- To turn the device on: Press the power switch [1]; the switch illumination comes on.
  - After a short audible signal and a short dark phase, the touchscreen display appears.
  - The control loop sensors pass the heat-up phase *(see chap. 7.4, pg. 68)*
- To turn the device off: Press the power switch; the switch illumination goes off

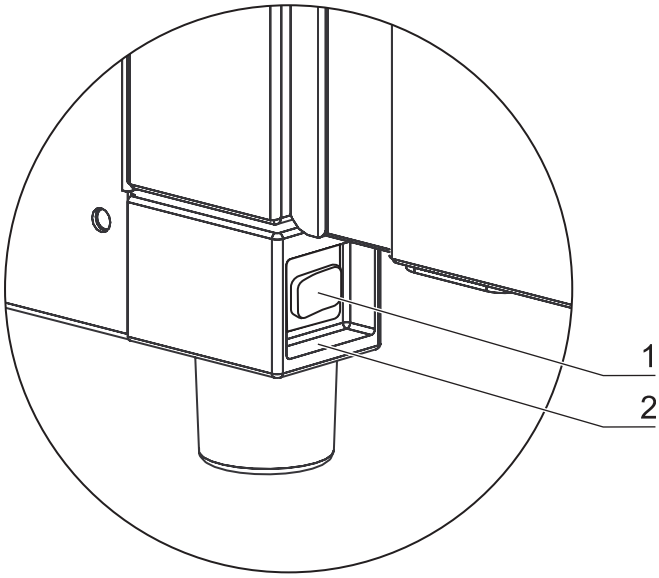



Fig. 30: Power switch

## 7.2 Operating panel and operating structure

**Fig. 31:** The control panel works as a touchscreen (iCan™ touchscreen) and can be controlled performing light pressure on the pressure-sensitive areas of the screen using a finger or a blunt pin:

- Temperature display [1],
- $CO_2$ display [3],
- $O_2$ display [5] (optional).
- contra-con key [2]
- menu key [4]
- auto-start key [6],

**NOTE**

**Extended pressure-sensitive area:**

**To accept a failure message, the entire touchscreen can be used as a pressure-sensitive area.**

.

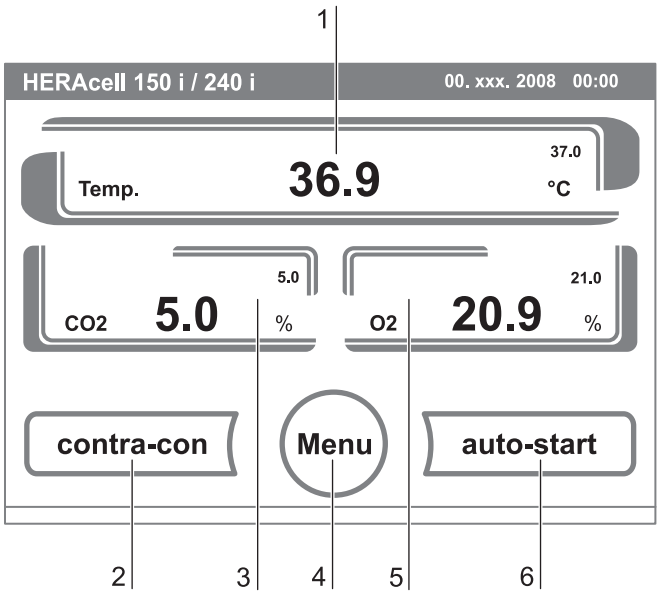



Fig. 31: Pressure-sensitive areas

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Versions without $O_2$/$N_2$ control:**
**Fig. 32:** Function keys and value displays of the operating panel for a device version without $O_2$/$N_2$ gas supply:

[1] Type designation of the device
[2] Temperature display
[3] $CO_2$ display
[4] Key for starting the contra-con decontamination routine
[5] Key for opening the menu navigation
[6] Key for starting the auto-start routine
[7] Actual value $CO_2$
[8] Set value $CO_2$
[9] Temperature actual value
[10] Temperature set value
[11] Current date and time

**Version with combined $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ control (optional):**
**Fig. 33:** Function keys and value displays of the operating panel of a device version with combined $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ gas supply:

[1] Type designation of the device
[2] Temperature display
[3] $CO_2$ display
[4] $CO_2$ set value
[5] $CO_2$ actual value
[6] Key for starting the contra-con decontamination routine
[7] Key for opening the menu navigation
[8] Key for starting the auto-start routine
[9] $O_2$ display
[10] $O_2$ actual value
[11] $O_2$ set value
[12] Temperature actual value
[13] Temperature set value
[14] Current date and time

**Structure of the operating levels:**
**Fig. 34:** Operation is divided into three levels:

- **A:** Direct access to the control loop settings: Temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$ set value and bottle turing device (optional),
- **B:** Start of the device routines contra-con or auto-start,
- **C:** Navigation through the submenus for device configuration.

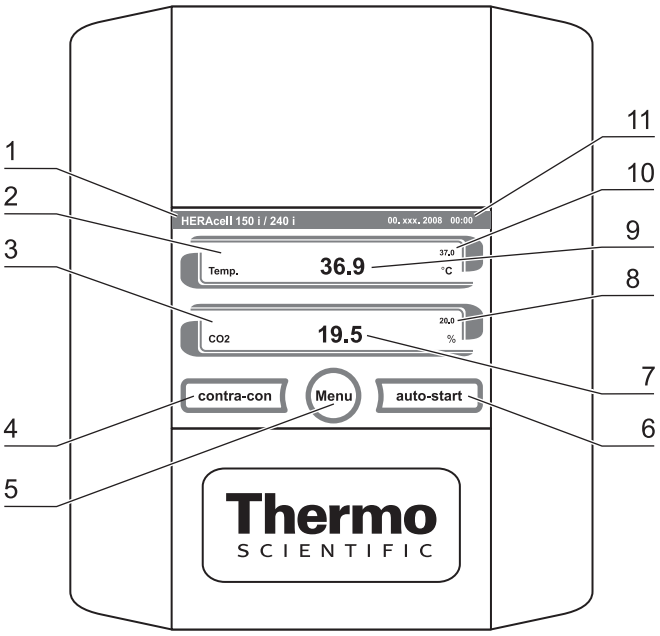



Fig. 32: iCan™ touchscreen without$O_2$/$N_2$gas supply

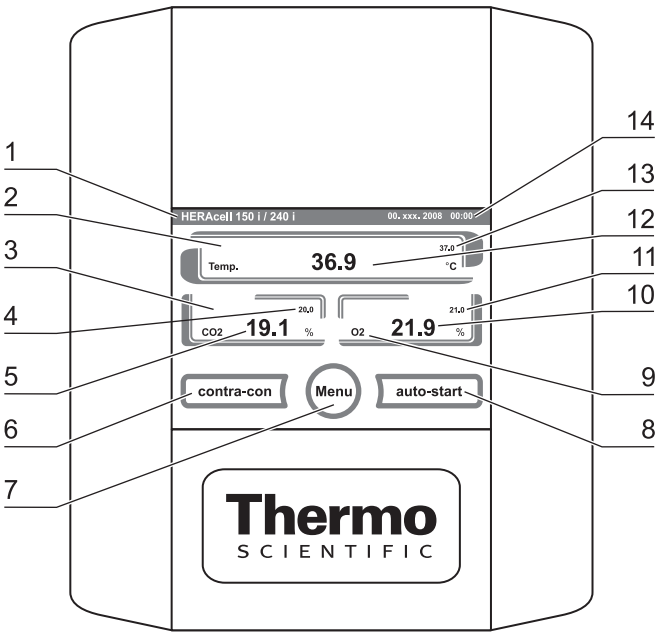



Fig. 33: iCan™ touchscreen with combined gas connection

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

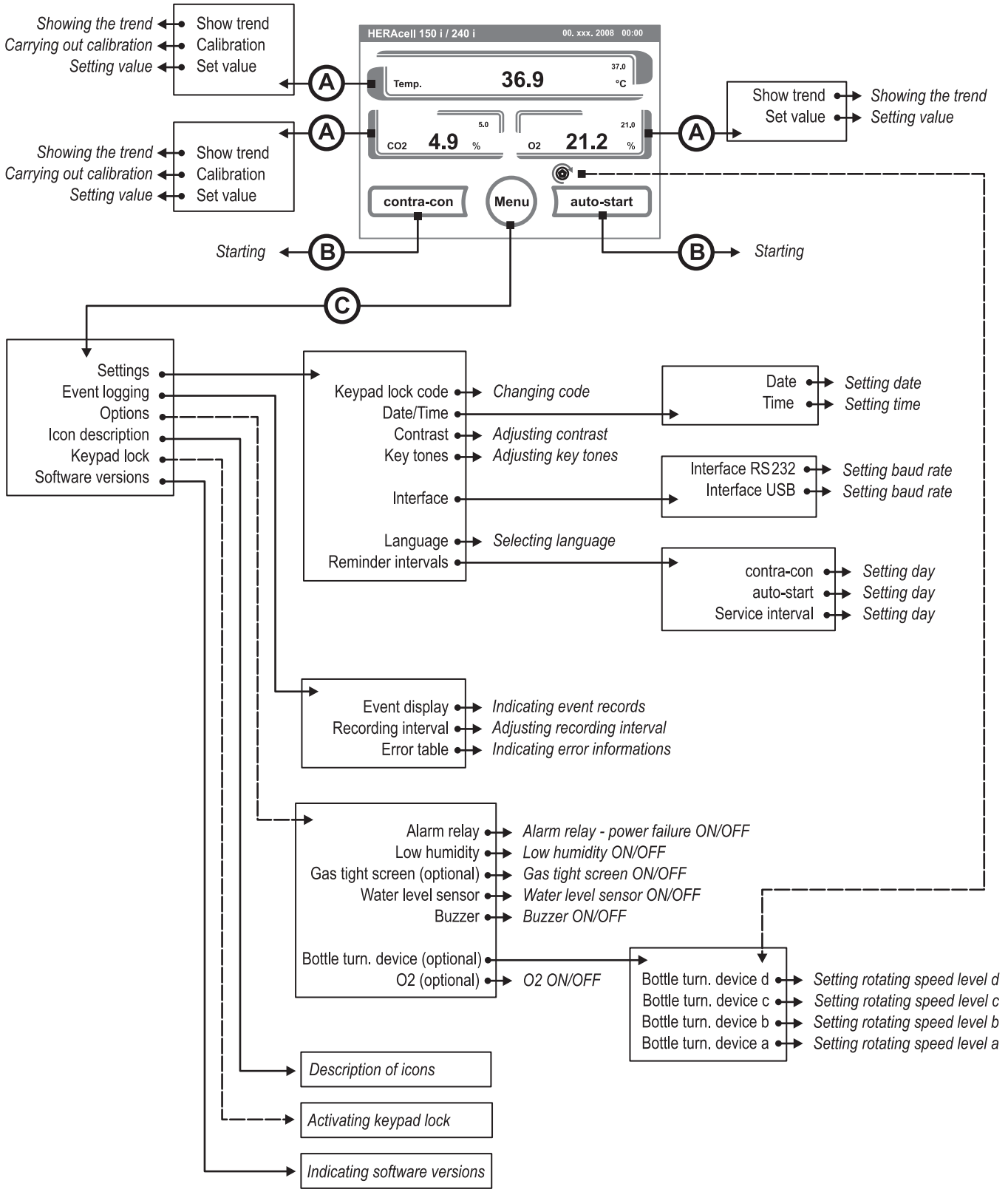



Fig. 34: Menu structure overview

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.3 Factory presettings of the iCan™ touchscreen controls

Upon delivery of the device, the following set values have been preset:

- Temperature: 37 °C
- $CO_2$ content: 0.0%
- $O_2$ content (optional): 21.0%
- Optional bottle turningdevice speed a, b, c, and d: 0%.

**NOTE**

**$CO_2$/$O_2$ control:**

**Since the $CO_2$ concentration of the air is nearly 0%, the $CO_2$ control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 0%.**
**Since the $O_2$ concentration of the air is nearly 21%, the $O_2$ control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 21%.**

## 7.4 Heat-up phase of the control loop sensors

When the device has been switched on, the control loop sensors pass through a heat-up phase of varying duration during the start process:

| | |
|---|---|
| Temperature control loop | 10 s |
| $CO_2$ control loop | 10 s |
| $CO_2$ control loop with IR measuring cell | 3 min |
| $O_2$ control loop | 5 min |

The start process is indicated by an audible signal. During the heat-up phase, the displays show dots (...) instead of values:

- Temperature display [2],
- $CO_2$ display [1] and
- $O_2$ display [3]

After the heat-up phase has been completed, the control loop actual values are indicated.

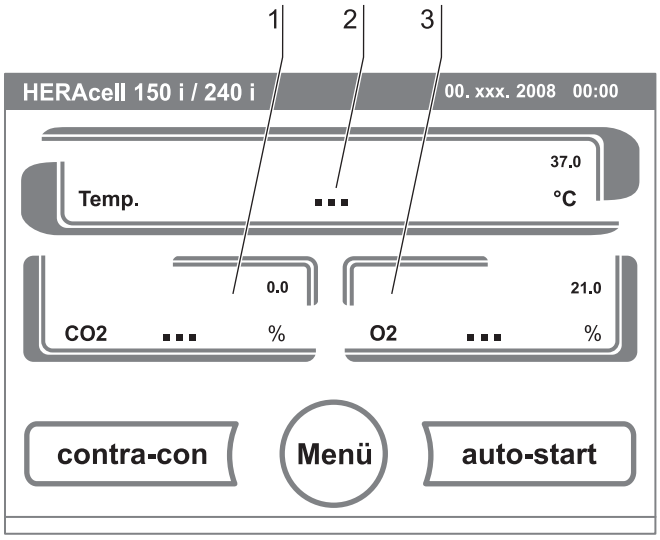



Fig. 35: Heat-up phase display

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

NOTE

**Exposure to $CO_2$ gas:**

**During the 5-minute heat-up phase of the $O_2$ control loop, the work space is not exposed to $CO_2$ gas and the $CO_2$ control and is disabled.**

## 7.5 Event actions for settings

**Key response:**
Pressing a key can increase or reduce a value gradually:

- When the – key [4] or the + key [6] is kept depressed, the system switches to quick run,
- after the key has been kept depressed for more than 3 seconds, the quick run speed increases.

NOTE

**Saving the settings:**

**To save changed values, press the Enter key.**

**Resetting the settings:**

**Unless a user action (contact with the pressure-sensitive areas and keys) occurs within 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu and the most recently confirmed setting defaults.**

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.6 Setting the temperature set value

1. Press the **TEMPERATURE DISPLAY** key [1].
   - ▶ The Temperature menu is displayed.

2. To exit the Temperature menu:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].

3. To set the temperature set value:
   - ▶ Press the **SET VALUE** key [3].

   To increase the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **+** key [6].

   To reduce the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **-** key [4].

4. To accept and save the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu. The temperature displays shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.

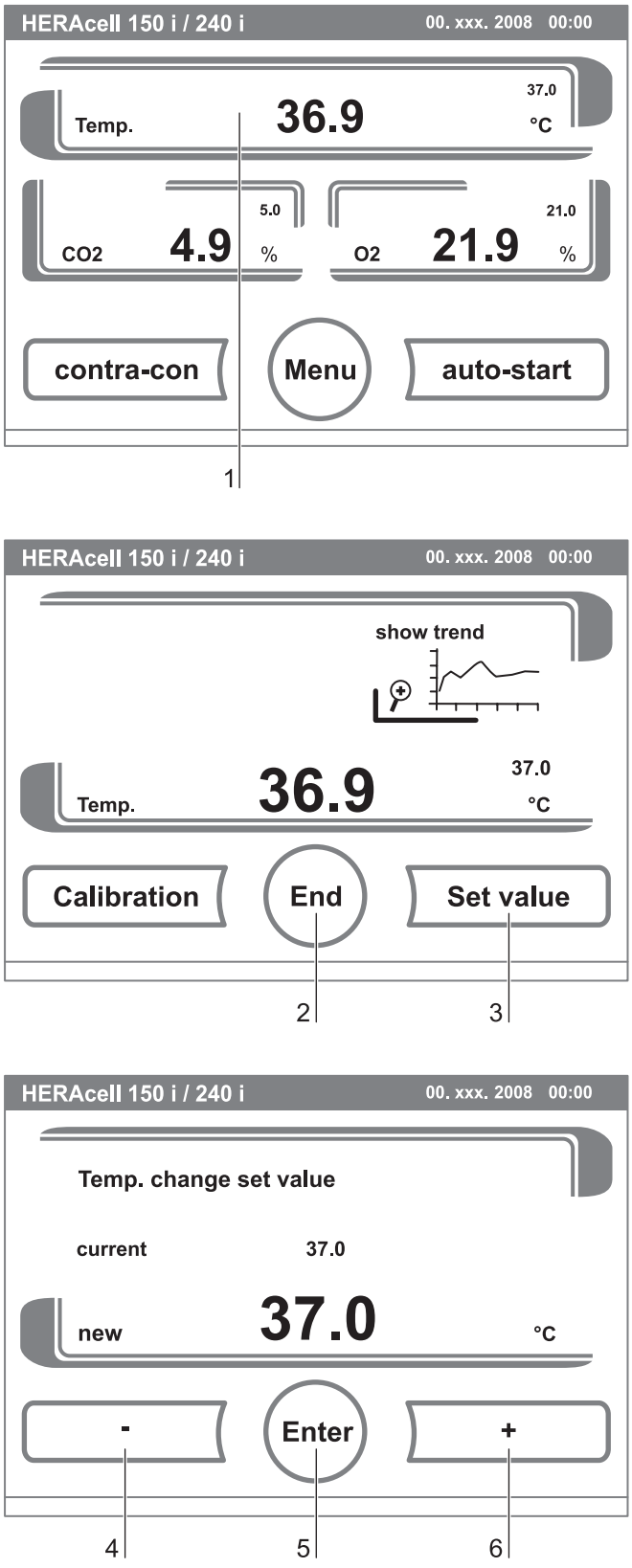



Fig. 36: Setting the temperature set value

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.7 Setting the $CO_2$ set value

1. Press the $CO_2$ **DISPLAY** key [1].
   - ▶ The $CO_2$ menu is displayed.

2. To exit the $CO_2$ menu:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].

3. To set the $CO_2$ set value:
   - ▶ Press the **SET VALUE** key [3].

   To increase the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **+** key [6].

   To reduce the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **-** key [4].

4. To accept and save the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu. The $CO_2$ display shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.

**NOTE**

**Deactivating the $CO_2$ control loop:**

**To deactivate the $CO_2$ control, the set value is set to 0%.**
**If the control loop is deactivated, error monitoring is enabled as well.**

**Gas monitoring:**

**The switching state of the $CO_2$ control loop does not affect the function of the optional gas monitoring system. The gas monitoring system remains active even when the $CO_2$ control is switched off.**
**For set values of 21% $O_2$, the $O_2$ control is switched off and error monitoring is disabled as well.**
**The control loop error monitoring system (optional) is enabled.**

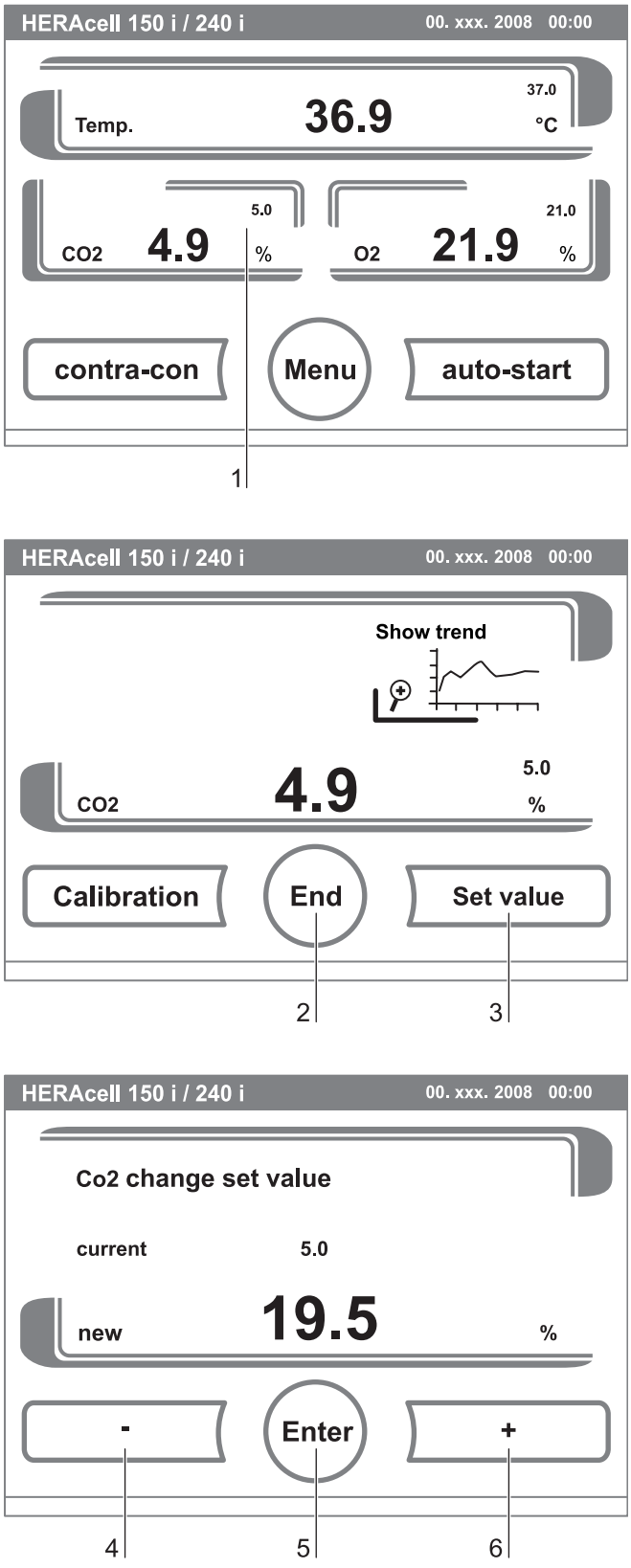



Fig. 37: Setting the $CO_2$ set value

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.8 Setting the $O_2$ set value

This setting is possible only on versions with the optional $O_2/N_2$ control.

1. Press the $O_2$ **DISPLAY** key [1].
   - ▶ The $O_2$ menu is displayed.

2. To exit the $O_2$ menu:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].

3. To set the $O_2$ set value:
   - ▶ Press the **SET VALUE** key [3].

   To increase the set value:
   - ▶ Press the + key [6].

   To reduce the set value:
   - ▶ Press the - key [4].

4. To accept and save the set value:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu. The $O_2$ displays shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.

**NOTE**

**Factory settings:**

**Depending on the type of the $O_2$ sensor, one of the two $O_2$ control ranges has been preset at the factory:**
**Control range I: 1% to 21%**
**Control range II: 5% to 90%**

**Usage of the process gases:**

**For set values below 21% $O_2$, the device must be connected to a nitrogen supply system.**
**For set values above 21% $O_2$, the device must be connected to an oxygen supply system.**
**Since the O2 concentration of the air is nearly 21%, the O2 control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 21%.**
**The control loop error monitoring system (optional) is enabled.**

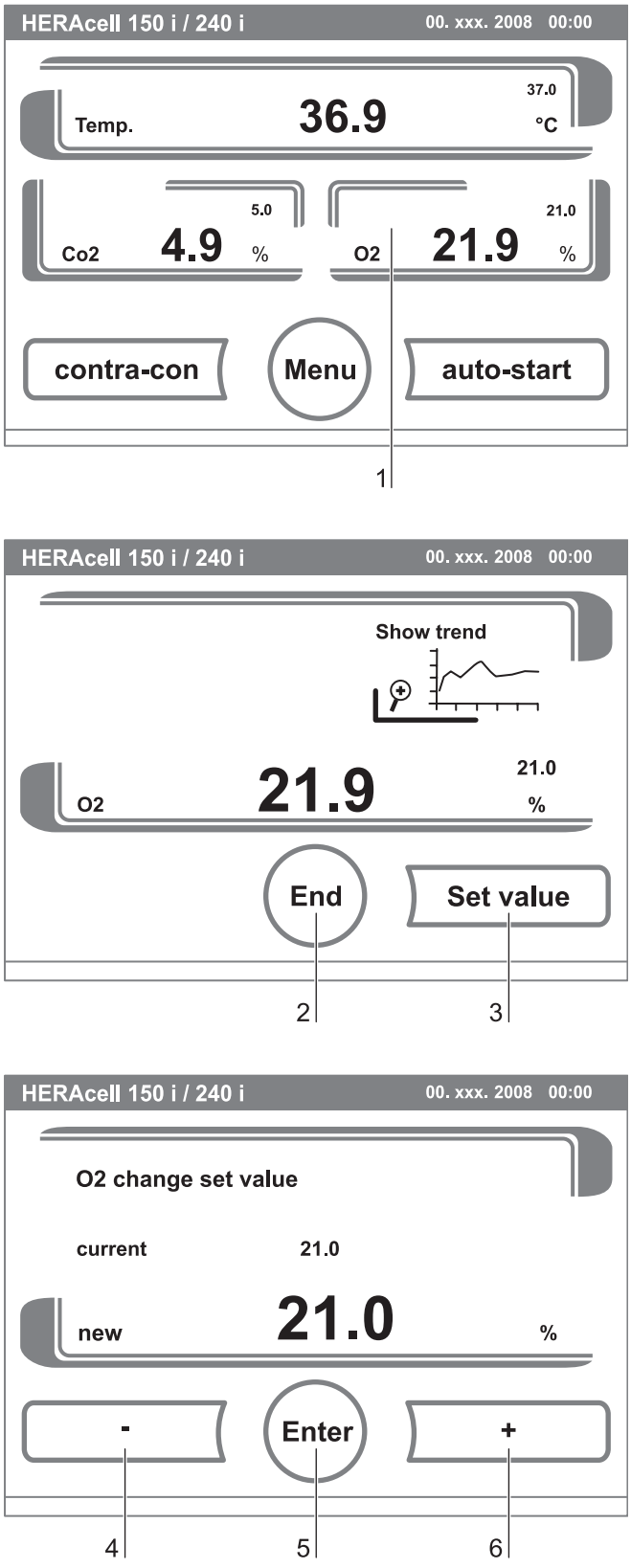



Fig. 38: Setting the $O_2$ set value

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.9 Auto-start routine

The auto-start function is an automated routine for the start and the subsequent adjustment of the $CO_2$ measuring system. After the start, the device control adjusts the temperature to the set value while humidity is generated. When temperature and relative humidity have reached constant values, the $CO_2$ measuring system is automatically adjusted to these values, and the work space is supplied with the preset quantity of $CO_2$.

**NOTE**

**Application of the auto-start routine:**

**To ensure that the specified accuracy of the $CO_2$ measuring system is maintained, the device should always be started using the auto-start routine if**

- **a difference of more than 1 °C is entered upon setting the temperature set value,**
- **the Low Humidity function is enabled/disabled,**
- **the device is restarted after an extended interruption of operation.**

**The auto-start routine should be run at least every three months on the occasion of cleaning and maintenance works.**

**Duration of the routine:**

**Running the routine usually takes 5 to 7 hours. At low room temperatures and when the device is cold, it may take up to 10 hours until the auto-start routine has been completed. If the glass door is opened or if the power supply of the device is interrupted while the routine is running, the routine is interrupted and rerun after the glass door has been closed or the power supply has been reestablished.**

**Start conditions for the auto-start routine:**

**Prior to running the auto-start routine, set the $CO_2$ and $O_2$ set values to the desired values and make sure that the atmosphere in the work space only consists of ambient air. The floorpan of the device must be filled with a sufficient quantity of water.**

**Conditions that prevent the start of the auto-start routine:**

**The auto-start routine cannot be started if one of the following failure conditions exists.**
**Temperature control loop:**

- **Sensor breakage,**
- **actual value above set value (excessive deviation),**
- **actual value below set value (excessive deviation),**

- **set value not plausible,**
- **calibration values too high or too low,**
- **sensor communication failure,**
- **sensor parameter not plausible,**
- **no communication with LM 75.**

**Control loop for $CO_2$ gas supply:**

- **No communication with sensor.**

**In this case, the auto-start key is dimmed and its function is not available.**

**Faulty cancellation of the auto-start routine:**

**The auto-start is cancelled if:**

- **an error is detected in the temperature control loop,**
- **an error is detected in the $CO_2$ control loop,**
- **the water filling level is insufficient.**

**auto-start-Dry execution of auto-start routine:**

**If the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water in the floorpan of the work space), the water level sensor must be disabled prior to its start** *(see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85)***.**

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

### 7.9.1 Activating auto-start

**Preparations for the start:**

1. Make sure that the $CO_2$-/$O_2$-/$N_2$ gas supply system valves are open.

2. Fill the floorpan of the work space with a sufficient quantity of water. The filling level must not exceed the upper filling level mark.

3. Set the set values for temperature, $CO_2$ and $O_2$ on the touchscreen.

**auto-start routine activation:**

1. Press the auto-start key [2].
   - ▶ The auto-start-instruction menu [1] is displayed.

2. To exit the auto-start-instruction menu and cancel auto-start:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [4].

3. Activate the auto-start routine:
   - ▶ Press the **START** key [3].

4. To air the work space, open both device doors.

5. When the audible alarm sounds after 30 seconds, close both device doors.
   - ▶ The trend status indicator [5] is displayed.

6. During the progress, the status indicator displays the following information:
   - – Temperature,
   - – start time.

**NOTE**

**Cancellation:**

**The auto-start routine can be cancelled at any time!**
**Press the Stop key [6].**

**Automatic restart:**

**The auto-start routine is restarted automatically if the routine is cancelled due to one of the following events:**

- **The glass door is opened,**

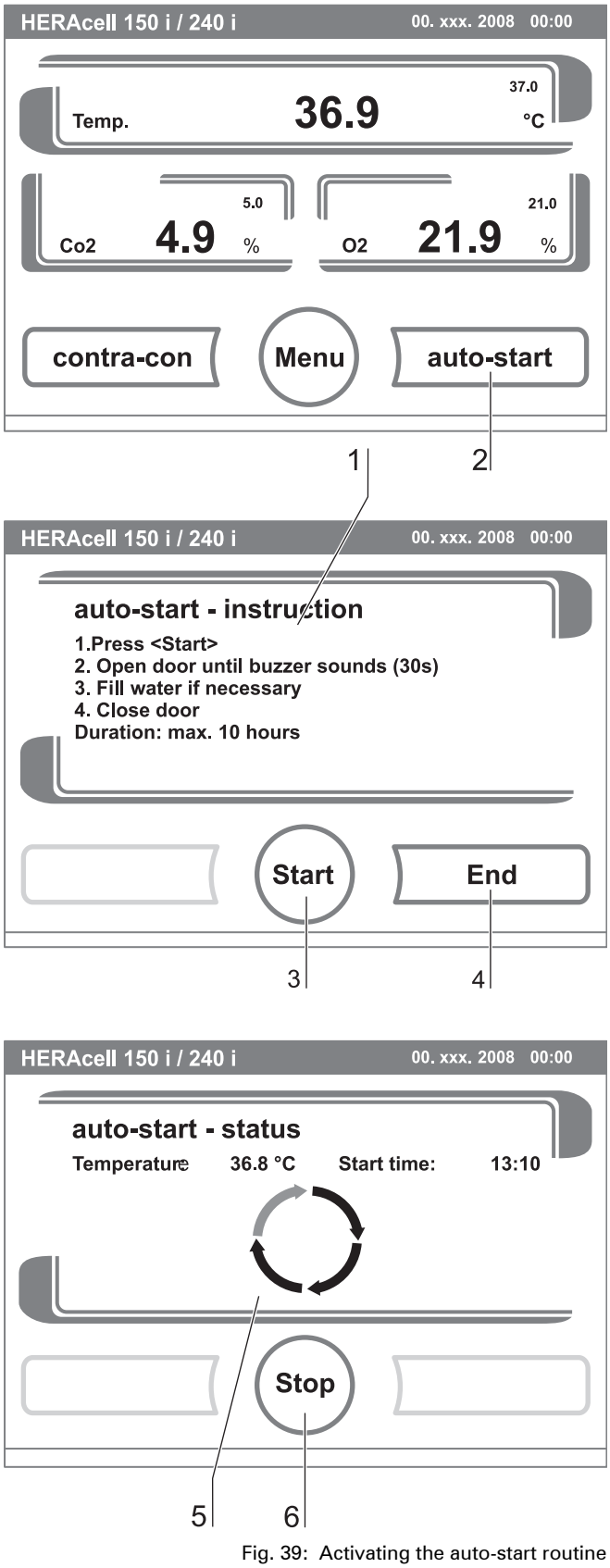



Fig. 39: Activating the auto-start routine

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

- **the outer door is opened on a device with optional gas-tight screen,**
- **the power supply is interrupted.**

### 7.9.2 Interrupting the auto-start routine

If the **STOP** key in the status display is depressed (see above), the auto-start routine is interrupted and the auto-start stop dialog box is displayed for a safety scan. The routine can now be permanently cancelled or resumed.

1. To resume the auto-start routine:
   - ▶ Press the **BACK** key [1].
   - ▶ The system returns to the status display, and the auto-start routine is resumed.

2. To cancel the auto-start routine:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
   - ▶ The warning triangle [3] is displayed as a failure message together with the audible signal.

3. To accept the failure message:
   - ▶ Press any position on the display.
   - ▶ The **ERROR** dialog box with the description of the error is displayed.

4. To end the auto-start routine:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [4].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu.

## 7.10 Running the contra-con routine

contra-con is an automatic decontamination routine for disinfecting the device work space. For a detailed description of this device function, *(see chap. 9.4, pg. 104)*.

## 7.11 User configuration

The user configuration settings allow the user interface and the additional device functions to be adjusted to the requirements of everyday operation. The user configuration menu is split into six categories:

- Settings,
- Event logging,
- Options,
- Icon description,

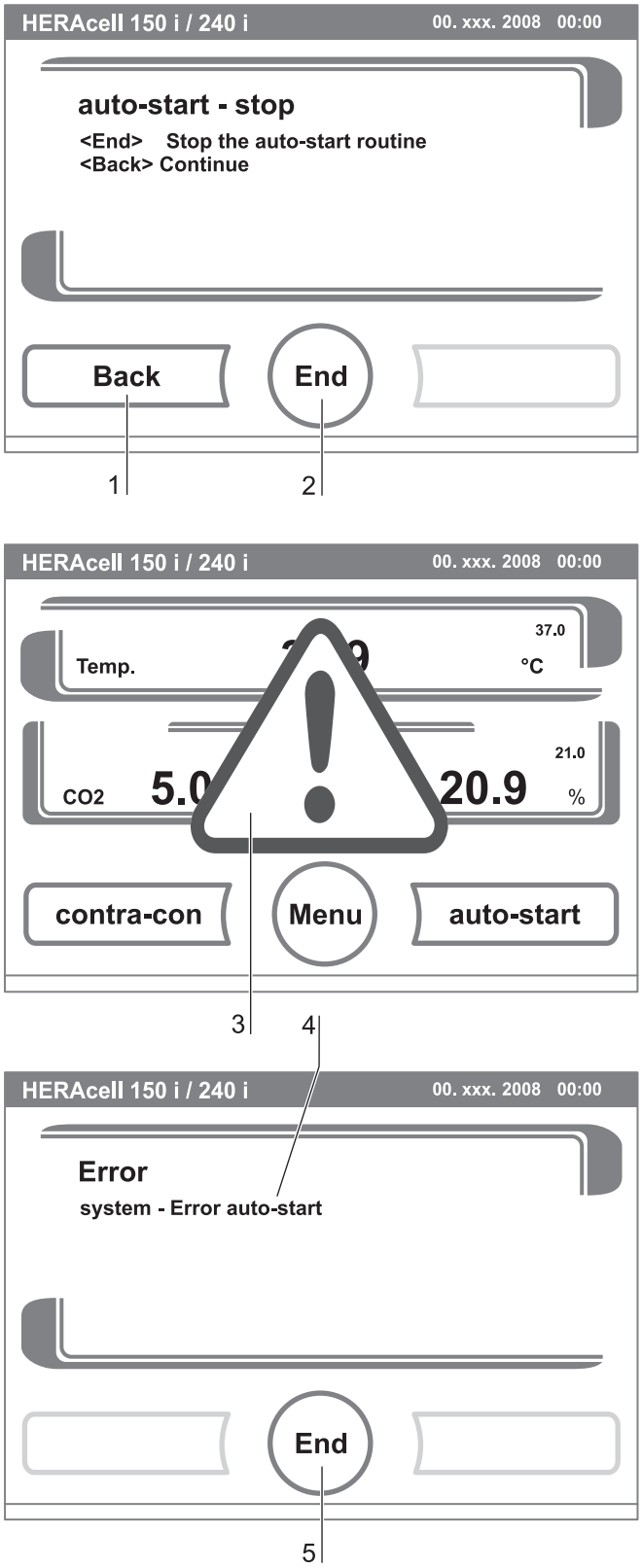



Fig. 40: Interrupting the auto-start routine

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

- Keypad lock,
- Software versions.

To make a user-specific setting in a dialog box, navigate through the submenus listed in the illustrations and open the dialog box.

### 7.11.1 Settings

The input dialogs of the **SETTINGS** category comprise all settings for the individual configuration of the user display screen and the user interface:

- Keypad lock coding,
- Date/time setting,
- Contrast setting,
- Key tone setting,
- Interface configuration,
- User display screen language setting,
- Reminder interval setting.

**Changing the keypad lock code:**

The keypad lock prevents the unauthorized changing of the operational settings. Only those keys are locked where values can be entered.

The keypad is locked by entering four numbers.

- Upon delivery, the default code is: 0000.

This default can be changed into a user-defined code that is then enabled using the **KEYPAD LOCK** dialog box *(see chap. 7.11.5, pg. 92)*.

1. To enter the default 0000:
   - ▶ Press the corresponding numeric keys.
   - ▶ The number combination is displayed hidden in the input box [1].

2. To delete the input numbers:
   - ▶ Press the **DELETE** key [2] .

3. To exit the menu:
   - ▶ Press the **BACK** key [4] .

4. To confirm the input:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system changes to the **CODE NEW** menu.

Entering the new 4-digit code:

- ▶ Press the corresponding numeric keys.
- ▶ The number combination is displayed in the input box [1].

**Menu**
▶ **Settings**
▶ **Keypad lock code**

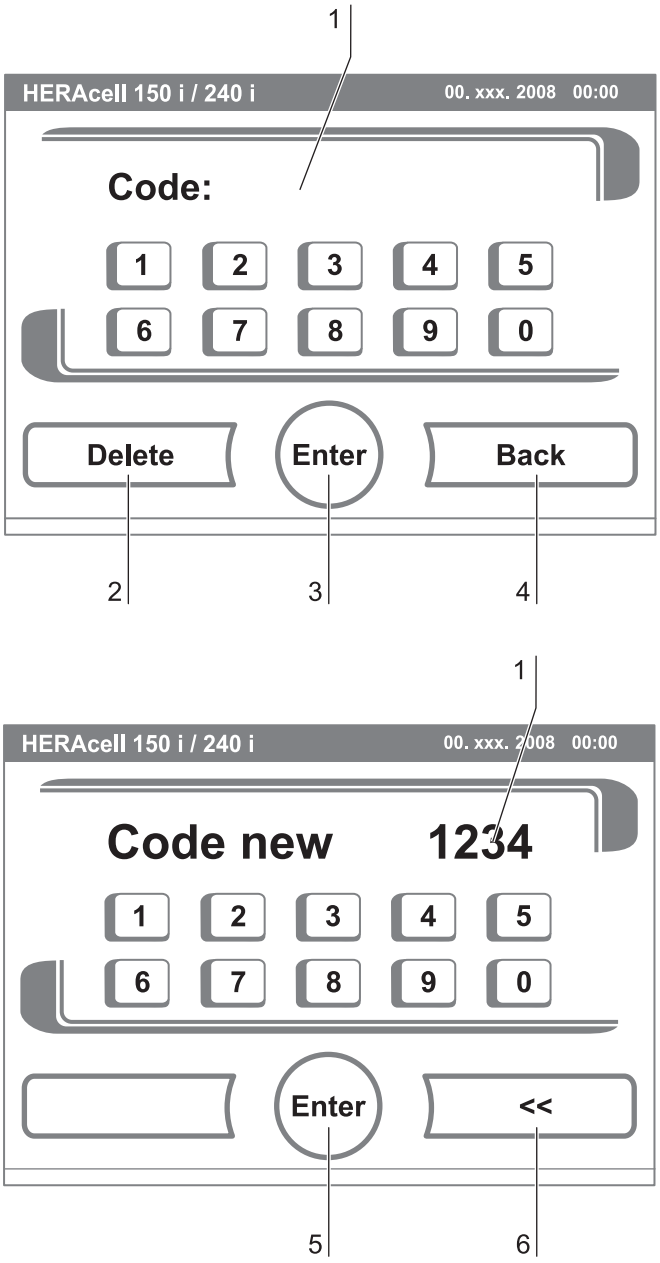



Fig. 41: Changing the code

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Fig. 41:** To set the cursor to the left to overwrite a value:

5. Press the **BACKSPACE** key **(<<)** [6].

6. To accept and save the input value:
   - Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   - The system returns to the Settings menu.

**NOTE**

**Changing the user-defined code:**

**The user-defined code can be changed as often as required using the same procedure:**

- **Activate the recoding function by entering the valid code,**
- **enter the new code and confirm it.**

**Setting date / time:**
The input dialog allows date and time to be set to the required time zone.

1. **Fig. 42:** To enter the date:
   - Press the numeric key [2].
   - The input numbers are displayed in the input box [1].

2. To set the cursor to the left to overwrite a value:
   - Press the **BACKSPACE** key **(<<)** [4].

3. To accept and save the input value:
   - Press the **ENTER** key [3].

4. The system returns to the Date/Time menu.

5. Enter the time accordingly.

6. To accept and save the input value:
   - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - The system returns to the Date/Time menu.

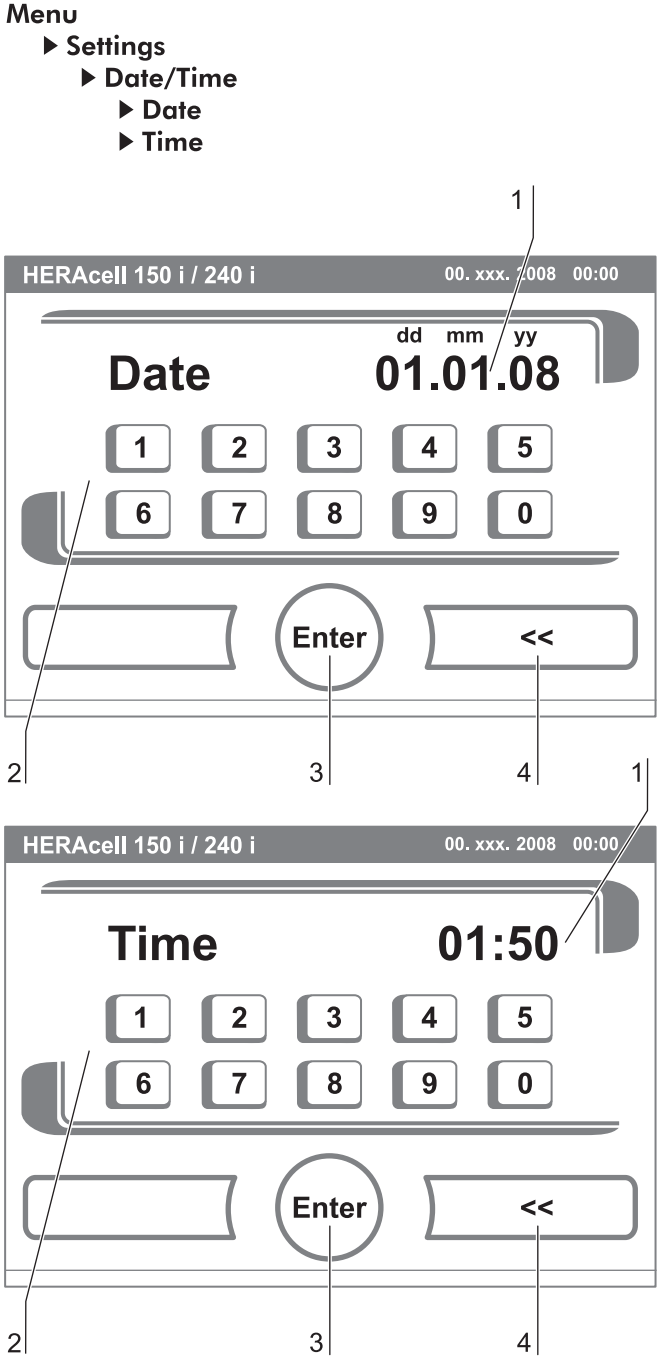



Fig. 42: Date / time setting

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**Setting the contrast:**
The input dialog allows the color contrast of the operating panel to be set within the value range of 48% to 80%.

1. To increase the value:
   ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the value:
   ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the change:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   ▶ The system returns to the Settings/Setup menu.

**Setting the key tone:**
The input dialog allows the loudness of the key tone that sounds whenever a key is depressed to be set. The value range is 0 to 100. The change occurs in increments of 5%.

1. To increase the value:
   ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the value:
   ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the change:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   ▶ The system returns to the Settings/Setup menu.

Menu
▶ Settings
▶ Contrast

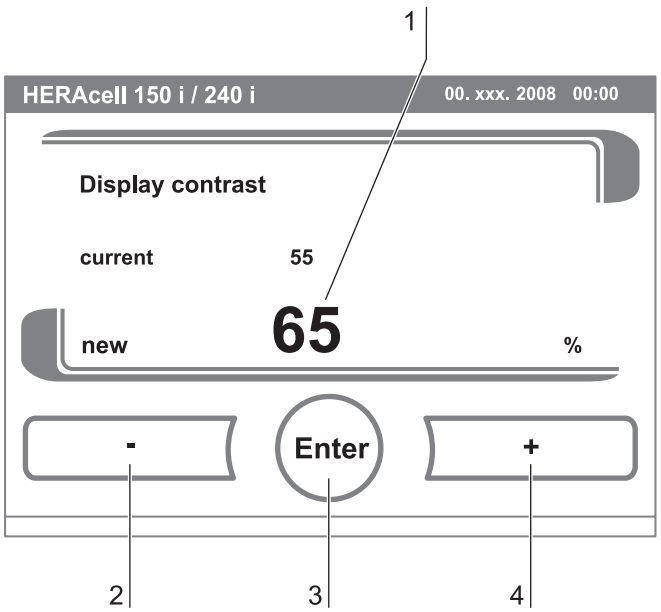



Fig. 43: Display contrast setting

Menu
▶ Settings
▶ Key tones

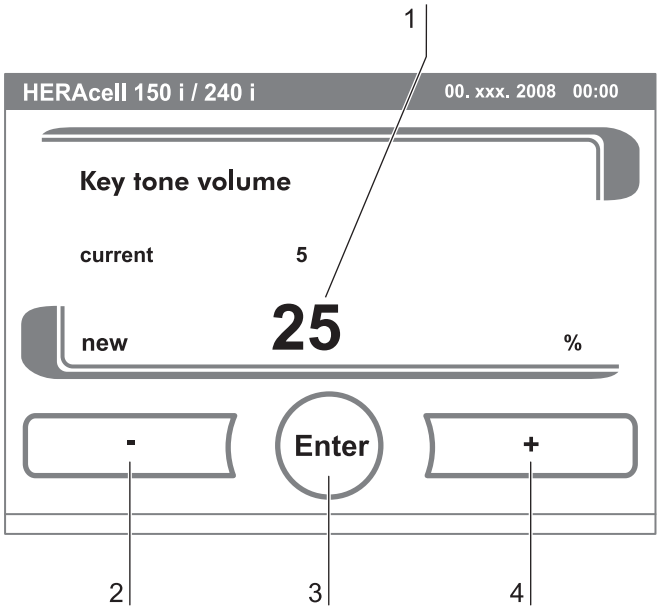



Fig. 44: Key tone setting

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**Setting the interface baud rate:**
The input dialog allows the setting of the stepping rate for data communication of the:

- RS232 interface,
- USB interface (optional).

The stepping rate of both interfaces can be changed within the defined baud rates (9.600, 19.200, 38.400, 57.600 baud).
The standard stepping rate of both interfaces is 57.600 baud.

1. To increase the value:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the value:
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Interface menu.

5. To activate the new settings:
   - ▶ Browse back to the main menu.
   - ▶ Wait for approx. 10 seconds and perform a reset by switching the device off and on using the power switch.

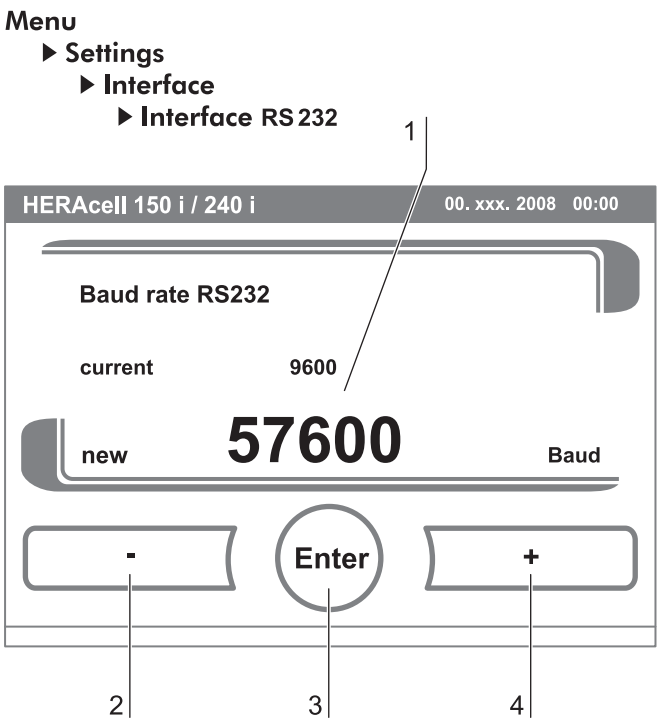



Fig. 45: RS 232 interface baud rate setting

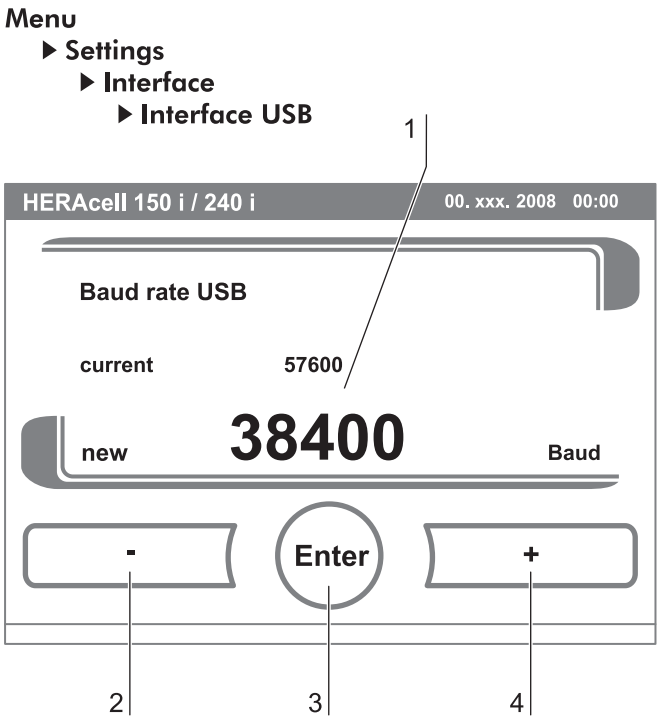



Fig. 46: USB interface baud rate setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Setting the user display screen language:**
The input dialog allows the language of the display screen to be set. Five languages are available:

- German,
- English,
- Spanish,
- French,
- Italian.

1. To browse upward in the selection:
   ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To browse downward in the selection:
   ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The new language appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the selection:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   ▶ The system returns to the Settings menu.

Menu
▶ Settings
▶ Language

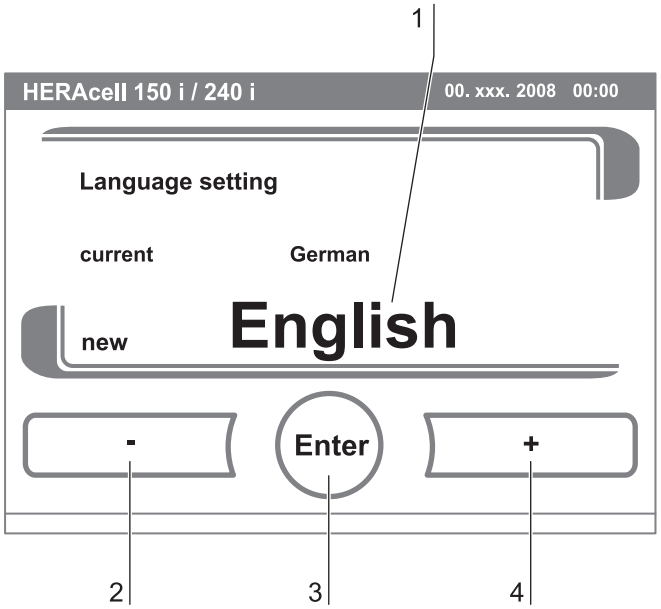



Fig. 47: Language setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Setting the reminder intervals:**
The reminder intervals are integral components of the alarm and monitoring system of the device control. For the two essential functions contra-con and auto-start as well as for routine service work, the user can set dates that trigger an alarm whenever they occur. The counting begins at 00:00 hrs of the day on which the previously set reminder interval has elapsed.

1. To increase the number of days:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the number of days:
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To deactivate the reminder interval:
   - ▶ Set the value to **OFF**.
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

5. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Reminder Interval menu.

On the due date, the display shows a reminder message [5] for the activated reminder interval.
- **contra-con**: Please run contra-con.
- **auto-start**: Please run auto-start. Is displayed after the contra-con decontamination routine has been run successfully.
- **Service interval**: Request service. The service message can be confirmed. In this case, the Request Service icon is displayed.

After the routines have been run successfully, the reminder messages are hidden.

**Factory settings:**

| | |
|---|---|
| contra-con decontamination routine | 90 days |
| auto-start routine | Off |
| Service interval | 365 days |

Menu
▶ Settings
▶ Reminder intervals
▶ contra-con
▶ auto-start
▶ Service interval

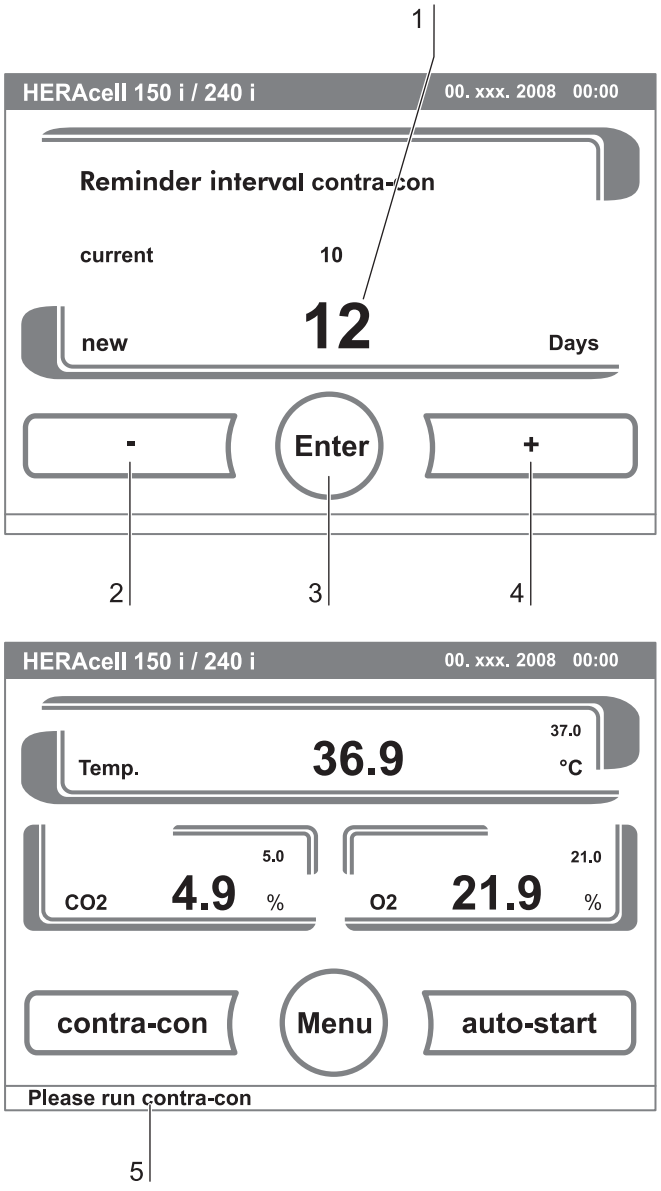



Fig. 48: Reminder interval setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

### 7.11.2 Event logging

The input dialogs of the category **EVENT LOGGING** comprise all settings for logging and outputting events during the operation of the device:

- Event display,
- time interval (of the logging cycle),
- error table.

**Event display:**

The event display [1] uses short, single-line entries specifying date and time to report the events that were logged during the operation of the device. The entries are listed in chronological order with the most recent event at the top position. The list can be displayed but not edited. If the event display consists of several pages, the user can browse through the list. The status indicator [2] indicates which page of the total number of pages is currently being displayed.

1. To browse forward in the list:
   - ▶ Press the **CONTINUE** key [5].

2. To browse backward in the list:
   - ▶ Press the **PREVIOUS** key [3].

3. To exit the display:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [4].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

**Changing the logging cycle time:**

Due to limited memory resources, the oldest entries are deleted as new entries are logged. The period from which the displayed entries originate depends largely on the selected logging cycle time.

| Logging cycle time | Minimal displayed period |
|---|---|
| 10 s | 22.5 hours |
| 30 s | 2.8 days |
| 60 s | 5.6 days |
| 120 s | 11.2 days |
| 180 s | 16.8 days |

The setting controls the logging cycle in sections of seconds during which the control loop measured values are logged during the operation of the device and displayed by the trend display *(see chap. 7.12, pg. 94)*.

Menu
▶ Event logging
▶ Event display

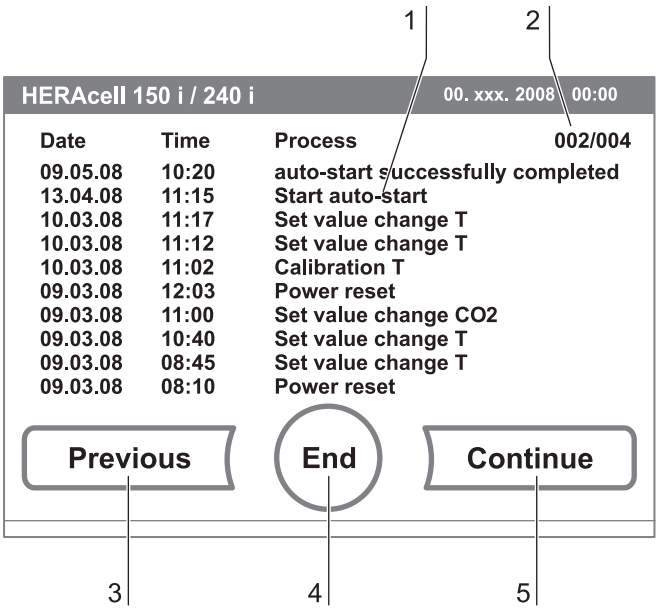



Fig. 49: Event display

Menu
▶ Event logging
▶ Recording Interval

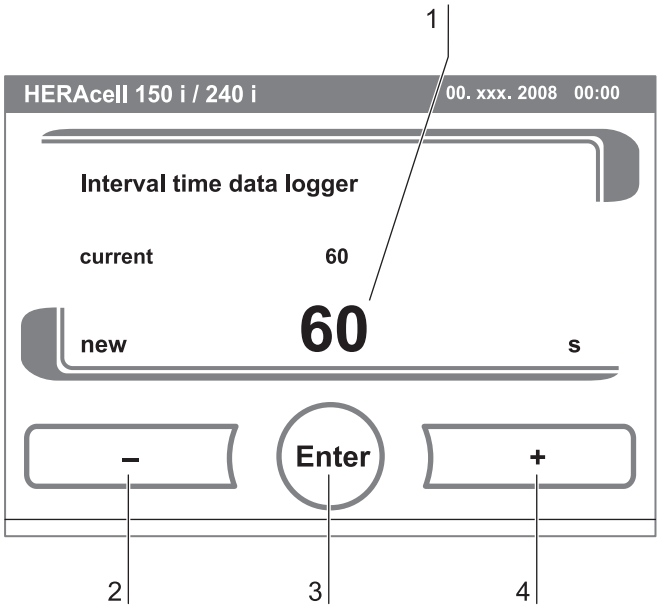



Fig. 50: Logging cycle setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Fig. 50:** The settings can be made within the value range of 10 seconds to 3600 seconds.

1. To increase the value:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the value:
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

## NOTE

**Event logger interval time:**

**The logging cycle time does not affect the entries of the error table.**

**Displaying the error table:**
The error table lists the errors detected by the device-integral monitoring system in descending chronological order. The most recently detected error is listed at the top position of 22 possible entries. An entry consists of the control loop in which the error occurred, the date, the time, and an error description. The error table can be displayed but not edited.
If the event display consists of two pages, the user can browse through the list. The status indicator [2] indicates which page of the two is currently being displayed.

1. To browse forward in the error table:
   - ▶ Press the **CONTINUE** key [4].

2. To browse backward in the list:
   - ▶ Press the **PREVIOUS** key.

3. To exit the display:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

Menu
▶ Event logging
▶ Error table

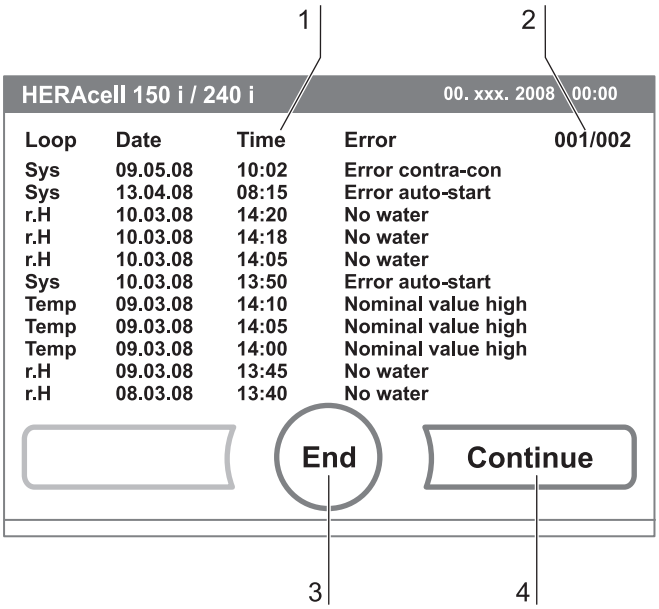



Fig. 51: Error table display

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**NOTE**

**Troubleshooting:**

**For a detailed overview of causes for errors and their correction, please refer to the end of this chapter!**

### 7.11.3 Options

The input dialogs of the **OPTIONS** category comprise all settings of the functional device options:

- Alarm relay,
- Low humidity,
- Gas-tight screen,
- Water level sensor,
- Audible alarm,
- Bottle turning device (optional),
- $O_2$ (optional).

**Setting the alarm relay:**

The alarm relay is the interface for the connection of the device-integral monitoring system to an external monitoring system. Depending on the required input signal of the external monitoring system, network monitoring can be enabled or disabled. If network monitoring is enabled, a power failure is detected as an error. The relay cannot be switched off *(see chap. 5.10, pg. 61)*.

1. To toggle between two states [1]:
   ▶ Press the + key [4].
   or
   ▶ Press the - key [2].

2. To accept and save the change:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

Menu
▶ Options
▶ Alarm relay

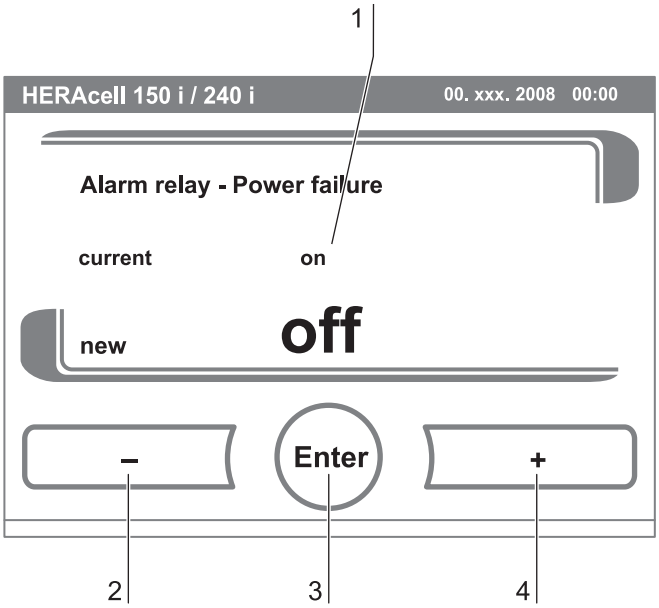



Fig. 52: Alarm relay setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Setting low humidity:**
If condensation occurs on the culture containers due to high relative humidity, the humidity in the work space can be set to a lower level. At the factory, the device control is preset to high humidity (approx. 93% relative humidity).
By enabling the Low Humidity feature, the relative humidity in the work space is lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%. The modification requires an extended adaption phase. To effectively prevent condensation on culture containers, it must be used as a permanent setting.

1. To toggle between two states [1]:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

   or
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].
2. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

**NOTE**

**Low humidity:**

**The enabling/disabling of the Low humidity function is entered into the event list.**
**If the Low humidity function is enabled, the corresponding icon [5] is displayed in the main menu.**

Menu
▶ Options
▶ Low humidity

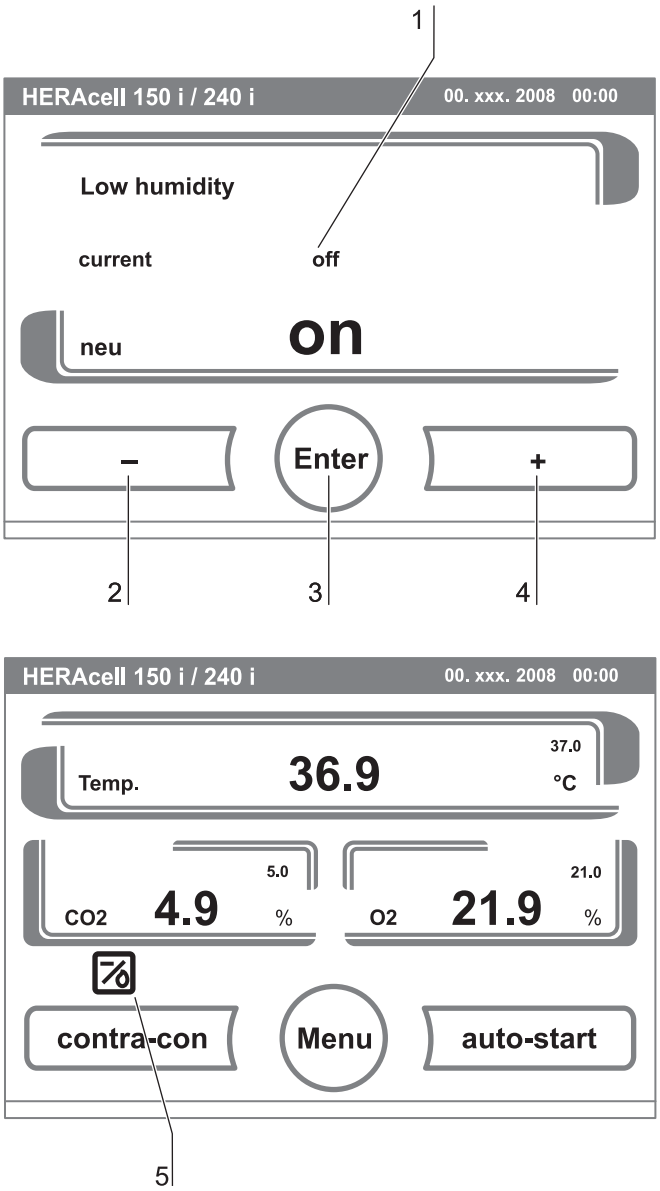



Fig. 53: Low humidity setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Setting the gas-tight screen:**
As the aperture cross-sections are smaller when accessing the samples, devices equipped with the optional gas-tight screen achieve shorter recovery times for the incubation parameters:

- Work space temperature,
- $CO_2$ concentration,
- $O_2$ concentration,
- relative humidity.

After conversion of the device, the device control system must be adjusted to the gas-tight screen option.

**NOTE**

**Malfunction:**

**The conversion to gas-tight screen causes a change of the control parameters. Failure to set the gas-tight screen function in accordance with the actually installed door version may impair the incubation performance.**

1. To toggle between two options [1]:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

   or
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

2. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

**Switching the water level sensor on/off:**
For incubation operation with ambient humidity or if the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water), the water level sensor can be switched off.
This prevents alarm messages for the water level sensor by the device-integral monitoring system from being issued.

1. To toggle between two states [1]:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

   or
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

2. To accept and save the change:

Menu
▶ Options
▶ Gas tight screen

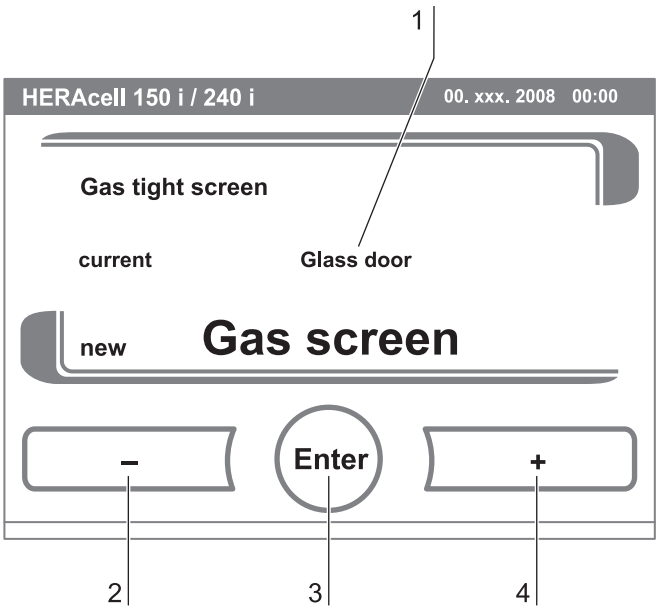



Fig. 54: Gas tight screen setting

Menu
▶ Options
▶ Water level sensor

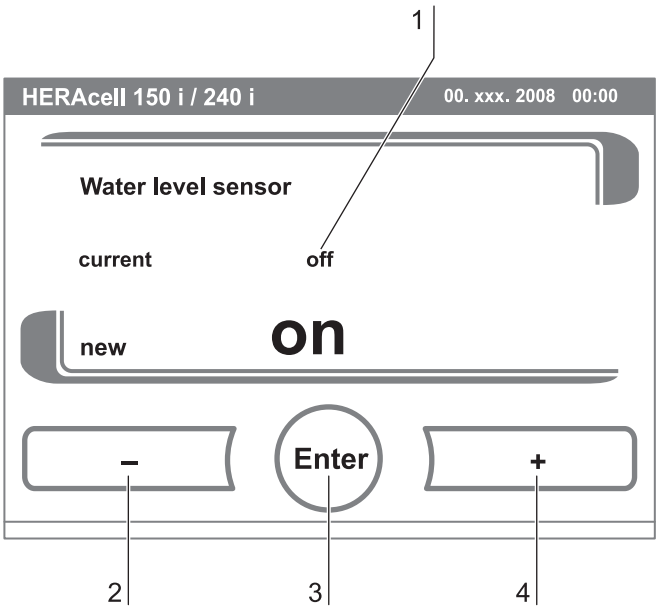



Fig. 55: Water level setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

- ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
- ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

**Switching the audible alarm on/off:**
If the device-integral monitoring system detects an error:
- an audible alarm sounds
- in addition to the visual error message and the switching of the alarm relay.

The audible alarm can be permanently disabled:

1. To toggle between two states [1]:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

   or
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

2. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

**Setting the bottle turning device speed (option available only on HERAcell® 240 i):**
If the device has been configured at the factory for the bottle turning device function, the main menu displays the bottle turning device icon.
The speeds of the drive rollers can be set separately for each level within a value range of 0% to 100% *(see chap. 4.10.8, pg. 47)*.
The drive roller of a bottle turning insert is activated as soon as a value> 0 for the speed has been entered and saved.

1. To increase the value:
   - ▶ Press the + key [4].

2. To reduce the value:
   - ▶ Press the - key [2].

3. To switch the drive roller of one level off:
   - ▶ Set the value to 0%.

4. The value change appears in the display [1].

5. To accept and save the change:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Bottle Turning Device menu.

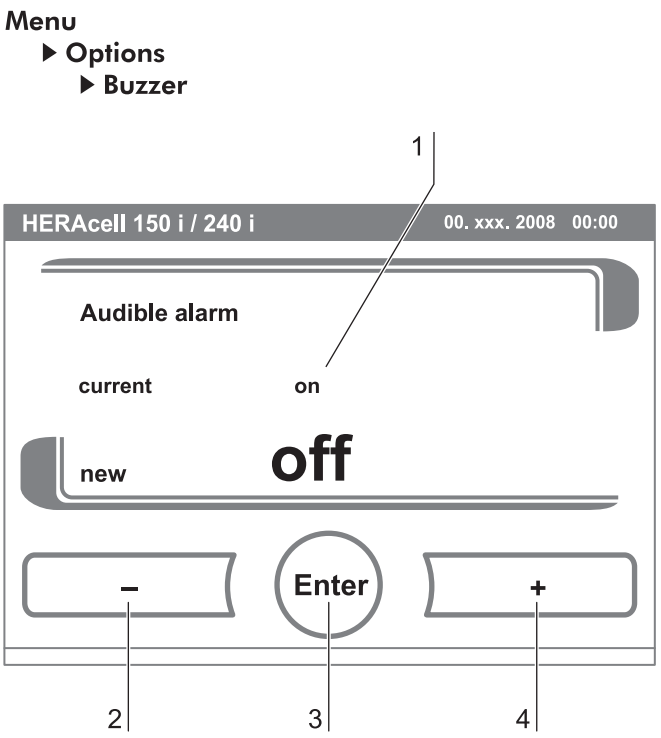



Fig. 56: Alarm relay setting

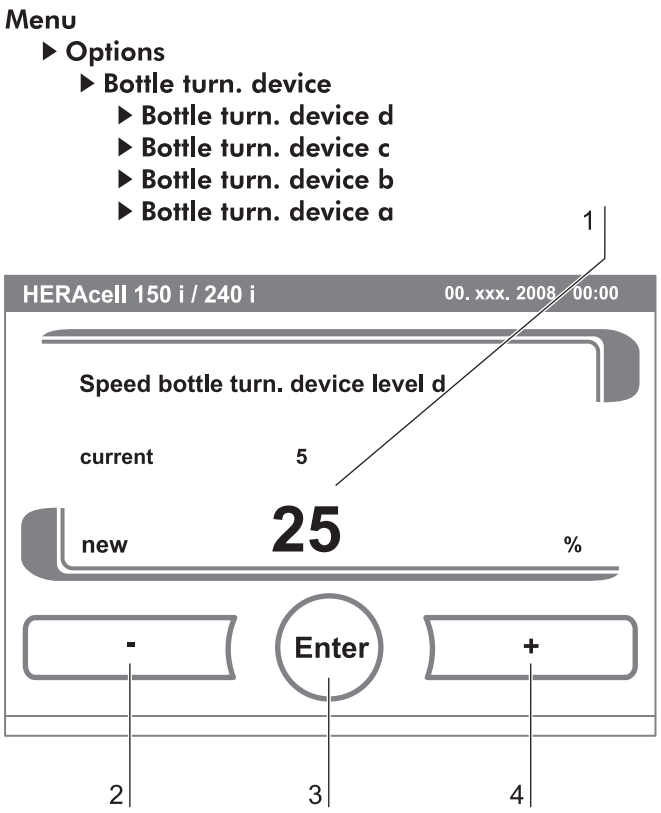



Fig. 57: Bottle turning device speed setting

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**NOTE**

**Quick access to bottle turning device levels:**

**To directly access the Bottle turning device submenu, touch the Bottle turning device icon in the main menu.**

**Switching the $O_2$ control on and off:**
Depending on the requirements to the work process, the $O_2$ control can be switched on and off. This setting is possible only on versions with the optional $O_2/N_2$ control.

1. To toggle between two states of the $O_2$ control:
   - ▶ Press the **+** key [4].

   or
   - ▶ Press the **-** key [2].

2. The value change appears in the display [1].

3. To accept and save the setting:
   - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the Options menu.

**NOTE**

**$O_2$ value display:**

**If the $O_2$ control has been switched off, the $O_2$ display does not show an actual value (- - -).**
**This procedure provides protection for the $O_2$ sensor.**
**If the set value is set to 21%, the $O_2$ control loop is not monitored. This applies to both $O_2$ control ranges:**
- **Control range I: 1% to 21%**
- **Control range II: 5% to 90%**

**In this case, the $O_2$ display shows the actual value.**

**Airing the work space:**

**If the device was operated with $O_2$ or $N_2$, the work space must be aired after the $O_2$ control has been switched off.**

Menu
▶ Options
▶ O2

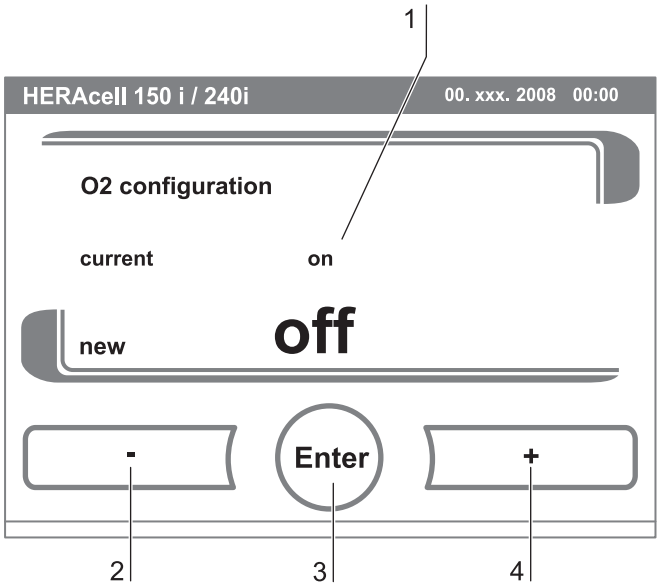



Fig. 58: Switching the $O_2$ control on and off

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Gas monitoring:**

**The switching state of the $O_2$ control loop does not affect the function of the optional gas monitoring system. The gas monitoring system remains active even when the $O_2$ control is switched off or the $O_2$ sensor is disabled.**

### 7.11.4 Icon description

Essential operating states or error messages, e.g. keypad lock [3], low humidity [4] or bottle turning device [5] are displayed as icons in the touchscreen main menu in addition to the entries in the event or in the error table.
The Icon Description dialog box [1] explains the meaning of the individual icons.

- To exit the display:
  - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
  - ▶ The system returns to the Configuration menu.

**Function of the individual icons:**
**Bottle turning device:**
This function indicator shows that the device has been configured for operation with the optional bottle turning device.
The Bottle Turning Device dialog box can also be accessed directly by touching the Bottle Turning Device icon in the main menu.

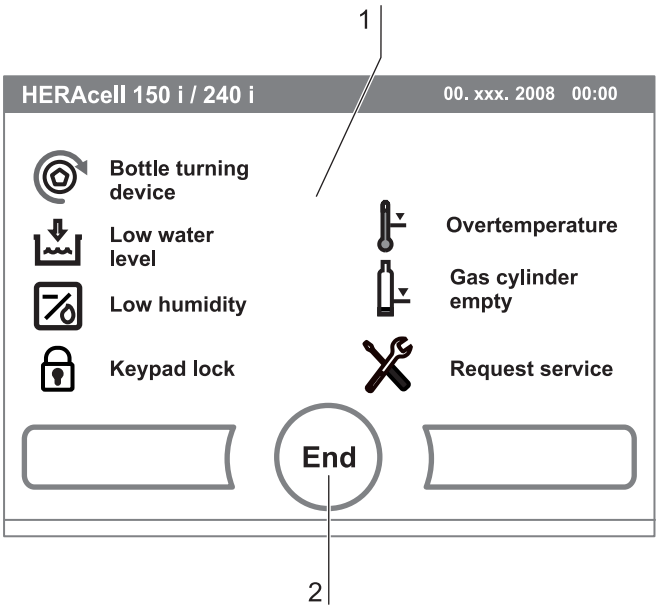
**Low water level:**
This error indicator shows that the water level sensor has detected a low water level.

**Low humidity:**
This function indicator shows that the relative humidity in the work space has been lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%.

**Keypad lock:**
This function indicator shows that the keypad lock has been activated so that currently the settings cannot be changed.

**Overtemperature:**
This error indicator shows that the device control has activated the overtemperature protection and has switched to backup control.

Menu
▶ Icon discription



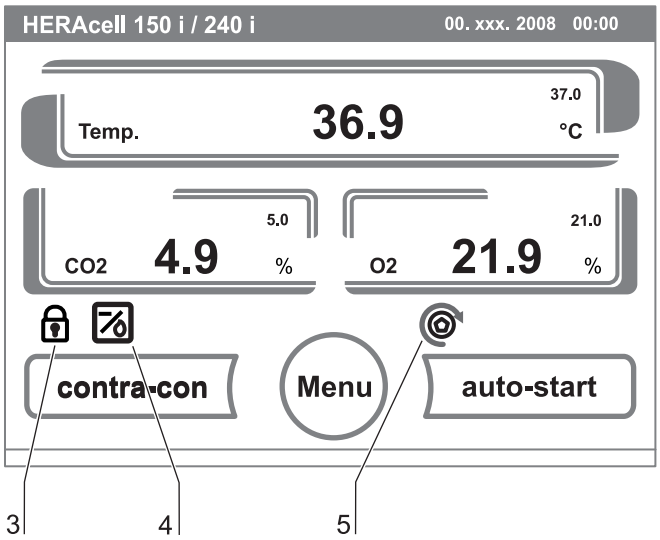




Fig. 59: Icon description overview

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Gas cylinder empty:**
Error message, indicating, that the filling level of one or of serveral gas cylinders is too low to ensure regular gas supply.
The monitoring function is available only for device versions with the optional gas monitoring system.

**Request service:**
This indicator shows that the routine service is due. The display of the icon is controlled by the time entry in the **REMINDER INTERVAL** dialog box and it appears after the reminder message has been confirmed.

**Gas cylinder filling level display (optional):**
If the device is equipped with the optional gas monitoring system the icons [1] for gas cylinder A and gas cylinder B appear in the corresponding $CO_2$ display / $O_2$ display. The icons indicate the gas cylinder filling level (full / empty).
The icon with the blue frame indicates the bottle not in use that will be switched over to continue the supply.

- Manual changeover to a full gas cylinder is possible.
  - ▶ Press the cylinder icon with the blue frame.

or

- changeover can occur automatically, if:
  - ▶ the cylinder pressure drops below 0.6 bar.

After a manual or automatic changeover of the gas supply, another changeover is inhibited for 30 seconds. It takes approximately 2 minutes before the filling level of the new cylinder has been determined and can be displayed.
The gas monitoring system monitors the filling state of the two connected gas cylinders.
If one cylinder is empty:

- no audible alarm sounds but an error message is displayed,
- an entry is written into the event list.

If both bottles are empty:

- an audible alarm sounds and the alarm relay switches,
- an error message is displayed,
- an entry is written into the error table,
- an entry is written into the event list.

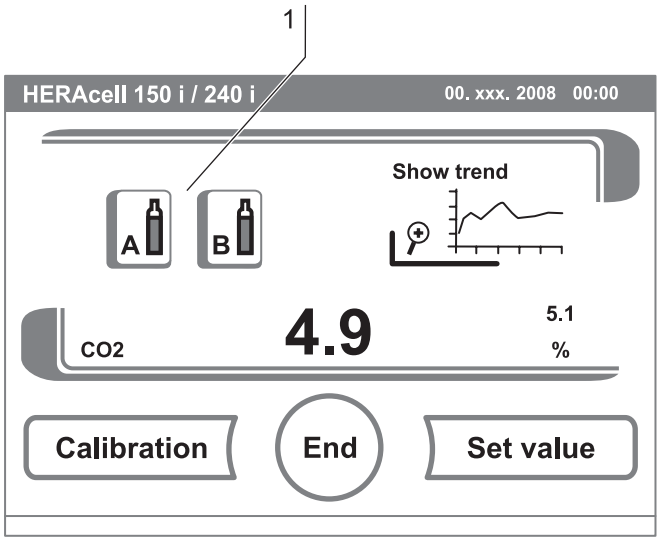



Fig. 60: Gas monitoring icons

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

NOTE

**Cylinder changeover:**

**A manual or automatic changeover of a gas cylinder is entered into the event display.**

### 7.11.5 Enabling/disabling the keypad lock

This input dialog box allows the keypad lock to be enabled or disabled. At the factory, the keypad lock is preset to the standard code 0000.

1. Enter the 4-digit code using the keypad. The input appears encrypted in the display [1].

2. To delete complete incorrect input:
   - Press the **DELETE** key [2].

3. To break off the input:
   - Press the **BACK** key[4].

The system returns to the Configuration menu.

4. To confirm the input:
   - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
   - The system returns to the Configuration menu.

NOTE

**Changing an existing code:**

**The currently valid code can be redifined in the KEYPAD LOCK CODE dialog box of the SETTINGS/SETUP menu.** *(see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85)*.

**Resetting the code:**

**If the keypad lock code is no longer available, the code must be reset to the standard code by the Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific.**

Menu
▶ Keypad lock

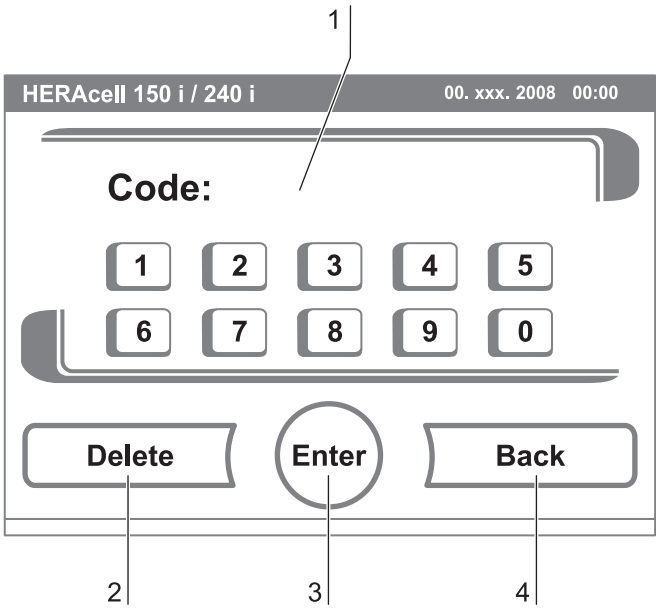



Fig. 61: Enabling/disabling the keypad lock

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

### 7.11.6 Software versions

This menu shows the unit software versions in the display [1].

- To exit the display:
  - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
  - ▶ The system returns to the Configuration menu.

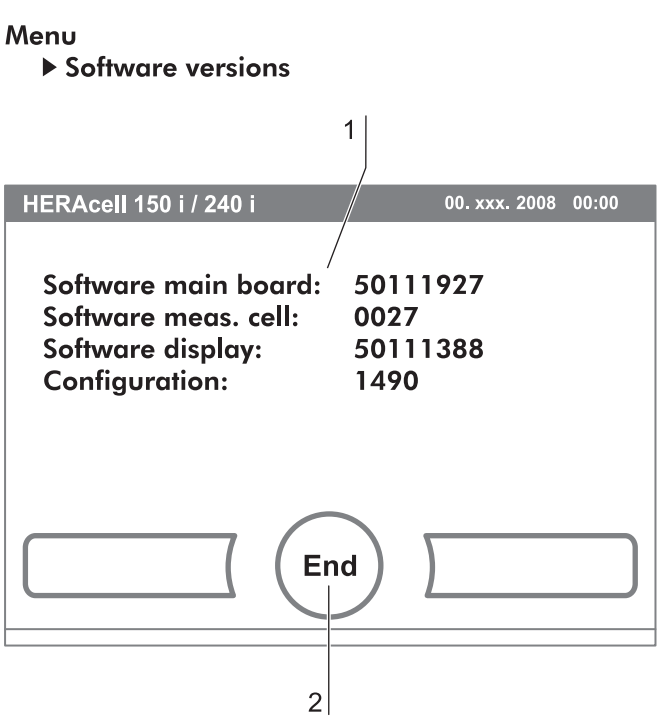



Fig. 62: Software versions

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.12 Scaling the trend display

The trend display of the three control loops:
- Temperature,
- $CO_2$,
- $O_2$,

can be scaled to two different versions.

1. Full screen display
   - ▶ Press the display, for the value required.
   - ▶ press the **SHOW TREND ICON** [1].

2. To display an enlarged section:
   - ▶ Open a rectangular section [2] in the desired area of the diagram using a finger or a pen. The size of the rectangle is determined by dragging a diagonal from the start (press onto screen at left of upper diagram frame) to the end (release at right of lower diagram frame).
   - ▶ Press any position **within** the marked rectangle area [2]. The section is now enlarged.
   - ▶ This process can be repeated any number of times until the section is displayed in the desired enlargement or until the maximal enlargement level (max. 30 event logger elements, i.e. 30 min. process at a logging cycle of 60 seconds).
   - ▶ During zoom mode the trend display can be scrolled forward and back.
3. To return to the total trend:
   - ▶ Open rectangle over a small diagram section and press any position **outside** the marked area.

4. To exit the trend display:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [3].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu.

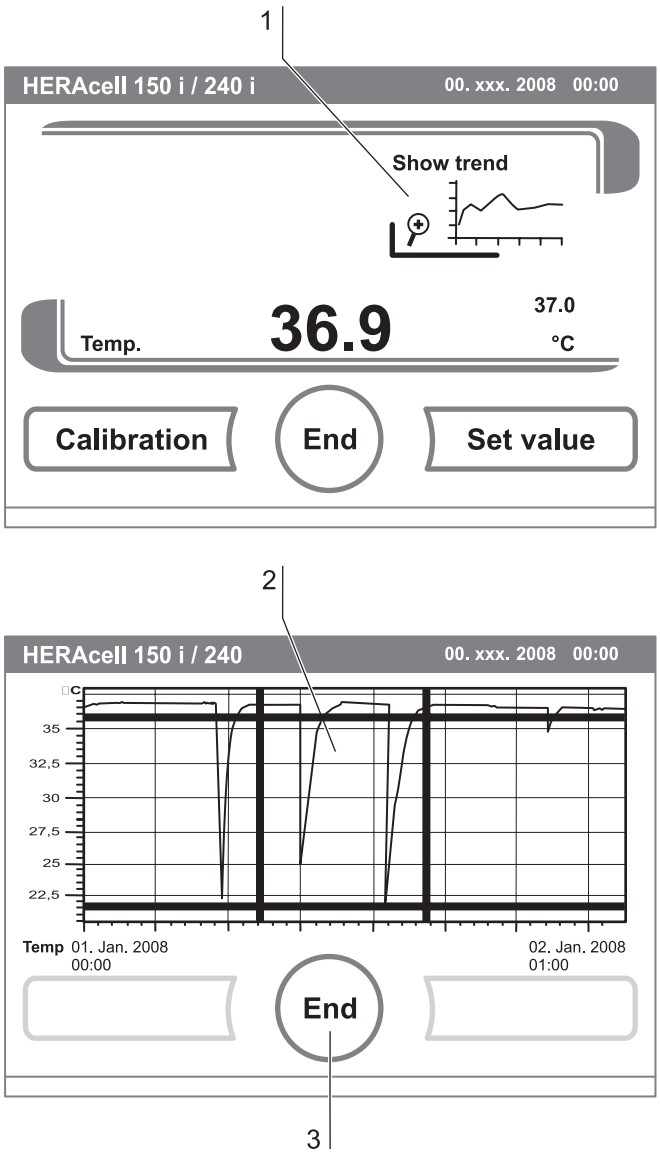



Fig. 63: Trend display scaling

**NOTE**

**Logging cycle:**

**The time interval of the data logging cycle can be redefined in the INTERVAL TIME EVENT LOGGER dialog box** *(see chap. 7.11.2, pg. 83)*.

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

## 7.13 Error messages

The error detection system is an integral element of the device-internal control system. It monitors the control loops and their sensors. If an error is detected in the system, the alarm relay switches and issues the following signals and messages:

- An audible alarm sounds,
- a flashing warning triangle [1] is displayed in the main menu; the value indicators are no longer updated,
- the detected error is listed in the error table,
- the event is entered into the event display.

### 7.13.1 Response to an error message event

If the alarm relay was switched due to a user action, the switching state can be reset by accepting the error message (e.g. for the manual cancellation of the contra-con decontamination routine).
If the alarm relay was switched due to a techical defect, the switching state remains active until the defect has been corrected (e.g. low water level in work space).

1. To accept the failure message:
   - ▶ Press any position on the touchscreen.
   - ▶ The Error dialog box [2] apppears and the detected error is displayed,
   - ▶ the audible alarm is switched off.

2. To exit the error display:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [3].
   - ▶ The error message disappears.

### 7.13.2 Troubleshooting

The error tables indicate source of error, cause of error, and possible corrections.
For any communication with the Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific, please have the device data ready.

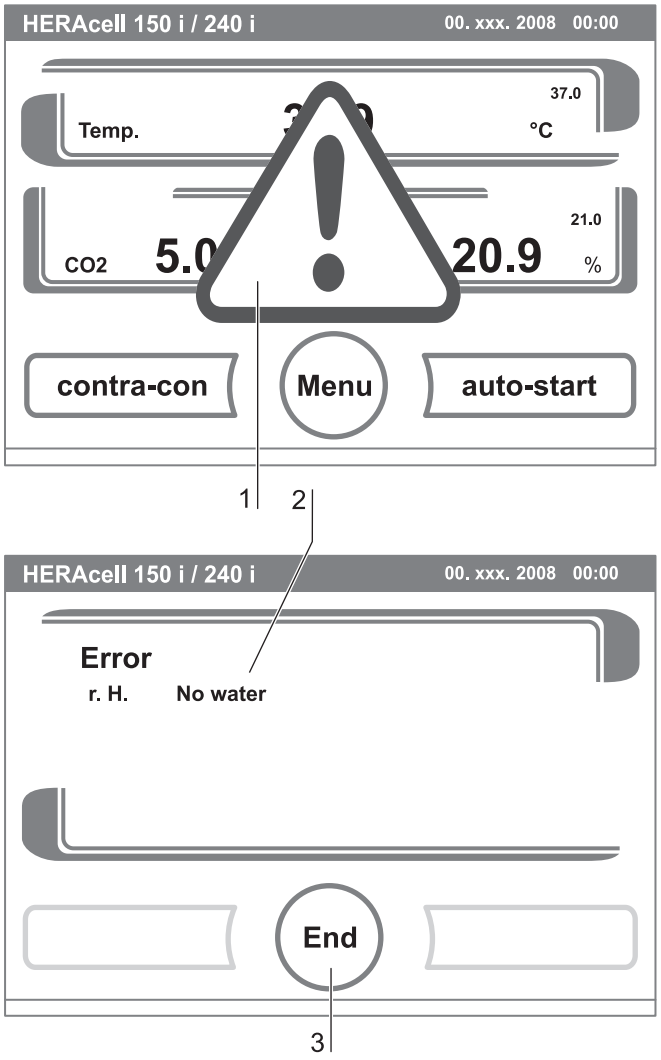



Fig. 64: Event error messages

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Error message overview:**

| Control loop | Error message | Cause | Repair | Alarm relay | Buzzer |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| System | Device door open too long | Doors open for more than 10 minutes. | Close device doors | x | x |
| | Failure display | Communication between display and main board faulty | Contact Service when failure is recuring | x | x |
| | Failure EEPROM main board | EEPROM on main board is faulty. | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Failure communication mainboard | Communication between display and main board faulty *1) | Contact Service when failure is recuring | | |
| | System - Failure data logger | Failure during recording data logger. Device is still working. | Reset device to cancel failure. When failure is recuring contact Service. | | x |
| | Failure contra-con | Failure in contra-con routine | Reset device to cancel failure. When failure is recuring contact Service. | x | x |
| | System - Power down during contra-con | Power failure during contra-con routine | Reset device and start contra-con again. | x | x |
| | Failure upon auto-start | Failure during auto-start routine | Reset auto-start. When failure is recuring contact Service. | x | x |
| | System - Safety circuit active | Temperature signal plausibility doubtful *2) | Reset device. When failure is listed several times, contact Service. | | |
| | Failure bottle turning device | Communication between bottle turning device and main board faulty | Contact Service | x | x |
| | | | | | |
| Tempe-rature | Sensor breakage | Detected value is out of limit. | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Actual value above | Act. val. > nom. val. + 1°C *3) | Do not exceed ambient temperature limit | x | x |
| | Actual value below | Act. val. < nom. val. - 1°C *4) | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Calibration values too high / too low | Temperature max. adjustment value exceeded | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Actual value plausibility doubtful | Temperature signal plausibility doubtful | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Failure communication\ | Measuring cell cannot commuicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |

*1) Error message will be displayed, but not entered in error table.

*2) Error message will be displayed, but not entered in error table.

*3) If failure is detected, a special sample protection controlling will be enabled. To indicate the start of this routine, the icon overtemperature is displayed. The routine will will be disabled after a power reset.

*4) After changing the set value, error time will be set on 159 min., after door opening on 45 min. ( $O_2$ on 159 min.).

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Error message overview:**

| Control loop | Error message | Cause | Repair | Alarm relay | Buzzer |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tempe-ratur | Failure LM75 | LM75 sensor cannot not communicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Failure EEPROM sensor | NV-RAM sensor faulty | Contact Service | x | x |
| | | | | | |
| $CO_2$ | Sensor breakage | Detected value is out of limit. | Reset auto-start. When failure is recuring contact Service. | x | x |
| | Actual value above | Act. val. > nom. val. + 1% *4) | Check gas supply. Reduce prepressure to 1 bar max. | x | x |
| | Actual value below | Act. val. < nom. val. - 1% *4) | Check gas supply. Change gas cylinder. Raise prepressure to 1 bar max.. Check supply line to device. | x | x |
| | Calibration values too high / too low | Max. adjustment value exceeded for $CO_2$ | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Failure communication | Measuring cell cannot commuicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Failure gas cylinder changeover switch | Gas cylinder changeover switch cannot commuicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |
| | No gas | Both CO2 cylinders empty | Replace one or both O2 cylinders. | x | x |
| | Gas cylinder A empty | Gas cylinder A is empty. | Replace gas cylinder A. | | |
| | Gas cylinder B empty | Gas cylinder B is empty. | Replace gas cylinder B. | | |
| | Failure EEPROM sensor | NV-RAM sensor error. | Contact Service | x | x |
| | | | | | |
| $O_2$ | Sensor breakage | Detected value is out of limit. | Contact Service | x | x |
| | Actual value above | Act. val. > nom. val. + 1% *4) | Check gas supply. Reduce prepressure to 1 bar max. | x | x |
| | Actual value below | Act. val. < nom. val. - 1% *4) | Check gas supply. Change gas cylinder. Raise prepressure to 1 bar max.. Check supply line to device. | x | x |
| | Failure communication | $O_2$ sensor cannot commuicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |

*4) After changing the set value, error time will be set on 159 min., after door opening on 45 min. ( $O_2$ on 159 min.).

# 7 Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

**Error message overview:**

| Control loop | Error message | Cause | Repair | Alarm relay | Buzzer |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $O_2$ | Failure gas cylinder changeover switch | Gas cylinder changeover switch cannot commuicate with mainboard | Contact Service | x | x |
| | No gas | Both $CO_2$ cylinders empty | Replace one or both $O_2$ cylinders. | x | x |
| | Gas cylinder A empty | Gas cylinder A is empty. | Replace gas cylinder A. | | |
| | Gas cylinder B empty | Gas cylinder B is empty. | Replace gas cylinder B. | | |
| | | | | | |
| rH | No water | Water level in the incubator under | Fill in water or if the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water), the water level sensor can be switched off. | x | x |

# 8 Shut-down

## 8.1 Shutting the device down

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Contamination hazard!**

**If the work space surfaces are contaminated, germs can be transferred to the environment of the device.**
**In case of a shut-down, the device must be decontaminated!**

1. Remove the culture containers and all accessories from the work space.
2. Pump the water out off the water reservoir (see chap. 9).
3. Fill in 350 ml water and start the contra- con decontamination routine.
4. Turn the device off using the power switch when the contra-con decontamination routine has been completed.
5. Unplug the power connector and protect it against accidental reconnection.
6. Close the $CO_2$/$O_2$/$N_2$ supply system shut-off valves.
7. Disconnect the gas pressure hoses from the sleeve at the rear of the device.
8. Clean the work space and wipe the device dry.
9. Until the device is shut down, the work space must be continuously ventilated. Leave the glass door and the outer door open and secure them in this state.

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

## 9.1 Cleaning

**NOTICE**

**Incompatible cleaners!**



**Some device components are made of plastic. Solvents can dissolve plastics. Strong acids or caustic solutions can cause to become brittle of the plastic.**
**For cleaning plastic components and surfaces, do not use solvents that contain hydrocarbons, solvents with an alcohol content of more than 10% or strong acids or caustic solutions.**

**Moisture-sensitive components!**

**Do not spray cleaning agent onto the touchscreen and the control box at the rear of the device. When wiping the device clean, always make sure that moisture does not enter into these components.**

*Exterior surfaces*

**Cleaning exterior surfaces:**

1. Remove dirt residues and depositions thoroughly using a solution of water and commercial detergent.
2. Wipe the surfaces clean using a clean cloth and clear water.
3. Then, wipe the surfaces dry using a clean cloth.

**Cleaning display:**

**NOTICE**

**Moisture-sensitive display!**

**Do not spray or wipe the display with cleaner.**

- Clean display using a dry cloth of 100% micro fiber!

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

## 9.2 Decontamination procedures

The operator must prepare hygiene regulations for the decontamination of the device in accordance with the application of the device.

*Disinfection procedure*

The following disinfection procedures are compatible with the device:

**Wipe/spray disinfection:**
The wipe/spray disinfection is used as the standardized manual disinfection procedure for the device and for all accessories.

**contra-con decontamination routine:**
The contra-con decontamination routine uses an automated program cycle to decontaminate the complete work space including the shelf system and the sensors.

## 9.3 Wipe/spray disinfection

*Disinfection stages*

The manual wipe/spray disinfection is carried out in three stages:
- Predisinfection,
- cleaning,
- final disinfection.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Alcoholic disinfectants!**



**Disinfectants with an alcohol content of more than 10% may form, in combination with air, easily combustible and explosive gas mixtures.**
**When using such disinfectants, avoid open flames or exposure to excessive heat during the entire disinfection process!**
- **Use such disinfectants only in adequately ventilated rooms.**
- **After the disinfectant has been allowed to react, wipe the cleaned device components thoroughly dry.**

**Observe safety regulations to avoid fire and/or explosion hazard caused by alcohol-containing disinfectants (ZH 1/598).**

**Chloride-containing disinfectants!**



**Chloride-containing disinfectants can corrode stainless steel.**
- **Use only disinfectants that do not affect stainless steel!**

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

**Preparing the manual wipe/spray disinfection:**

**⚠ WARNING**

**Electric shock!**



**Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock.**
**Prior to cleaning and disinfection work, disconnect the device from the power supply!**

- **Turn the device off using the power switch.**
- **Unplug the power connector and protect it against accidental reconnection.**
- **Check to see if the device is deenergized.**

**Health hazard!**





**The surfaces of the work space may be contaminated. Contact with contaminated cleaning liquids may cause infections.**
**Disinfectants may contain harmful substances.**
**When cleaning and disinfecting, always observe the safety instructions and hygiene regulations!**

- **Wear safety gloves.**
- **Wear safety goggles.**
- **Wear mouth and respiratory system protection gear to protect the mucous membranes.**
- **Observe the safety instructions of the manufacturer of the disinfectant and of the hygiene experts.**

**Predisinfection:**

*Predisinfection*

1. Remove all samples from the work space and store them in a safe place.
2. Pump the water off and remove water residues using a cloth.
3. Spray disinfectant onto the surfaces of the work space and of the accessories or wipe the surfaces clean using disinfectant.

**NOTICE**

**Moisture-sensitive components!**

**Do not spray disinfectant onto the $CO_2$ sensor in the measuring cell baseplate or onto the $O_2$/$N_2$ sensor.**

4. Allow the disinfectant to react as specified by the manufacturer.

**Removing accessories and shelf system:**

1. Remove gas humidification, bottle turning device and/or shelves, then remove the entire shelf system from the work space.
   For removal and installation of the shelf system, please refer to Section 5.2.
2. If required, remove the blower wheel and its cover from the baseplate

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

of the measuring cell. The wheel and the cover can be autoclaved.

**Removing blower wheel and cover:**

**⚠ WARNING**

**Electric shock!**

**Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock.**
**Prior to removing the blower wheel, switch the device off and disconnect it from the power supply system.**

1. Remove the two retaining screws of the cover using the supplied Allen wrench (3 mm) and remove the cover.
2. The blower wheel is secured to the axle by a set screw. Remove the set screw using the Allen wrench (2 mm) and pull the blower wheel off.

**Cleaning the work space and accessories:**

1. Thoroughly remove dirt residues and deposits using a solution of tepid water and dishwashing agent.
2. Wipe the surfaces clean using a clean cloth and plenty of clear water.
3. Remove the cleaning liquid from the water tray and wipe all surfaces of the work space thoroughly dry.
4. Wipe accessories thoroughly dry.

*Final disinfection*

**Final disinfection:**

1. Spray disinfectant again onto the work space, the shelf system, and the removed components and wipe them clean.
2. Allow the disinfectant to react as specified by the manufacturer.
3. Reinstall the shelf system and the removed components.

**NOTE**

**Functional check:**

**After the installation, check to see if the blower wheel is securely attached to the axle and if it can rotate freely, then secure cover using the screws.**

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

## 9.4 contra-con decontamination routine

*contra-con process*

The entire program run of the decontamination routine takes approximately 25 hours.
During this routine, a hot and humid atmosphere at 90 °C with highly decontaminating effect is created in the work space. The effectiveness of the contra-con decontamination routine has been certified by independent institutes. Information on these tests is available from Thermo Scientific upon request.
After the run has been completed, the device must be started up again using the auto-start routine.

**NOTE**

**Conditions that prevent the start of the contra-con decontamination routine:**

**The contra-con routine cannot be started if one of the following failure conditions exists.**
**Temperature control loop:**

- **Sensor breakage,**
- **actual value above set value (excessive deviation),**
- **actual value below set value (excessive deviation),**
- **set value not plausible,**
- **calibration values too high or too low,**
- **sensor communication failure,**
- **sensor parameter not plausible,**
- **no communication with LM 75.**

**Control loop for $CO_2$ gas supply:**

- **No communication with sensor.**

**In this case, the conta-con key is dimmed and its function is not available.**

**Overtemperature protection:**

**If the overtemperature protection was enabled on the device, the contra-con decontamination routine cannot be started before the fault hes been corrected or reset.**

**No gas is supplied during the contra-con decontamination routine on versions with the optional gas monitoring system:**

**If the error „no gas" occurs during the contra-con decontamination routine, the audible alarm is triggered. The alarm can be confirmed by pressing on any position on the display. In this case, the contra-con decontamination routine is not cancelled. The alarm relay remains switched until the gas monitoring system detects a full gas cylinder again.**

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

**Optional bottle turning device:**

**Before starting the contra-con decontamination routine, all rollers must be removed from the incubator. The electrical connection sockets must then be sealed with the protecting caps.**
**The rack that supports the rollers may be left in place for the duration of the cycle.**

*contra-con procedure*

**Procedure of a contra-con decontamination routine:**

1. After cleaning, reinstall the shelf system components into the work space.
2. Fill the floorpan with 350 ml processed water.
3. Turn the device on using the power switch.
4. Activate and start the decontamination routine.
5. After the decontamination routine has been completed, remove the remaining water using a sterile cloth.
6. Turn the device off or resume operation.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Hot surfaces!**



**The handle and the screen of the glass door, the interior panel of the outer door as well as the surfaces of the shelf system and of the work space become extremely hot during the contra-con decontamination routine.**
**During the routine run or immediately after completion of the run, always wear safety gloves when touching these surfaces!**

**NOTICE**

**Damage to the samples!**

**During the contra-con decontamination routine, the work space is heated up to 90 °C.**
**Make sure that:**

- **all samples are removed from the work space,**
- **all accessories are removed from the work space.**

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

**Operating phases of contra-con decontamination**:
The remaining run time of the contra-con decontamination routine describes the time between the start or the current time status to the end of the drying phase. The indicated remaining run times are not measured values but merely used for orientation.
The routine is divided into five phases:

1. Heating phase,
2. decontamination phase,
3. condensation,
4. cool-down,
5. drying.

**Heating phase**: Remaining run time approx. 25 hours.
The work space is heated to a temperature of 90° C while an elevated relative humidity is created.

**Decontamination phase:** Remaining run time approx 23 hours.
After the decontamination atmosphere has been created, the decontamination phase of approx. 9 hours is started. The temperature is maintained at 90°C.

**Condensation:** Remaining run time approx. 14 hours.
The floor heating is switched off, the temperature is maintained only by the sidewall heating. This function is activated to reduce the created moisture before the cool-down and to collect it at the work space floor.

**Cool-down phase**: Remaining run time approx. 8 hours.
The device cools down until the originally set temperature set value is reached.

**Postheating phase**: Remaining run time approx. 1 hour
During the postheating phase, condensate within the device is eliminated as far as possible; remaining condensate accumulates at the bottom of the work space.
.
**End of the decontamination routine**: Remaining run time 0 hours
When the remaining run time has elapsed to 0 hours, the device has reached the originally set working temperature again (e.g. 37 °C). The contra-con decontamination routine must then be stopped by pressing the appropriate key.

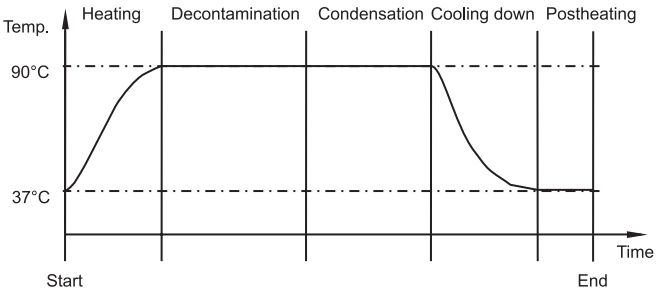



Fig. 65: Decontamination routine phases

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

### 9.4.1 Activating the contra-con routine

**Fig. 66:** The contra-con decontamination routine is used to decontaminate the complete work space .

1. Press the **CONTRA-CON** key [1].
   - ▶ The contra-con-instruction menu [2] is displayed.

2. To exit the contra-con-instruction menu and contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [4].
   - ▶ The system returns to the main menu.

3. To activate contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **START** key [3].
   - ▶ The contra-con-instruction menu [2] is displayed.

4. To air the work space, open both device doors when the audible alarm sounds after 30 seconds.

5. Remove all samples from the work space.

6. Pump the water out of the floorpan and wipe off water residues.

7. Fill the floorpan of the work space with 350 ml processed water.

8. Close both device doors.
   - ▶ The run of the contra-con decontamination routine starts.
   - ▶ **Fig. 67:** While the contra-con decontamination routine is running, the display shows the current status [5] and outputs the following information:
     - Temperature,
     - start time,
     - phase,
     - remaining run time.

### 9.4.2 Interrupting contra-con

**Fig. 66:** The contra-con decontamination routine can be interrupted at any time.

1. To interrupt contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **STOP** key [6].

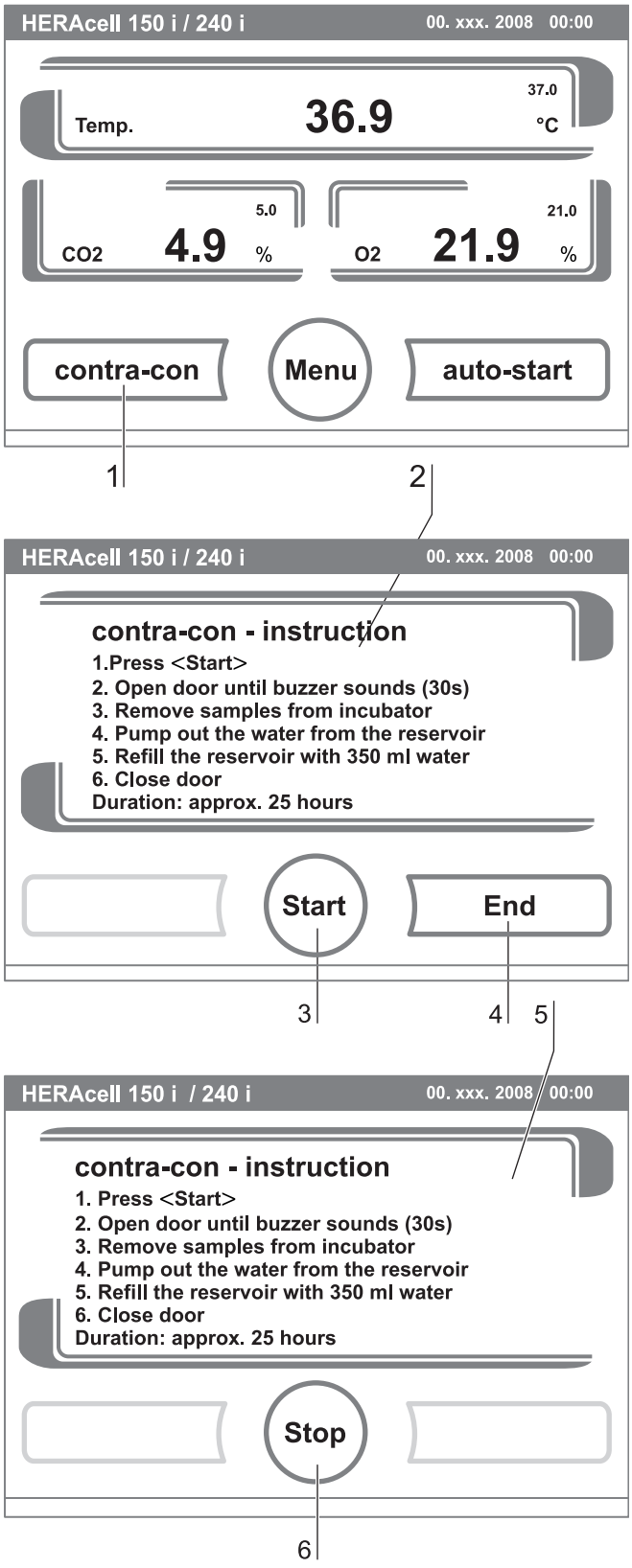



Fig. 66: Activating contra-con

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

If the **STOP** key is pressed, the routine is interrupted and the contra-con Stop dialog box is opened as a security request. The routine can now be ultimately cancelled or resumed.

2. To cancel contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
   - ▶ The error message is displayed.
   - ▶ If the error message is confirmed, the system returns to the main menu.

3. To resume contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **BACK** key [1].
   - ▶ The system returns to the status display, and the decontamination routine is resumed.

4. To interrupt contra-con from the status display:
   - ▶ Press the **STOP** key [4].
   - ▶ The contra-con Stop dialog box is displayed as a security request (see above). Proceed with work step 2. (see section above).

### 9.4.3 contra-con interruption due to error

If an error occurs while the decontamination routine is run, an error message [3] is displayed and the following actions are initiated:

- – The decontamination routine automatically changes to the cool-down phase,
- – the audible alarm sounds.

1. To confirm the audible alarm:
   - ▶ Press any position on the display.
   - ▶ The audible alarm is switched off. The **END** key is displayed.

     If the decontamination routine is not cancelled after this, cool-down to the set temperature occurs.

2. To cancel contra-con:
   - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
   - ▶ The error message is displayed.
   - ▶ If the error message is confirmed, the system returns to the main menu.

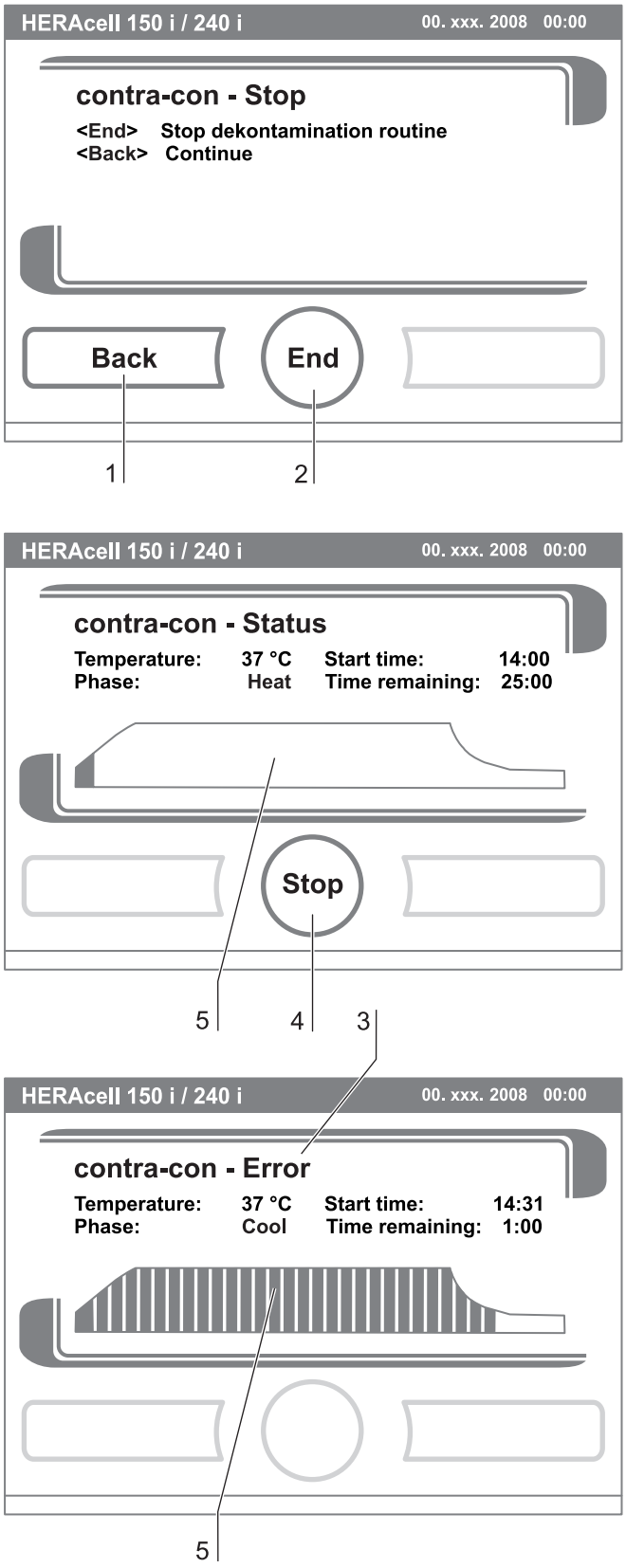



Fig. 67: Interrupting / cancelling contra-con

# 9 Cleaning and disinfection

### 9.4.4 Completing contra-con

After the five phases have been completed, the Stop **CONTRA-CON DECONTAMINATION ROUTINE** dialog box [1] is displayed.
The decontamination routine must be stopped manually.

- To stop contra-con:
  - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
  - ▶ The system returns to the main menu.

**NOTE**

**Opening door during contra-con decontamination:**

**If the door will be opened and closed again whilst contra-con decontamination is running, the routine returns to a phase which will ensure a continuation without faults.**

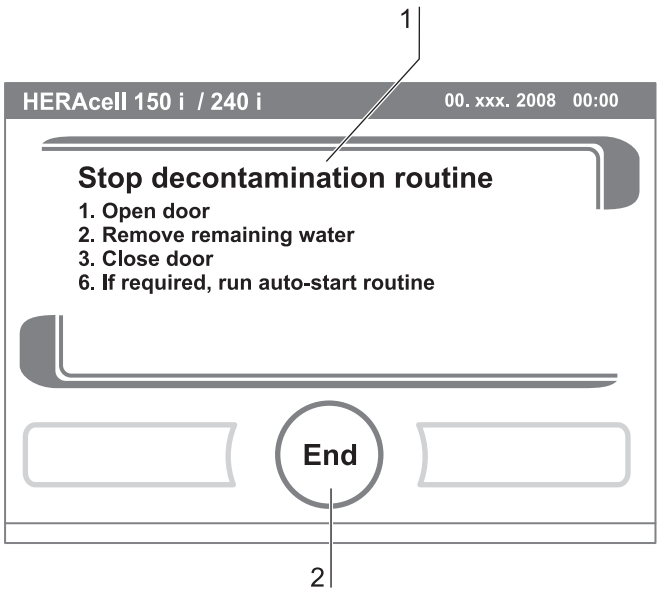



Fig. 68: contra-con completion

# 10 Maintenance

## 10.1 Inspections and checks

To ensure the operativeness and the operational safety of the device, the functions and device components listed below must be checked at different intervals.

**Daily check:**
- Gas supply of the $CO_2$ supply system.
- Gas supply of the $O_2/N_2$ supply system.

**Annual inspection:**
- Tightness of the glass door seal.
- Permeability of the pressure compensation opening with insert.
- Functional check of the operating panel and of the device control.
- Electrical safety check in accordance with the relevant national regulations (e.g. VBG 4).

**NOTE**

**Functional check:**

**If safety devices were removed or disabled for inspections, the device must not be operated before the safety devices have been reinstalled and checked for their correct function.**

## 10.2 Service intervals

During running operation, the following service works must be performed:

**3-month service:**
- Run auto-start routine and contra-con decontamination routine,
- perform temperature and $CO_2/O_2$ comparison measurement.

**Annual service:**
- Replace gas inlet filter.
- Perform Technical Service service inspection.

**NOTE**

**Service contract:**

**Thermo Scientifc offer a device-specific service contact that comprises all test and service works required.**

# 10 Maintenance

## 10.3 Preparing the temperature calibration

To determine the exact measured value of the device-integral temperature sensor, a temperature comparison measurement has to be performed every three months.
If a major temperature deviation is found during this check, a temperature calibration is required.
During this process, the temperature control of the device is set to the value measured during the temperature comparison measurement.
Use a calibrated measuring instrument with an accuracy of > ± 0.1°C for this test. To minimize temporary temperature fluctuations during the measurement, the measuring instrument is placed into the work space in an isothermal container (e.g. a bowl filled with glycerol). The center of the work space is the reference location for the comparison measurement.

**NOTE**

**Isothermal container:**

**Do not use a container filled with water as isothermal container as the evaporation of water will result in a lower temperature reading.**

**Excessive work space temperature:**

**Excessive work space temperature after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the doors open for approx. 30 seconds.**

**Comparison measurement procedure:**

1. Turn the device on using the power switch.
2. Set the temperature set value and allow the device to be heated. This may take up to several hours.
3. Place the measuring instrument [3] onto the center area of the work space.
   Alternatively, a temperature sensor may be positioned in this location. Route the connecting cable either through the measurement opening [2] in the glass door or through the access port [1] in the rear panel of the device.

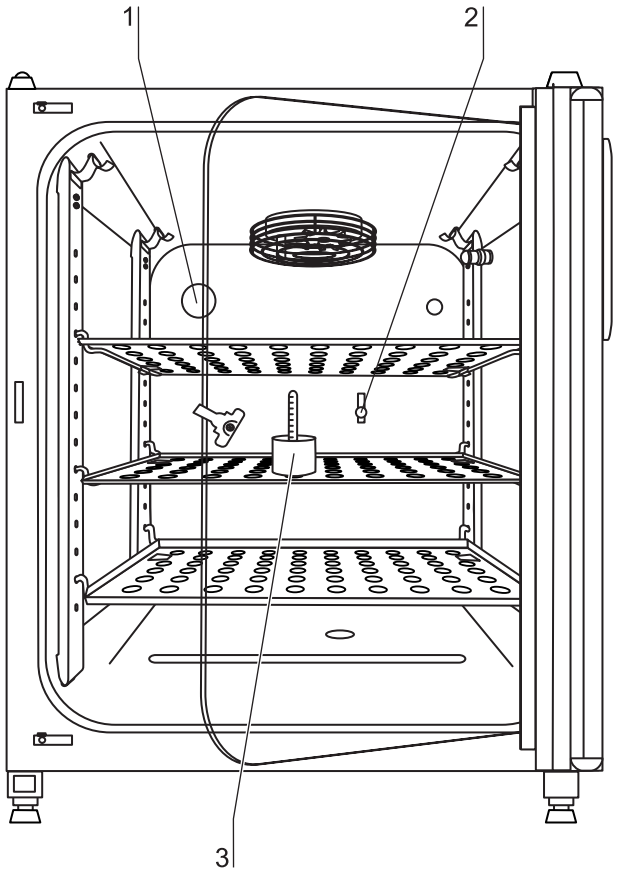



Fig. 69: Preparing the temperature calibration

# 10 Maintenance

4. Close the doors.
5. Wait until the temperature value displayed on the measuring instrument has stabilized.
6. Calibrate the temperature control as described in *(see chap. 10.4, pg. 112)*

## 10.4 Temperature calibration procedure

**Measurement example:**

- Temperature set value: 37 °C

Reference temperature: 36.4 °C

1. Press **TEMPERATURE DISPLAY** [1].
   ▶ The temperature menu is displayed.

2. To exit the temperature menu:
   ▶ Press the **END** key [2].

3. To enter the Calibration submenu:
   ▶ Press the **CALIBRATION** key [2].

4. Enter the measured value (targeting value):
   The targeting value can be increased or reduced in increments; if you keep the + key [4] or the – key [6] depressed, the function switches to a rapid increase/reduction; after approx. 3 seconds, another increase/reduction occurs.

   To increase the targeting value:
   ▶ Press the + key [6].

   To reduce the set value:
   ▶ Press the – key [4].

5. To accept and store the targeting value:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   ▶ The system returns to the main menu. The temperature display shows the current actual value measured in the work space.

**NOTE**

**Excessive work space temperature:**

**Excessive work space temperature after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the doors open for approx. 30 seconds.**

.

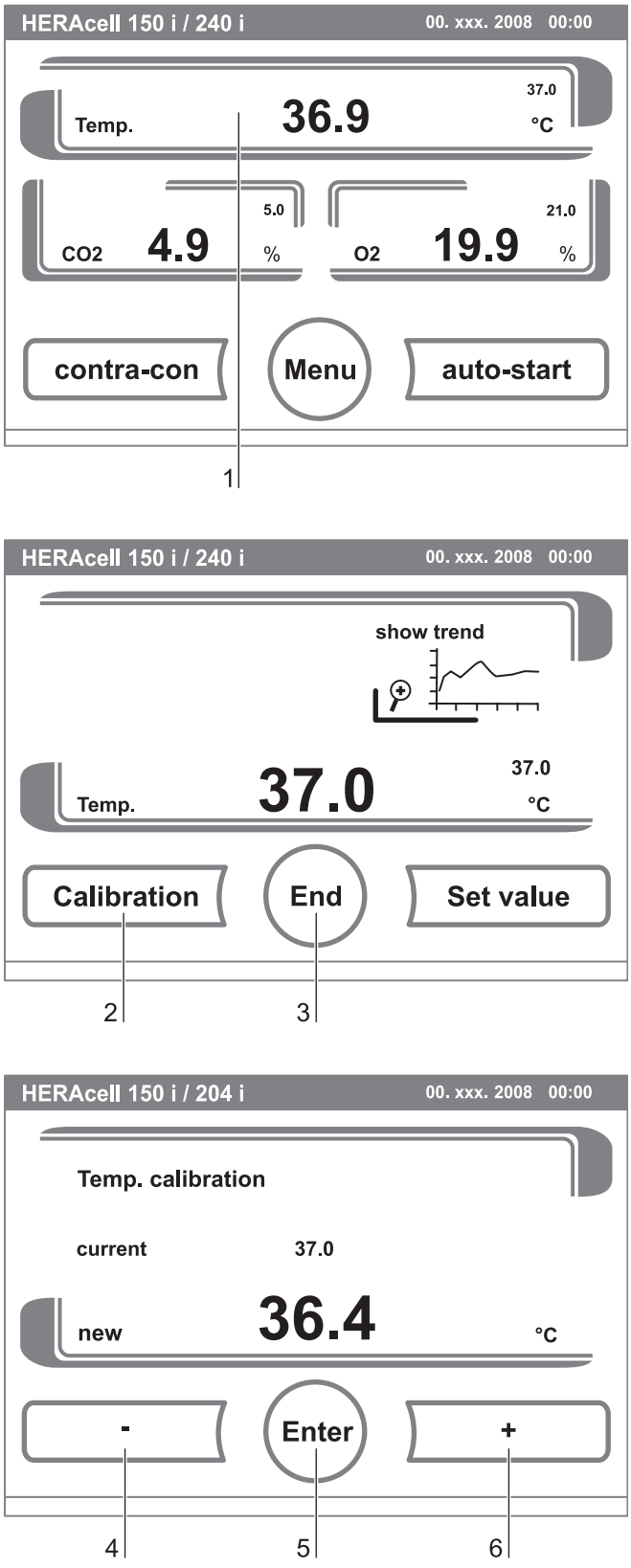



Fig. 70: Temperature calibration procedure

# 10 Maintenance

**Value reset:**

**If the value isn't changed within the next 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu, and the most recently confirmed value is preserved.**

## 10.5 Preparing the $CO_2$ calibration

To determine the exact measured value of the device-integral $CO_2$ sensor, a $CO_2$ comparison measurement has to be performed every three months.
If a major deviation is found during this check, a $CO_2$ calibration is required.
During this process, the $CO_2$ control of the device is set to the value measured during the comparison measurement.
Use a calibrated measuring instrument with an accuracy of ± 0,3 % $CO_2$ for this test.

**Suitable instrument:**

- Portable IR readout instrument.

The measuring sample is withdrawn through the sealable measurement opening of the glass door. The comparison measurement must be performed when the device is completely heated up.

**Comparison measurement procedure:**

1. Turn the device on using the power switch.
2. Set the $CO_2$ set value and start the device with auto-start.
3. Insert the measuring instrument probe through the measurement opening [1] into the work space. Wait until the $CO_2$ value displayed by the instrument has stabilized.

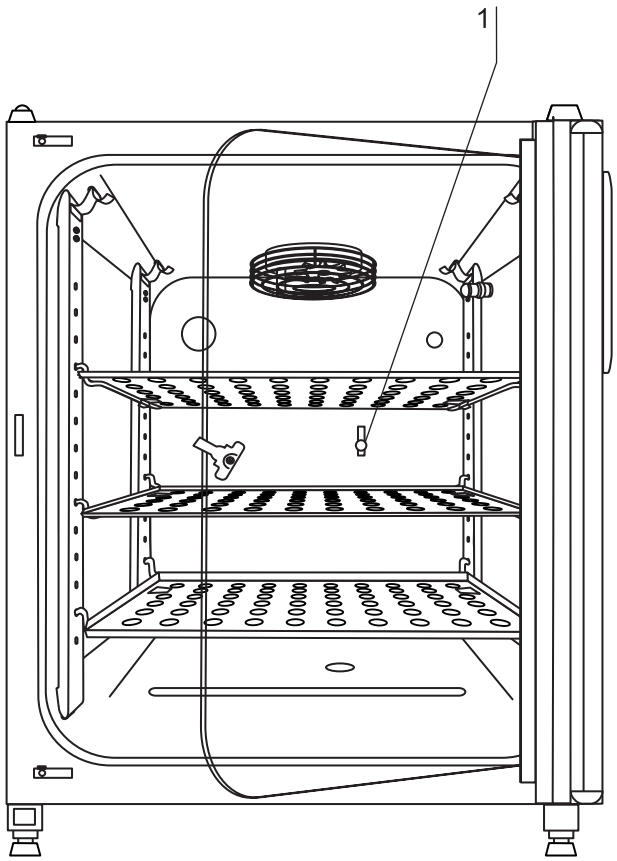



Fig. 71: Preparing $CO_2$ calibration

# 10 Maintenance

4. For devices equipped with the optional gas-tight screen, the measurement opening is located:
   – on HERAcell® 150 i [1] in the center gas-tight screen,
   – on HERAcell® 240 i [2] in the left center gas-tight screen.
5. Remove the measuring probe, plug the measurement opening and close the doors.
6. Calibrate the $CO_2$ control.

**NOTE**

**IR measuring cell:**

**For devices with infrared (IR) measuring cells, the $CO_2$ calibration can only be performed when the $CO_2$ concentration has been set to 4.0% or more.**
**Calibration should be performed with the $CO_2$ set value designated for the work process (prospective work process value).**

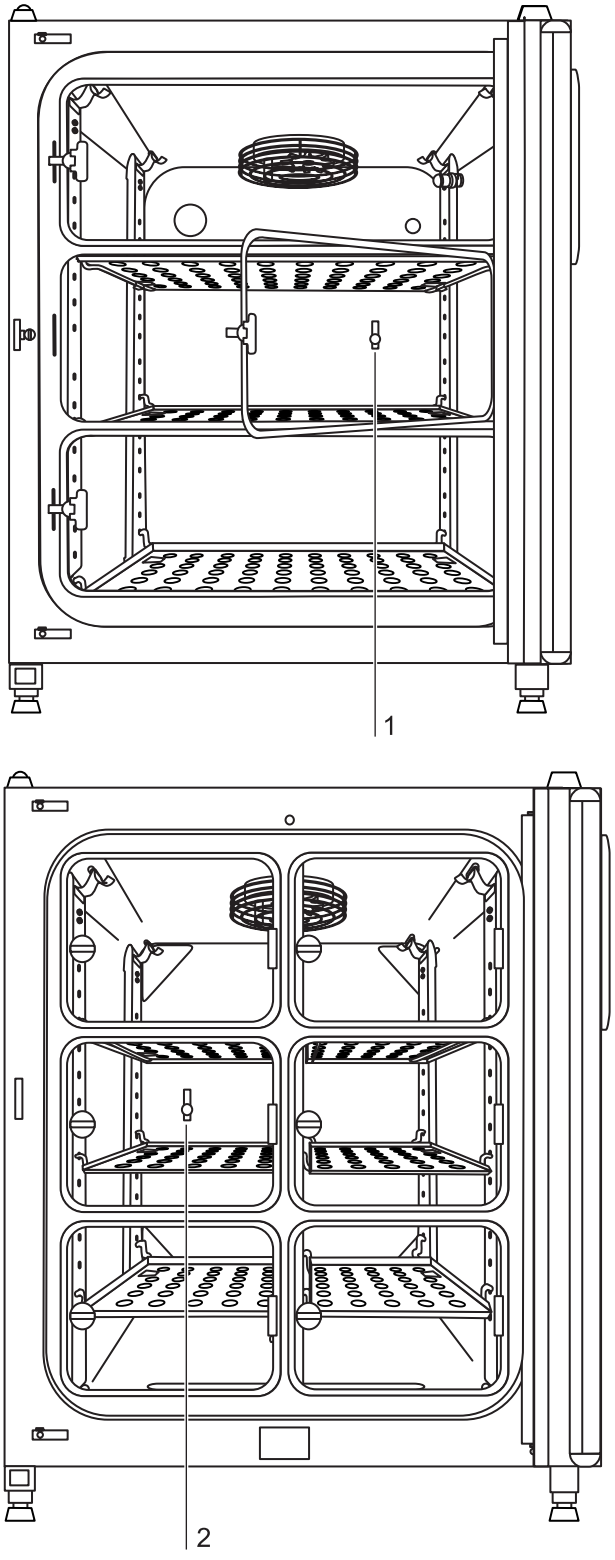



Fig. 72: Gas-tight screen measurement opening

# 10 Maintenance

## 10.6 $CO_2$ calibration procedure

**Measurement example:**
- $CO_2$ set value: 5 %

Reference temperature: 5,6 %

1. Press the $CO_2$ **DISPLAY** key [1].
   ▶ The $CO_2$ menu is displayed.

2. To exit the $CO_2$ menu:
   ▶ Press the **END** key [3].

3. To enter the Calibration submenu:
   ▶ Press the **CALIBRATION** key [2].

4. To enter the measured value (targeting value):
   The targeting value can be increased or reduced in increments; if you keep the + key [4] or the – key [6] depressed, the function switches to a rapid increase/reduction; after approx. 3 seconds, another increase/reduction occurs.

   To increase the targeting value:
   ▶ Press the + key [6].

   To reduce the set value:
   ▶ Press the – key [4].

5. To accept and store the targeting value:
   ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
   ▶ The system returns to the main menu. The temperature display shows the current actual value measured in the $CO_2$ display.

**NOTE**

**Excessive $CO_2$ content:**

**Excessive $CO_2$ content after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the device doors open for approx. 30 seconds.**

**Value reset:**

**If the value isn't changed within the next 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu, and the most recently confirmed value is preserved.**

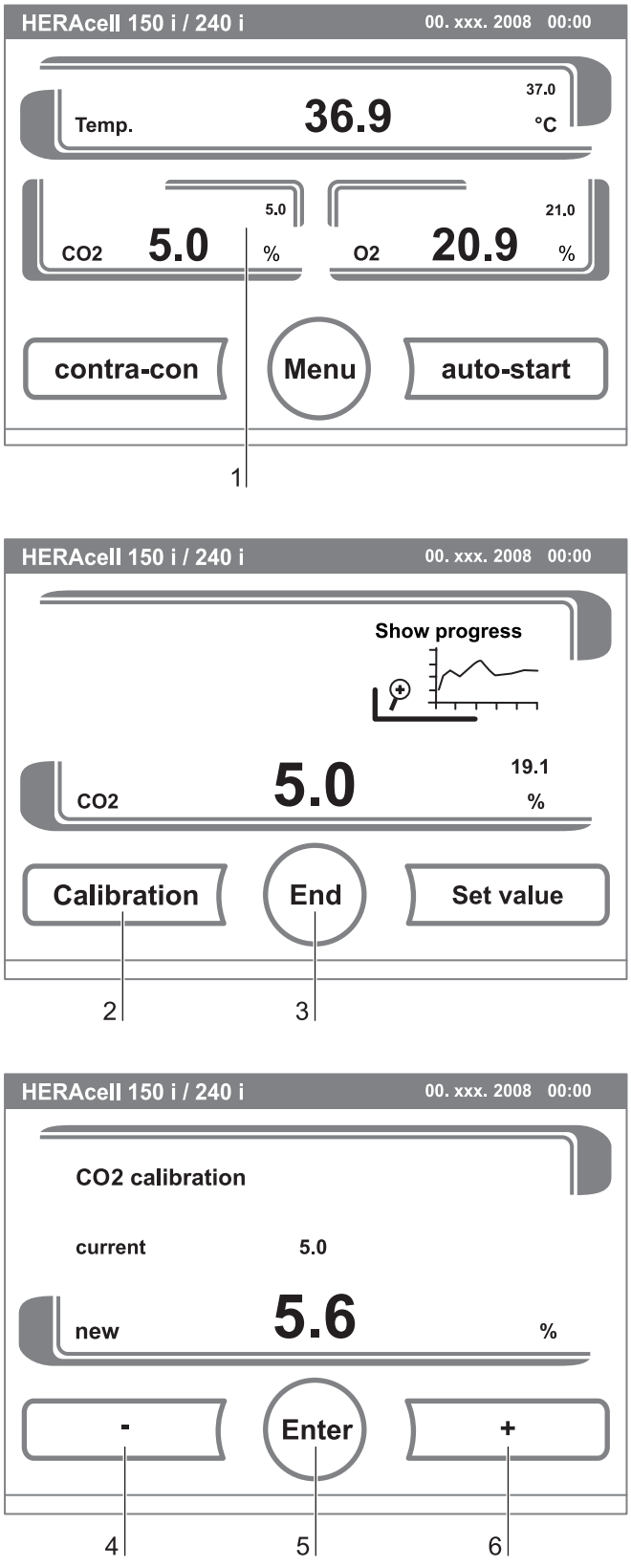



Fig. 73: $CO_2$ calibration procedure

# 10 Maintenance

## 10.7 Replacing the gas inlet filter

**Fig. 74:** The gas inlet filter ($CO_2$-/$O_2$-/$N_2$ supply) has plastic threads and is screwed by hand into the threaded hole at the control box.

**Procedure for gas supply gas inlet filter:**

1. Make sure that the gas supply is shut off.
2. Loosen the hose clamp [4].
3. Remove the gas hose [5] from the sterile filter sleeve [2].

**Procedure for all** gas inlet filters:

4. Remove the retainer [1].
5. Unscrew the gas inlet filter [2] from the threaded hole [3].
6. When installing the new gas inlet filter, make sure that the plastic thread is not canted. Install the filter using caution.
7. Install the retainer [1].

**Procedure for gas supply** gas inlet filter:

8. Connect the gas hose to the gas inlet filter sleeve and secure it using the hose clamp. Check to see if the gas hose is securely seated on the sleeve.

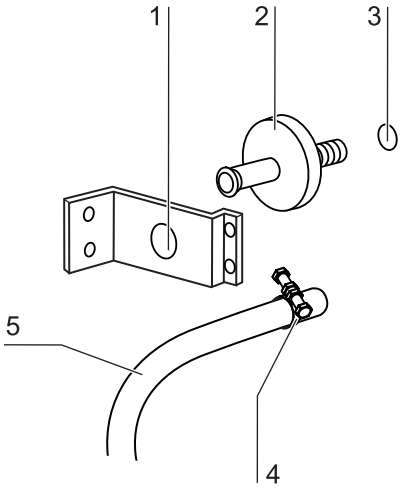



Fig. 74: Gas inlet filter installation

## 10.8 Replacing the device fuses

**Fig. 75:** The two identical device fuses [4] are installed in the fuse compartment [1] next to the power plug receptacle of the device:

- Time delay fuses, 6.3 A (5x20 mm)

1. The fuse holder is secured to the fuse compartment [1] using two locking tabs [2].
2. To remove the fuse holder, squeeze the two locking tabs and pull the holder [3] out of the fuse compartment.
3. Remove the faulty fuse from the fuse holder and install the new fuse.
4. Slide the fuse holder into the fuse compartment and press the holder on until the locking tabs are fully engaged.

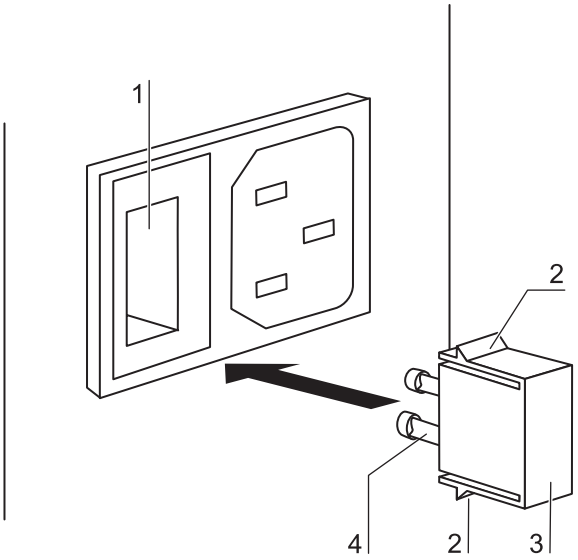



Fig. 75: Device fuse replacement

# 10 Maintenance

## 10.9 Replacing the door seal

The door seal (magnetic seal) [3] of the outer door is located in the retaining slot. No tools are required to replace the seal.

1. Pull the magnetic seal [3] out of the guide slot [1].
2. Position the new seal at a corner [2] and press the seal retaining rail [4] into the slot.
3. Make sure that the retaining rail taper is positioned correctly in the slot [1] and that the seal is flush with the door frame.

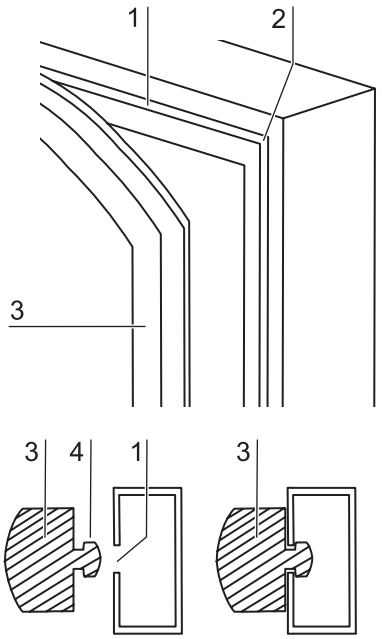



Fig. 76: Magnetic door seal replacement

# 11 Disposal

**⚠ WARNING**

**Contamination hazard!**

**The device may have been used for treating and processing infectious substances. Therefore, the device and device components may have been contaminated.**
**Prior to disposal, all device components must be decontaminated.**

*Decontamination measures*

- **Clean the device components thoroughly and either disinfect or decontaminate them (depending on application).**
- **Attach a declaration of non-objection with details of performed decontamination measures to the items that are to be disposed of.**

*Controlled disposal*

All device components can be disposed of after they have been decontaminated properly.

*Recycling Service*

**NOTE**

**Recycling Service**

**Thermo Fisher Scientific offer a recycling service for discarded components at the owner's expense.**

# 11 Disposal

**Overview of the materials used:**

| Component | Material |
|---|---|
| Thermal insulation components | Polystyrene foam EPS/PPS-Compound |
| Printed circuit boards | Enclosed electrical components coated with different plastics, equipped on epoxy resin-bound boards. |
| Plastic components, general | Note material labelling |
| Exterior housing | Galvanized steel sheet, painted |
| Device rear panel | Galvanized steel sheet |
| Outer door | Galvanized steel sheet, painted |
| Door inner panel | Galvanized steel sheet, painted |
| Operating panel and indicator foil | Polyethylene |
| Magnetic door seal | Magnetic core sheathed with EMPP |
| Heating | Silicone-sheathed resistance-type wires |
| Interior containers, installed components and shelves | Stainless steel 1.4301 or copper |
| Plug for pipe channel | Silicone |
| Pressure compensation opening insert | POM with brass sinter filter |
| Glass screen | Soda-silicate glass |
| Glass door seal, measurement opening | Tempered silicone |
| Sensor block | Stainless steel 1.4301 |
| Blower wheel | Stainless steel 1.4305 or copper |
| Measuring cell base plate seal | Tempered silicone |
| Cables | Plastic-sheathed copper flexible |
| Packaging | Corrugated board, polyethylene film, and styrofoam |

# 12 Technical data

## HERAcell® 150i

| Description | Unit | Value |
|---|---|---|
| **Mechanical** | | |
| External dimensions (W x H x T) | mm | 637 x 867 x 782 |
| Interior dimensions (W x H x T) | mm | 470 x 607 x 530 |
| Chamber volume | l | approx 151 |
| Shelves (W x T) | mm | 423 x 465 |
| Standard quantity | Piece | 3 |
| Maximal quantity | Piece | 10 |
| Maximal surface load | kg | 10 / insertion shelf |
| Maximal device overall load | kg | 30 |
| Weight, without accessories | kg | 70 |
| **Thermal** | | |
| Thermal safety devices according to DIN 12880:2007-05 | | Class 3.1 (overtemperature controller (TWW) with overtemperature detection function) |
| Ambient temperature range | °C | +18...33 |
| Temperature control range | °C | RT + 3 ... 55 |
| Temperature deviation, time (DIN 12880, Part 2) | °C | ± 0.1 |
| Temperature deviation, spatial (DIN 12880, Part 2) at 37 °C *1) | °C | ± 0.5 |
| Duration of the auto-start routine, to 37 °C ambient temperature 20 °C | h | 5 ... 10 |
| Heat transfer to environment:<br>at 37 °C<br>during contra-con decontamination | kWh/h<br>kWh/h | 0.06<br>0.112 |
| **Humidity** | | |
| Water quality | | resistivity 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ, conductivity 1 to 20 µS |
| Liquid quantity:<br>Incubation operation<br>contra-con disinfection operation | l<br>ml | max. 3.0 / min 1.2<br>350 |
| Constant humidity at 37 °C (high-humidity mode)<br>Constant humidity at 37 °C (low-humidity mode) | % rH<br>% rH | approx 93<br>approx 90 |
| **Others** | | |
| Sound pressure level (DIN 45 635, Part 1) | dB(A) | < 50 |
| Relative humidity of environment | % rH | max. 80 |
| Location elevation | m ASL | max. 2000 |

*1) determined on the basis of DIN 12880 for devices with standard equipment. See detailed information in calbration instructions.

# 12 Technical data

### HERAcell® 150i

| Description | Unit | Value |
|---|---|---|
| **$CO_2$ gas supply system** | | |
| Gas purity | % | min. 99.5 or medical quality |
| Prepressure | bar | min. 0.8 - max. 1 |
| Measuring and control range | % vol. | 0... 20 |
| Control deviation, temporal | % vol. | ± 0.1 |
| **$CO_2$ measuring cell** | | |
| Accuracy (absolute) | % $CO_2$ | ± 0.3 |
| **$O_2$ gas supply system** | | |
| Gas purity | % | min. 99.5 or medical quality |
| Prepressure | bar | min. 0.8 - max. 1 |
| Measuring and control range | % vol. | 1... 21 or 5...90 |
| Control deviation, temporal | % vol. | ± 0.2 |
| **$O_2$ measuring cell** | | |
| Accuracy (absolute) | % $O_2$ | ± 0.5 (Option: 1.....21 % $O_2$)<br>± 2.0 (Option: 5.....90 % $O_2$) |
| **Electrical system** | | |
| Rated voltage | V<br>V<br>V | 1/N/PE 230 V, AC (± 10%)<br>1/N/PE 120 V, AC (± 10%)<br>1/N/PE 100 V, AC (± 10%) |
| Rated frequency | Hz | 50/60 |
| Interference suppression (DIN VDE 0875) | | Interference level N |
| Type of protection (DIN 40 050) | | IP 20 |
| Protection class | | I |
| Overvoltage category (EN 61010) | | II |
| Pollution severity (EN 61010) | | 2 |
| Rated current | A | 2.5 (230 V, AC)<br>5.2 (120 V, AC)<br>6.2 (100 V, AC) |
| On-site fusing:<br>Fuse<br>Circuit breaker | | <br>T 10 A<br>G 16 |
| Rated input | kW<br>kW<br>kW | 0.58 (230 VAC)<br>0.62 (120 VAC)<br>0.62 (100 VAC) |
| EMC class | | B |

# 12 Technical data

## HERAcell® 240i

| Description | Unit | Value |
|---|---|---|
| **Mechanical** | | |
| External dimensions (W x H x T) | mm | 780 x 934 x 834 |
| Interior dimensions (W x H x T) | mm | 607 x 670 x 583 |
| Chamber volume | l | approx 238 |
| Shelves (W x T) | mm | 560 x 500 |
| Standard quantity | Piece | 3 |
| Maximal quantity | Piece | 12 |
| Maximal surface load | kg | 10 / insertion shelf |
| Maximal device overall load | kg | 30 |
| Weight, without accessories | kg | 81 |
| **Thermal** | | |
| Thermal safety devices according to DIN 12880:2007-05 | | Class 3.1<br>(overtemperature controller (TWW) with overtemperature detection function) |
| Ambient temperature range | °C | +18...33 |
| Temperature control range | °C | RT + 3 ... 55 |
| Temperature deviation, time (DIN 12880, Part 2) | °C | ± 0,1 |
| Temperature deviation, spatial (DIN 12880, Part 2)<br>at 37 °C *1) | °C | ± 0.5 |
| Duration of the auto-start routine, to 37 °C<br>ambient temperature 20 °C | h | 5 ... 10 |
| Heat transfer to environment:<br>at 37 °C<br>during contra-con decontamination | <br>kWh/h<br>kWh/h | <br>0.07<br>0.25 |
| **Humidity** | | |
| Water quality | | resistivity 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ,<br>conductivity 1 to 20 µS |
| Liquid quantity:<br>Incubation operation<br>contra-con disinfection operation | <br>l<br>ml | <br>max. 4.5 / min 1.8<br>350 |
| Constant humidity at 37 °C (high-humidity mode)<br>Constant humidity at 37 °C (low-humidity mode) | % rH<br>% rH | approx 93<br>approx 90 |
| EMC class | | B |
| **Others** | | |
| Sound pressure level (DIN 45 635, Part 1) | dB(A) | < 50 |
| Relative humidity of environment | % rH | max. 80 |
| Location elevation | m ASL | max. 2000 |

*1) determined on the basis of DIN 12880 for devices with standard equipment. See detailed information in calbration instructions.

# 12 Technical data

### HERAcell® 240i

| Description | Unit | Value |
|---|---|---|
| **$CO_2$ gas supply system** | | |
| Gas purity | % | min. 99.5 or medical quality |
| Prepressure | bar | min. 0.8 - max. 1 |
| Measuring and control range | % vol. | 0... 20 |
| Control deviation, temporal | % vol. | ± 0,1 |
| **$CO_2$ measuring cell** | | |
| Accuracy (absolute) | % $CO_2$ | ± 0.3 |
| **$O_2$ gas supply system** | | |
| Gas purity | % | min. 99.5 or medical quality |
| Prepressure | bar | min. 0.8 - max. 1 |
| Measuring and control range | % vol. | 1... 21 or 5...90 |
| Control deviation, temporal | % vol. | ± 0.2 |
| **$O_2$ measuring cell** | | |
| Accuracy (absolute) | % $O_2$ | ± 0.5 (Option: 1.....21 % $O_2$)<br>± 2.0 (Option: 5.....90 % $O_2$) |
| **Electrical system** | | |
| Rated voltage | V<br>V<br>V | 1/N/PE 230 V, AC (± 10%)<br>1/N/PE 120 V, AC (± 10%)<br>1/N/PE 100 V, AC (± 10%) |
| Rated frequency | Hz | 50/60 |
| Interference suppression (DIN VDE 0875) | | Interference level N |
| Type of protection (DIN 40 050) | | IP 20 |
| Protection class | | I |
| Overvoltage category (EN 61010) | | II |
| Pollution severity (EN 61010) | | 2 |
| Rated current | A | 2.8 (230 V, AC)<br>5.4 (120 V, AC)<br>6.5 (100 V, AC) |
| On-site fusing:<br>Fuse<br>Circuit breaker | | <br>T 10 A<br>G 16 |
| Rated input | kW<br>kW<br>kW | 0.64 (230 V, AC)<br>0.65 (120 V, AC)<br>0.65 (100 V, AC) |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.1 Interfaces

### 13.1.1 RS 232 interface

*RS 232 configuration*

The RS 232 data communication interface has been designed for a cable connection with 9-pin connector and a contact assignment of 1:1.
Setting the transmission speed:

- 9,600 – 57,600 baud,
- 8 data bits,
- 1 stop bit,
- no parity.

Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure (see below).

### 13.1.2 USB port (optional)

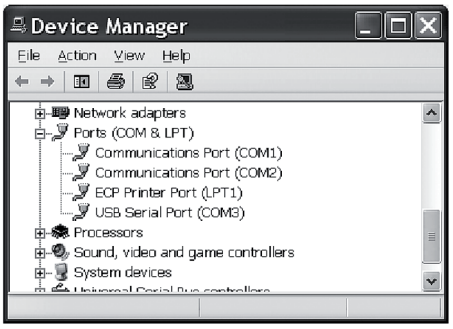
*USB 1.1 configuration*

As an alternative to data communication via RS 232 interface, the devices can be equipped with the optional USB port. The USB port complies with Standard USB 1.1 and is compatible with Standard USB 2.0 (full speed).
The USB port is operated as a virtual COM port. Therefore, the port transmission speed can be changed within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 baud).
Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure. The command sequences comply with the design of the RS 232 interface.

**NOTE**

**Installing the USB port with the virtual COM port:**

**If the USB port is to be used for data exchange between PC and incubator, the USB port is installed as virtual COM port (USB serial port) using the supplied driver.**
**The assigned COM port can be located in the Windows Device Manager/Ports dialog box, e.g. USB Serial Port (COM5), and is then defined as communication port in the Heracell 150 i & 240 i program** *(see chap. 13.8, pg. 145)*.




**The driver can be run under the following operating systems: WIN 2000, WIN XP, WIN VISTA.**

# 13 Annex: Data communication

### 13.1.3 Installing the USB port driver

Connect the USB cable (optional) to the control box of the HERAcell® 150 i / 240 i and to a PC.
As soon as the Windows Hardware Detector has identified the USB port, the **FIND NEW HARDWARE WIZARD** dialog box opens.

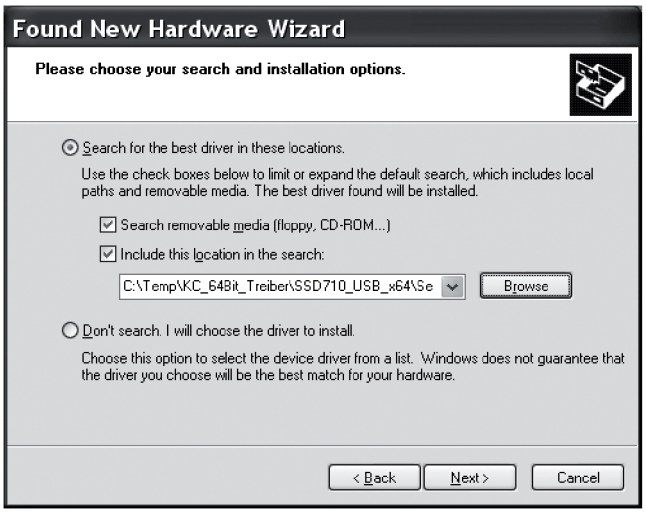
*Windows dialog box*

1. Select the **INSTALL FROM A LIST OR SPECIFIC LOCATION (ADVANCED)** option.

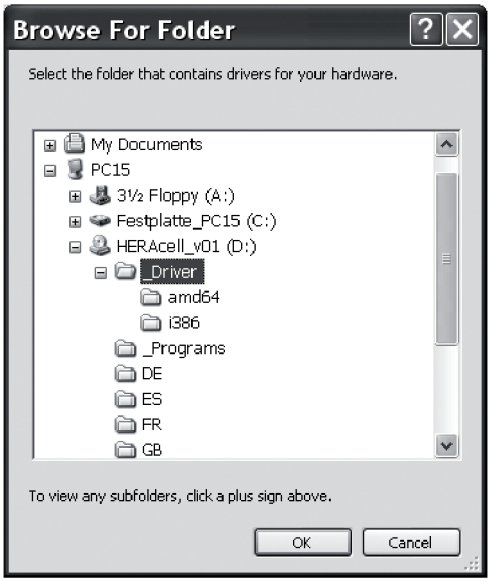


# 13 Annex: Data communication

2. Select the data CD as source.




3. On the data CD, select the **DRIVER** sub-directory.




4. The installation routine installs the driver: **EVAL22 Board USB**.
   After the installation has been completed successfully, the routine is completed with **FINISH**.
   The interface transmission speed can be selected within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 Baud) at the touchscreen of the HERAcell® 150 i / 240 i *(see chap. 7.11.1, pg. 77)*.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.2 Structure of the command sequences for data communication

All characters sent and received in the data exchange between a PC and the incubator **HERAcell®** 150 i / 240 i are ASCII characters that can be displayed on a conventional terminal.
This ensures that communication can be set up, controlled, and programmed easily.

### 13.2.1 Description of the protocol

*Protocol characteristics*

**Character coding**
ASCII characters, capital letters are not allowed.

**Reading parameters:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Query: | ?:aaaa:bb::cc<CR> |
| or: | ?:aaaa:bb:XXXX:cc<CR> |
| Response: | !:aaaa:bb:XXXXX:cc<CR> |
| where: | aaaa = parameter address |
| | bb = amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff) |
| | cc = checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without checksum and <CR> |
| | XXXX = bb payload bytes |

Description of the response elements:

| | |
|---|---|
| aaaa | parameter address |
| bb | amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff) |
| cc | checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without checksum and <CR> |

Example of a software version query (50111927):

| | |
|---|---|
| Query: | ?:0001:00::cc<CR> |
| Response: | !:0001:08:50111927:cc<CR> |

**Writing parameters:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Command: | !:aaaa:bb:XXXXX:cc<CR> |
| Response: | !:aaaa:bb::cc<CR> |
| where: | aaaa = parameter address |
| | bb = amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff) |
| | cc = checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without checksum and <CR> |
| | XXXX = bb payload bytes |

**Response with an error message:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Response: | !:aaaa:bb:XX:cc<CR> |

Description of the response elements:

| | |
|---|---|
| aaaa | parameter address, |
| bb | amount of payload (always 02) |
| cc | checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

checksum and <CR>
XX = 2 bytes error message (see table below)

Example of an unknown command:
Query: ?:0005:00::cc<CR>
Response !:0005:02:?1:cc<CR>

Significance of the two bytes in the error mesage:

| Error message | Description |
|---|---|
| ?0 | Error in telegram structure or checksum |
| ?1 | Unknown command or unknown parameter |
| ?2 | Internal memory error |
| ?3 | Data error (value not within its limits) |

## 13.3 Overview of general parameters (addresses 0xxx)

*General parameters*

General parameters are system values such as date, time, and motherboard version number.

### 13.3.1 Reading general parameters

| Address | Description | Note |
|---|---|---|
| 0001 | Motherboard version number | 8 digits |
| 0010 | Output date and time [hours:minutes:seconds], [day:month:year] | 17 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx;xx:xx:xx |
| 0011 | Date [day:month:year] | 8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx |
| 0012 | Time [hours:minutes:seconds] | 8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.4 Overview of incubator parameters (addresses 2xxx)

*Incubator parameters*

Incubator parameters are divided into:

- the basic parameters of the three control loops temperature, $CO_2$, and $O_2$,
- the internal function parameters of operating functions and data logging.

### 13.4.1 Reading basic parameters

| Address | Description | Note |
|---|---|---|
| 2000 | Device status*1) (error) status of control loops for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, rh, ref. temp. | 33 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xxxxxxxx;xxxx; ... ;xxxx;xxxx;xxxx |
| 2010 | Set, actual, and reference temperature*2) | 23 bytes / decimal value in format +xxx.xx;+xxx.xx;+xxx.xx |
| 2020 | Set and actual $CO_2$ content*2) | 15 bytes / decimal value in format +xxx.xx;+xxx.xx |
| 2030 | Set and actual $O_2$ content*2) | 15 bytes / decimal value in format +xxx.xx;+xxx.xx |
| 204a | Actual water level (100% or 0%) | 7 bytes / decimal value in format +xxx.xx |
| 204b | Low humidity indicator (1 active, 0 inactive) | 2 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xx |

*1) Example of device status and (error) status of control loops (details see error message table)

*2) All values have 2 decimal places

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Reading internal functions*

### 13.4.2 Reading internal function parameters

| Address | Description | Note |
|---|---|---|
| 2100 | Status of run*1) and remaining run time [hours:minutes] for disinfection, also date and time of last start | 25 bytes / decimal value in format xx;+xxx:xx;xx.xx.xx;xx:xx |
| 2105 | Status of run*1) , current $CO_2$ offset + waiting period [minutes:seconds] autostart, also date and time of last start | 25 bytes / decimal value in format xx;xx.x;+xxx:xx;xx.xx.xx;xx:xx |
| 2132 | Read bottle turning device speed (all levels)*2) | 8 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xxxxxxxx |
| 2133 | Read bottle turning device status (all levels) (1 active, 0 stopped)*2) | 8 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xxxxxxxx |
| 2140 | Read status of gas cylinder changeover switch for $CO_2$*3) | 2 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xx |
| 2141 | Read status of gas cylinder changeover switch for $O_2$*3) | 2 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xx |
| 2300 | Read error memory (current errors)*4) | Up to 241 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter |
| 2301 | Read error memory (prior errors)*4) | Up to 241 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter |
| 2400 | Query (start) of the data stored in the data logger*5) | Up to 224 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter |
| 2401 | Query (start) of the further data stored in the data logger*6) | 224 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter |
| 2402 | (Repeated) query of the most recent data logger query*7) | 224 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter |
| 2410 | Read data logger write cycle in hours:minutes:seconds | 8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx |

*1) See table with notes on disinfection and autostart run status

*2) 2 bytes per level each

*3) Bottle A active (0x01), bottle B active (0x02), bottle A pressure OK (0x10), bottle B pressure OK (0x20)

*4) For more information on the error memory, see chapter 13.5.

*5) Set reading pointer to first entry, read up to 7 entries max.

*6) Send the next 7 entries. Set reading pointer automatically to next new entry, read up to 7 entries max.

*7) Send entries of last telegram again. Can be used after communication error has occurred.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

Note on *3) disinfection and autostart run status:

| Bit | Disinfection | auto-start |
|---|---|---|
| 0x00 | contra-con not active | auto-start not active |
| 0x01 | Initialization | Initialization |
| 0x02 | Await door opening time | Await door opening time |
| 0x03 | Await door closing | Await door closing |
| 0x04 | Start | Start |
| 0x05 | Heat | Heat |
| 0x06 | Hold | Perform counter-voltage adjustment |
| 0x07 | Condensation | Waiting period 1 |
| 0x08 | Cool-down | Set tolerance band |
| 0x09 | Dry | Establish stable humidity |
| 0x0A | Await release | Perform counter-voltage adjustment |
| 0x0B | Stop | Waiting period 2 |
| 0x0C | - | Determine offset |
| 0x0D | - | Read offset, check |
| 0x0E | - | Release |
| 0x0F | - | Stop |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.5 Error memory structure

The error memory contains 22 error messages. A query is responded with 11 data sets with a colon as separator and can be queried using the following command:

Query: ?:2300:00::cc<CR>
Reading the ***last*** 11 error memory entries.

Query: ?:2301:00::cc<CR>
Reading the ***first*** 11 error memory entries.

*Error memory data set structure*

These data sets consist of 11 byte and are encrypted in 21 ASCII characters prior to data transmission. Example: The byte 0x23 is converted into the ASCII characters 0x32 (‚2') and 0x33 (‚3').

- Byte 1 consists of 1 characters,
- Bytes 2 - 11 consist of 2 characters.

Therefore, a response consists of 1+(10 x 2) = 21 data bytes plus separator.
A data set always delivers the date, the time, the faulty control loop, the device status, and the error message.

**Example of a response:**

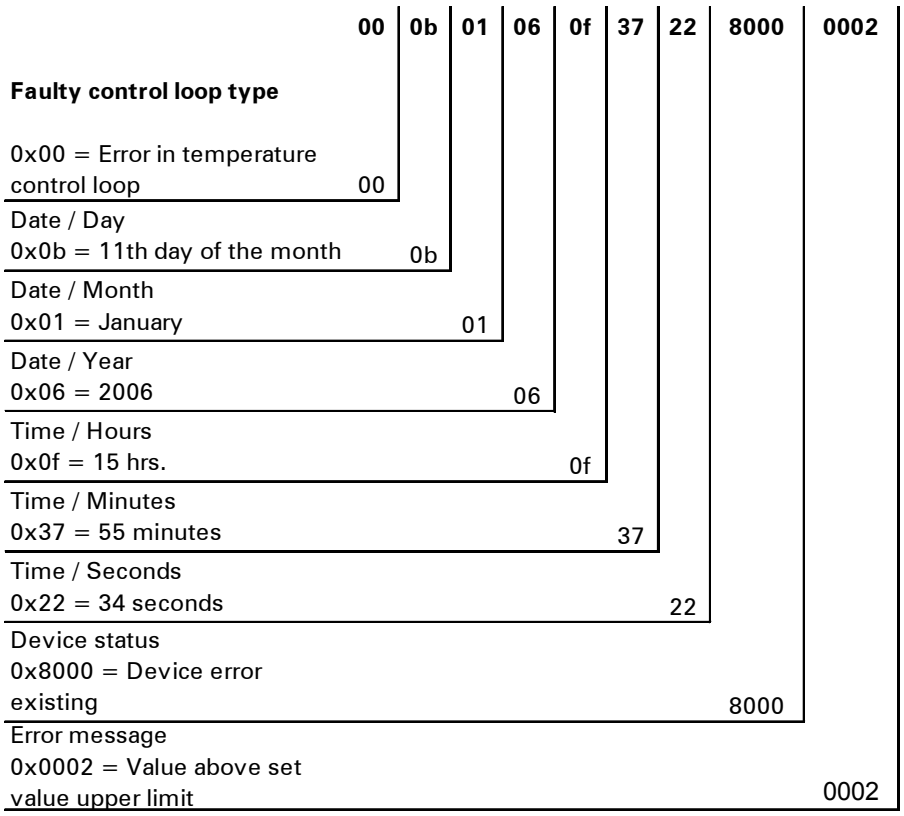
!:2300:fb:10b01060f372280000002:20b01060f38100001... ...:80

First data set: !:2300:fb:10b01060f372280000002:
(with 21 bytes)

Second data set: 20b01060f38100001... ...:80
(beginning of the second data set after 21 bytes of the first data set and of the separator [1 byte])

# 13 Annex: Data communication

### 13.5.1 Error memory data set structure scheme:




Therefore, the following information is transmitted in this data set:

- Created on 1 January 2006 at 15:55:34 hrs.
- A device error has occurred and the set temperature is too high.

### 13.5.2 Overview of the possible error messages in hex coding

*Hex-coded error message*

| Hex code | Description / Type |
|---|---|
| 0x00 | Temperature control loop |
| 0x01 | $CO_2$ control loop |
| 0x02 | $O_2$ control loop |
| 0x07 | Water level |
| 0x08 | General device status |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Bit-coded error messages for temperature and $CO_2$*

### 13.5.3 Overview of the possible error messages in bit coding General device status, control loop for temperature and $CO_2$:

| Bit | General device status |
|---|---|
| 0x0002 | Device door open too long |
| 0x0004 | Display fails to communicate |
| 0x0008 | Mainboad parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty) |
| 0x0010 | Data logger faulty (device remains operative) |
| 0x0020 | Error in disinfection / contraCon |
| 0x0040 | No power supply during contraCon |
| 0x0080 | Error in autostart |
| 0x0100 | Safety circuit activated |
| 0x0200 | Bottle turning device fails to communicate |
| 0x2000 | Autostart active (info) |
| 0x4000 | Disinfection active (info) |
| 0x8000 | Device error has occurred (info) |

| Bit | Temperature control loop error status |
|---|---|
| 0x0001 | Sensor breakage |
| 0x0002 | Value above set value upper limit |
| 0x0004 | Value below set value lower limit |
| 0x0008 | Set value implausible |
| 0x0010 | Calibration value too high / too low |
| 0x0020 | Communication error (to sensor) |
| 0x0040 | Communication error (to LM75) |
| 0x0100 | Measuring cell parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty) |

| Bit | $CO_2$ control loop error status |
|---|---|
| 0x0001 | Sensor breakage |
| 0x0002 | Value above set value upper limit |
| 0x0004 | Value below set value lower limit |
| 0x0010 | Calibration value too high / too low |
| 0x0020 | Communication error (to sensor) |
| 0x0040 | Communication error (to cylinder changeover switch) |
| 0x0080 | No gas, cylinders A and B empty |
| 0x0100 | Measuring cell parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty) |
| 0x0200 | Cylinder A empty |
| 0x0400 | Cylinder B empty |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Bit-coded error messages for $O_2$ and water level*

**Control loop for $O_2$ and water level:**

| Bit | $CO_2$ control loop error status |
|---|---|
| 0x0001 | Sensor breakage |
| 0x0002 | Value above set value upper limit |
| 0x0004 | Value below set value lower limit |
| 0x0020 | Communication error (to sensor) |
| 0x0040 | Gas cylinder changeover switch fails to communicate |
| 0x0080 | No gas, cylinders A and B empty |
| 0x0200 | Gas cylinder A empty |
| 0x0400 | Gas cylinder B empty |

| Bit | Water level error status |
|---|---|
| 0x0001 | No water |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.6 Data logger structure

The data logger can store up to 10,000 events. Depending on the setting for the logging cycle (in sections of seconds), e.g. for a value of 60 s (default value), the events of about 5 days can be stored.
The data logger stores the following information:

- important user actions, system events, and error messages,
- measured data of the three control loops during incubation operation.

The data logger can be queried using the following commands:

Query: ?:2400:00::cc<CR>
Setting the data logger reading pointer to the oldest entry and output of the first data sets.

Query: ?:2401:00::cc<CR>
Output of the following data sets, the reading pointer automatically moves gradually from the older entries to the current entries.

Query: ?:2402:00::cc<CR>
Repeated output of the most recently read data, this command does not move the reading pointer. This command can be used to avoid data loss after a communication error has occurred.

*Data logger data set structure*

Each query command is responded with up to 7 data sets that follow one another
without a separator. These data sets consist of
16 bytes and are encrypted into 32 ASCII characters prior to transmission.
For example, the byte 0x23 is converted into the ASCII characters:
0x32 (‚2') and 0x33 (‚3').
Therefore, a response consists of up to 7 X 16 = 112 bytes, i.e. 224 ASCII characters.
A data set always delivers the date and the time (without seconds), the device status and the type of data logger entry (byte 0-7 or ASCII character 0-15).
Also, depending on the entry, the current actual values or set values of the control loops or other parameters can be entered (byte 8-15 or ASCII character 16-31).

**Example of a response:**

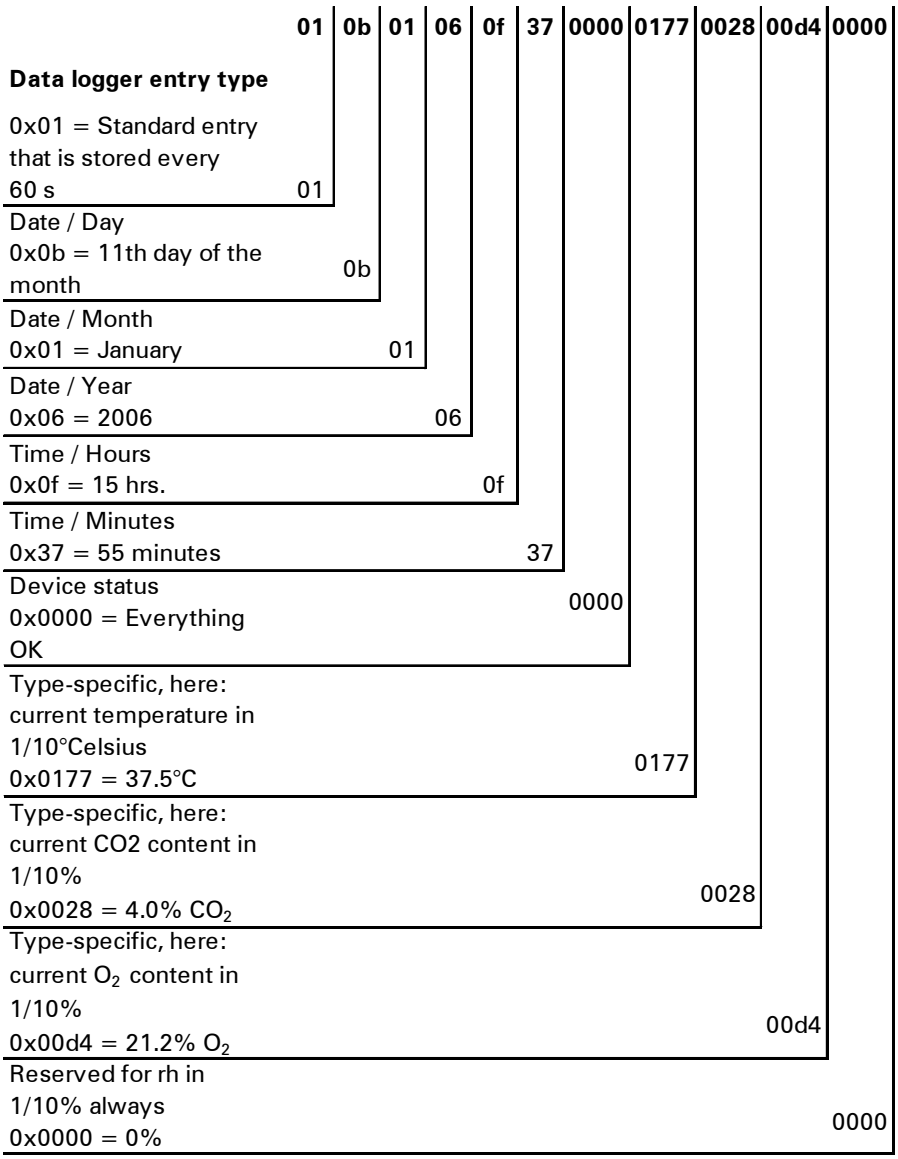
!:2400:e0:010b01060f3700000177002800d40000110b01060f3800000172003200d20352... ...:80

First data set !:2400:e0:010b01060f3700000177002800d4000011
(consisting of 32 byte ASCII characters)

Second data set 0b01060f3800000172003200d20352... ...:80
(beginning of the second data set after 32 bytes of the first data set)

# 13 Annex: Data communication

### 13.6.1 Data logger data set structure scheme:




Therefore, the following information is transmitted in this data set:

- Created on 1 January 2006 at 15:55 hrs.
- The device status reports no particularities,
- the temperature is 37.5°C,
- gas concentration 4.0% $CO_2$, 21.2% $O_2$.

**Example of a code:**

**For an example of a code, please refer to the end of this chapter.**

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Bit-coded event entries*

### 13.6.2 Overview of possible event entries in bit coding

**Overview of event entries, Part I:**

| Code | Event | Special information (byte 8-15) |
|---|---|---|
| 0x01 | Set values from all control loops (periodically in minute cycles) | Current values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x02 | Set value change (at beginning of new section) | Set value for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x10 | Change temperature set value | Set value for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x11 | Change $CO_2$ set value | Set value for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x12 | Change $O_2$ set value | Set value for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x20 | New temperature error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x21 | New $CO_2$ error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x22 | New $O_2$ error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x2F | New system error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x30 | Power reset | Set value for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x31 | Door open | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x32 | Door closed | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x40 | Customer-specific temperature calibration | Calibration level (2 bytes), old temperature, new temperature (2 bytes each) |
| 0x41 | Customer-specific $CO_2$ calibration | Calibration level (2 bytes), old $CO_2$ value, new $CO_2$ value (2 bytes each) |
| 0x42 | Customer-specific $O_2$ calibration | Calibration level (2 bytes), old $O_2$ value, new $O_2$ value (2 bytes each) |
| 0x50 | Start auto-start | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x51 | auto-start successfully completed | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Bit-coded event entries*

**Overview of event entries, Part II:**

| Code | Event | Special information (byte 8-15) |
|---|---|---|
| 0x52 | auto-start completed with error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x53 | auto-start stopped manually | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x60 | Start contra-con | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x61 | contra-con successfully completed | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x62 | contra-con completed with error | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x63 | contra-con stopped manually | Status / error registration for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x70 | Gas monitor cylinder A empty | Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 bytes empty |
| 0x71 | Gas monitor cylinder B empty | Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 Bytes empty |
| 0x72 | Gas monitor manual changeover | Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 Bytes empty |
| 0x90 | Start low humidity | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x91 | Stop low humidity | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0x92 | Start bottle turning device | Drive roller speed status (2 bytes each) |
| 0x93 | Stop bottle turning device | Drive roller speed status (2 bytes each) |
| 0xe0 | Delete data logger | Current actual values for temperature, $CO_2$, $O_2$, and rh |
| 0xff | Last entry of data logger | No information, not even on date, time, and status |

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.7 Examples of data logger codes

*Data logger entry*

An entry in the data logger is 16 bytes large and has the following structure:
1. byte: indicates the event (e.g. door open 0x31, measured value entry 0x01)
2. byte: day of entry
3. byte: month
4. byte: year
5. byte: hour
6. byte: minute
7. and 8. byte: device status
9. to 16. byte: various data on the event

### 13.7.1 Functions for data logger queries

*Functions*

The following code example for reading the data logger uses six functions:

- **ahex**
  // converts the received ASCII character into a hexadecimal number,
- **send_telegramm**
  // sends a query to the data logger,
- **get_telegramm**
  // receives a response data the data logger,
- **time_2_str**
  // uses a hexadecimal value to create ASCII characters in time format,
- **num_2_string**
  // uses hexadecimal values to create ASCII characters to be entered into a file,
- **read_datalogger**
  // edits the received data and writes them into a file.

### 13.7.2 Example of a code for a a data logger query

*Creating a hexadecimal number*

**char ahex (char a)**

```
char ahex(char a)
  {
  char i;
  char hexa[16]="0123456789abcdef";

  for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
    if (a == hexa[i])
     return (i);
  return 0;
  }
```

*Sending a telegram*

**send_telegramm**

```
void send_telegramm(char *p)
  {
  char string [15];
  unsigned char bcc = 0xFF;
  char i;

// copy telegram together
  strncpy (&string[0], "?:xxxx:00::00\r", 14);
// insert 4-digit address
  strncpy (&string[2], p, 4);
```

# 13 Annex: Data communication

```
// calculate checksum: inverted XOR of all bytes
// without checksum and <CR>
     for (i = 0; i < 11; i ++)
       bcc = (bcc^string[i]);
// copy checksum
  string[11] = hexa(bcc/16);
  string[12] = hexa(bcc%16);
// send telegram
  ComWrt (COM_NR, string, 14);
  return;
  }
```

*Receiving a response telegram*

**get_telegramm**

```
int get_telegramm(char *p)
  {
  int reading_count = 0;
// reading the telegram character by character
  do
    ComRd(COM_NR, &p[reading_count], 1);
// until reception of <CR>
  while ((p[reading_count++] != '\r'));
// return = number of received characters
  return (reading_count);
  }
```

*Creating a time format in ASCII*

**time_2_str**

```
char time_2_str (int z, char * b)
  {
    char i;
// output two numerals
    for (i = 1; i >= 0; i--){
// calculate value
      b[i] = z%10+0x30;
// reduce default value
      z = z/10;
    }
    return (2);
  }
```

*Hexadecimal values in ASCII characters*

**num_2_string**

```
char num_2_str (int z, char * b)
  {
// number with one decimal place
  char a[12];
  char i, l;
  int rest = 0;
  l = 0;
// Negative number?
  if (z < 0)  {
// set algebraic sign
      b[0] = '-';
      l = 1;
// convert value
      z = 0xffffffff-z+1;
    }
// store decimal place
  rest = z % 10;
```

# 13 Annex: Data communication

```
// cut off decimal place
  z = z / 10;
// calculate and copy number before decimal separator
  for (i = 0; i < 12; i++){
// calculate value
    a[i] = z%10+0x30;
// reduce default value
    z = z/10;
// Number copied completely?
    if (z == 0)    break;
  }
  for ( ; i >= 0; i--)b[l++] = a[i];
// calculate and copy number after decimal separator
  b[l++] = ',';
// calculate value
  b[l++] = rest%10+0x30;
  return (l);
  }
```

*Writing data in a file*

**read_datalogger**

```
int read_datalogger ()
{
#define SIZE_DATA2  16
#define EVENT_STATUS 0x01
unsigned char buffer[300], string [300];
unsigned char zahlenstring [150],datestring ,timestring ;
unsigned char excelstring [150];
unsigned char len, h,i;
unsigned int  read_count,status;
#define EVENT_DATA.END 0xFF
char data;
int GetTele = 0
GetError = 0,
// writing the title line in the file
WriteFile (FileHandle, "Date;Time;Comment;Temp Act.;CO2 Act.;O2
Act.;rH Act.;Temp Set;CO2 Set;O2 Set;rH Set;\n", 85);
// infinite loop
while (1)
  {
// set data logger to beginning and read
  if (!GetTele){
    send_telegramm ("2400");
    }
  else{
// read additional data sets
    send_telegramm ("2401");
    }
  len = get_telegramm (buffer);
// no telegram received
  if (!len) {
    GetError ++;
// requery
    send_telegramm ("2402");
    len = get_telegramm (buffer);
// again, no telegram received
    if (!len) return 1;
    }
// increase telegram counter
  GetTele ++;
```

# 13 Annex: Data communication

```
// length of sent payload
  len = (ahex(buffer[7]) * 0x10 + ahex(buffer[8])) / 2;
// converting ASCII string into usable numeric string
  for (i = 0; i < (len); i++)
    zahlenstring [i] = (ahex(buffer[10 + (2*i)]) * 0x10 +
    ahex(buffer[11 + (2*i)]));
// calculation of the sent data packages
  data = ((len) / SIZE_DATA2);
// evaluation of all data packages
  for (i = 0; i < data; i++)9{
    len = 0;
  // write time and date into file
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[1+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = '.';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[2+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = '.';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[3+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ';';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[4+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ':';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[5+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ':';
    len += time_2_str (0, &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ';';

    switch (zahlenstring[i*SIZE_DATA2]){
      case EVENT_STATUS:
// check cyclic entries for device errors
    status = zahlenstring[6+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
    zahlenstring[7+i*SIZE_DATA2];
        if (status & INFO_ERROR){
          str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Error active;", 13);
          len += 13;
        }
        else{
// query all device errors (see chap. 13.6.2, pg. 138)
          if (status & DOOR_LONG){
            str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Door open too long;",
            19);
            len += 19;
          else {
            if (status & DOOR_OPEN){
              str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Door open;", 10);
              len += 10;
            }
          }
// query remaining device errors now
//       .
//       .
//       .
//       .
//       .
// and finally query cyclic nominal values entries without device
// errors
```

# 13 Annex: Data communication

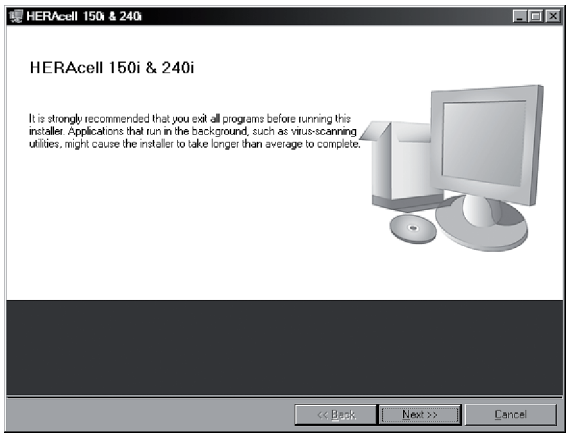
```
       else{
              str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "ok;", 3);
              len += 3;
            }
          }
// copy nominal values from numerical string to Excel string
       len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[8+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
       zahlenstring[9+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[10+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
       zahlenstring[11+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[12+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
       zahlenstring[13+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[14+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
       zahlenstring[15+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
// enter set values from here
       len += num_2_str (SollTemp, &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str (SollCO2, &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str (SollO2, &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       len += num_2_str (SollrH, &excelstring[len]);
       excelstring[len ++] = ';';
       excelstring[len] = '\n';
       len  += 1;
       WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
       break;
// query the remaining events from here
       case EVENT_FORMAT_DATALOG:
         WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
         WriteFile (FileHandle, "Data logger erased;\n",20);
         break;
       case EVENT_POWER_ON:
// update of set values
         SollTemp = zahlenstring[8+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[9+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollCO2 = zahlenstring[10+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[11+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollO2 = zahlenstring[12+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[13+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollrH = zahlenstring[14+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[15+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
         WriteFile (FileHandle, "Power on;\n", 10);
         break;
       case..
// query all events here (see chap. 13.6.2, pg. 138)
// cancel 0xFF indicates the end of the data logger
       case 0xFF:
       WriteFile (FileHandle, "End;\n",5);
     }
   }
return 0;
}
```

# 13 Annex: Data communication

## 13.8 Program Heracell 150i & 240i

*User surface for data communication*

The program provides a user surface (only with English menu designation) for handling the data communication between a device and a connected PC.




This program is used for:

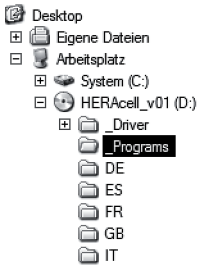
- Reading and archiving error messages (error logger). The data sets are stored in the meta format *.CSV.
- reading and archiving event entries (data logger). The data sets are stored in the meta format *.CSV.
- Creating a service file (servicefile) to be sent to the Technical Service of Thermo Fisher Scientific. The information of the service file is very useful for systematic troubleshooting. The data sets are stored in the proprietary format *.SRF.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

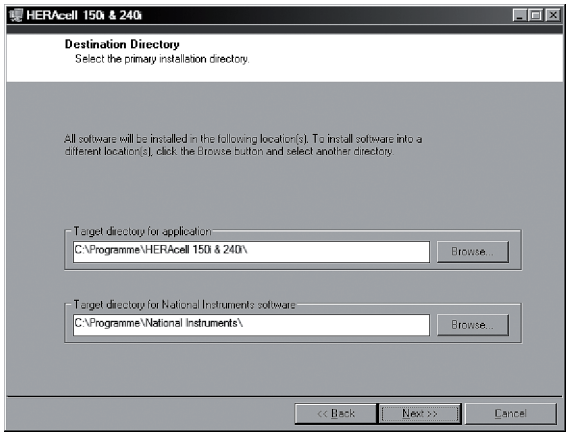
*Installation routine*

### 13.8.1 Installing the Heracell 150i & 240i

1. Starting the installation routine:
   - ▶ On the data CD in the subdirectory **PROGRAMS**, double-click on the file **SETUP.EXE** to open this file.




2. Locate the installation directory for the program.



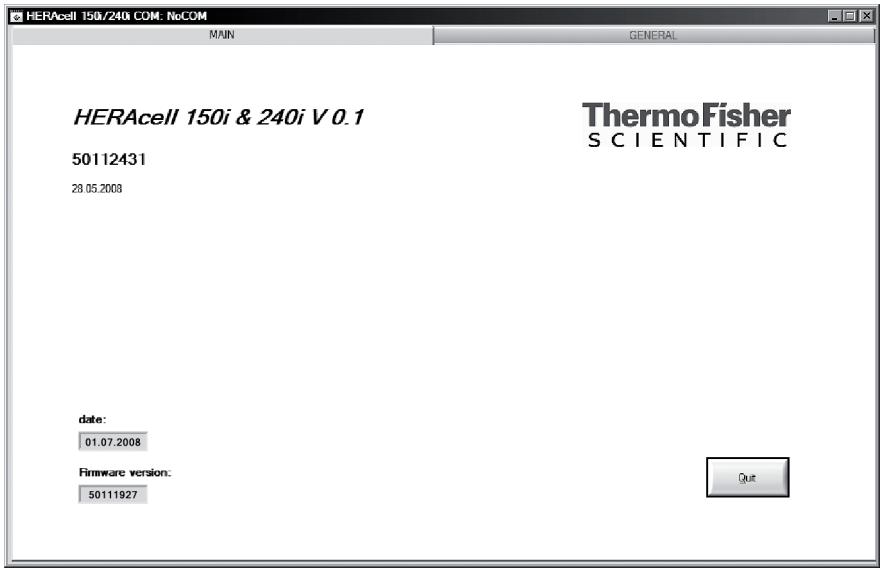

3. In the sequence of the given installation steps:
   - confirm the licence agreement,
   - confirm the extent of installation,
   - after the message on the completeness of the installation has been displayed, close the installation surface and restart the computer.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

### 13.8.2 Operating the Heracell 150i & 240i

**User menu structure:**
The user surface is divided into two main menus:

- MAIN with two functional elements:
  - Program version output **FIRMWARE VERSION**
  - Switch for exiting the program: **QUIT**



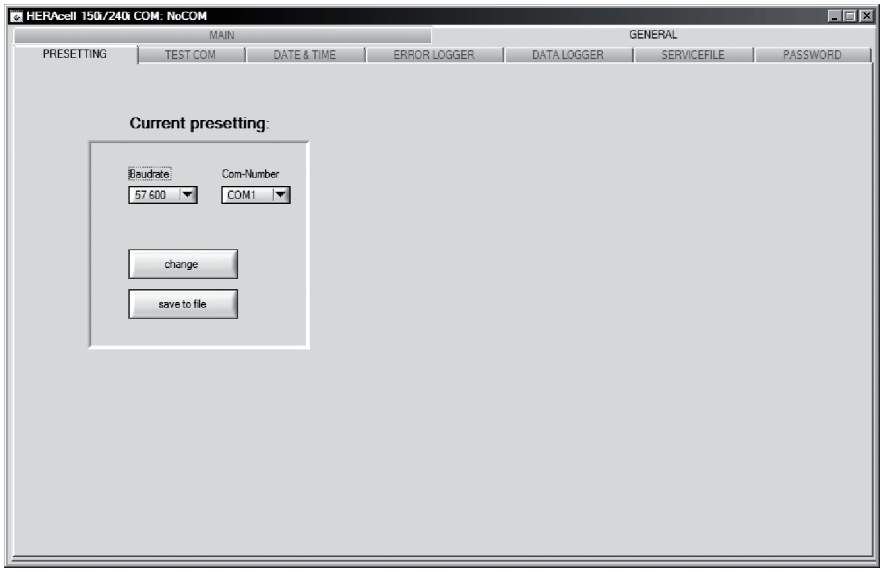

*Submenus*

- GENERAL with the submenus:
  - PRESETTING for setting the transmission speed and for selecting the serial port,
  - TEST COM for testing the communication connection between PC and incubator,
  - DATE & TIME for adjusting date and time to the desired time zone.
  - ERROR LOGGER for reading the error messages,
  - DATA LOGGER for reading the event entries,
  - SERVICEFILE for reading error information and for creating a service file,
  - PASSWORD to prevent access to the device parameters of the incubator.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Presetting*

**Function of the user menu:**
PRESETTING
The submenu PRESETTING is used to set the transmission speed and to select the serial port.




1. Select a transmission speed within the range of 9,600 to 115,200 baud.
2. Select the serial port of the PC. If the USB driver is installed, the (virtual) COM port assigned to the USB port can be selected *(see chap. 13.1.2, pg. 124)*.
3. Accept the settings:
   ▶ Press the **CHANGE** button.
4. Save the settings (in an INI file):
   ▶ Press the **SAVE TO FILE** button.

**NOTE**

**Transmission speeds:**

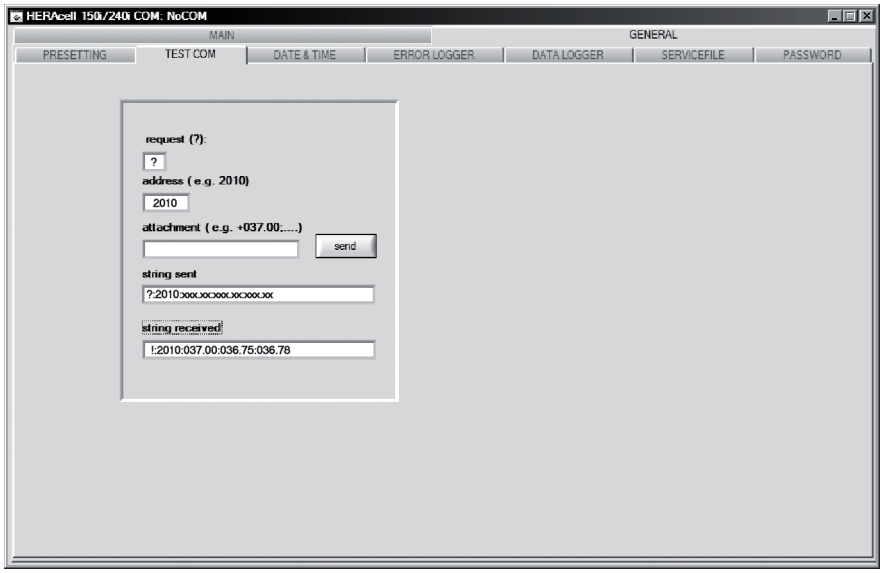
**The transmission speed settings in the user menu PRESETTING and of the device must be identical!**

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Test Com*

TEST COM

The submenu TEST COM is used for testing the communication connection with the settungs defined in the submenu PRESETTING.




1. Example of a query for the currently measurable temperature values of the incubator:
   - Query: ? (default, not changeable)
   - Address: 2010 (temperature value address: Set value, actual value, reference value)
2. Send the query to the incubator:
3. Press the **SEND** button.
   - If the incubator returns a response string, the communication connection to the incubator has been established.
   - If a connection cannot be established, an error dialog is displayed:



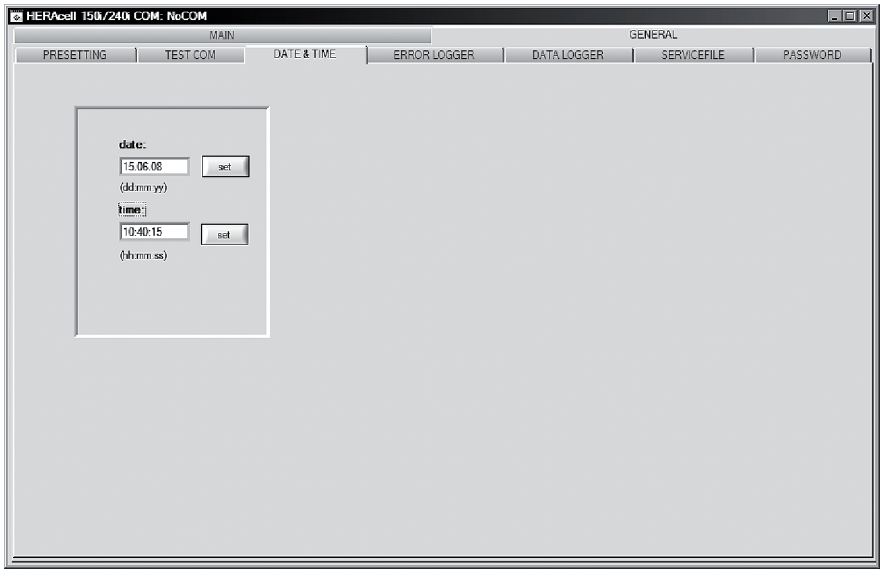

4. Exit the error dialog:
   - Press the **OK** button.

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Date & Time*

DATE & TIME

The submenu DATE & TIME is used for adjusting date and time to the desired time zone.

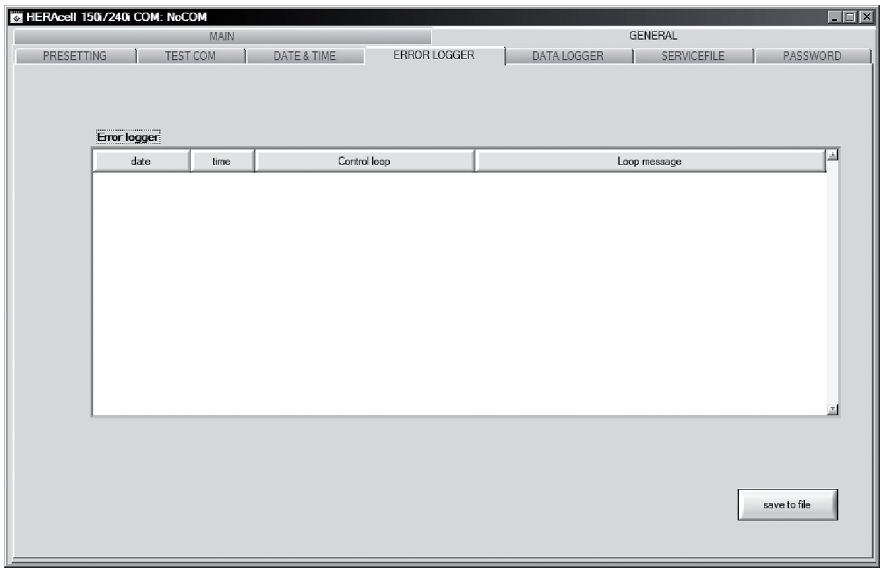



1. Data in the two text boxes must be entered in the format DD.MM.YY (day, month, year).
2. Accept the input data:
   - ▶ Press the **SET** button.

*Error Logger*

ERROR LOGGER

The submenu ERROR LOGGER is used for reading the error messages into the text box of the user surface.




The data sets can be stored in the metaformat *.CSV.

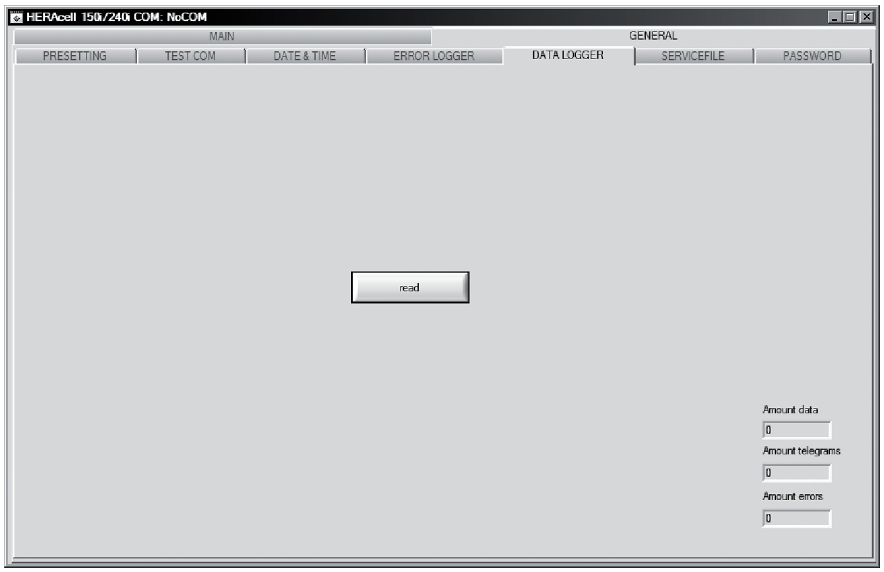
# 13 Annex: Data communication

- Saving data sets as files:
  - ▶ Press the **SAVE TO FILE** button.

*Data Logger*

DATA LOGGER

The submenu DATA LOGGER is used for reading the event entries into the text box of the user surface.




The data sets can be stored in the metaformat *.CSV.

1. Read the data sets:
   - ▶ Press the **READ** button.
2. The progress of the data transmission is indicated in the three text boxes:
   - ▶ **AMOUNT DATA**: Total number of transmitted data sets.
   - ▶ **AMOUNT TELEGRAMS**: Therein the number of transmitted event entries.
   - ▶ **AMOUNT ERRORS**: Therein the number of transmitted error messages.

**NOTE**

**Duration of the data transmission:**

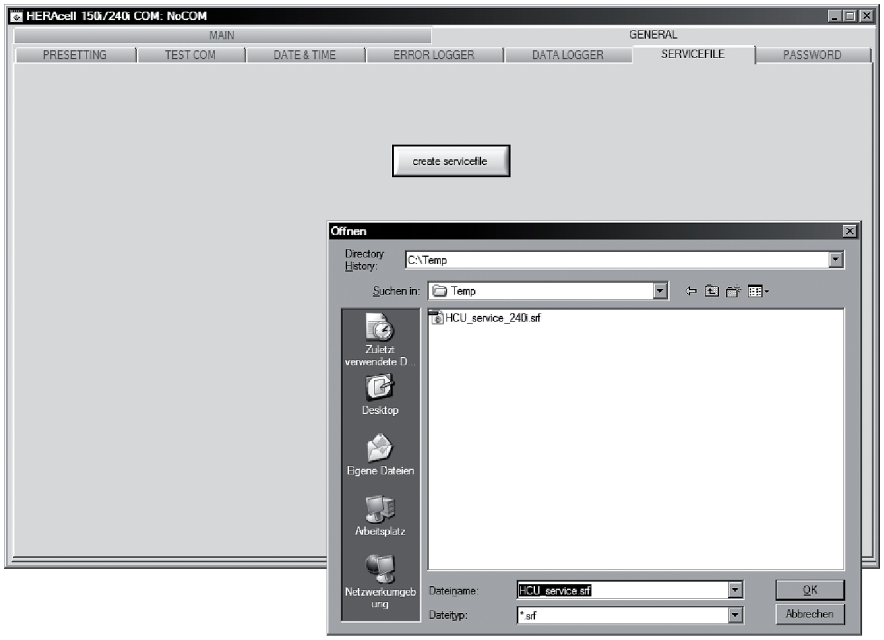
**As the data logger can contain up to 10,000 data sets, the data transmission to a PC may take some time.**

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Servicefile*

SERVICEFILE

The submenu SERVICEFILE is used for reading error informations and for creating a service file from it, saved with the proprietary extension *srf. The service file is transmitted to the Technical Service of Thermo Fisher Scientific for fault analysis.




1. Create the service file :
   - ▶ Press the **CREATE SERVICEFILE** button.
   - ▶ Define file name and saving directory in the Windows dialog box.
2. Start saving process:
   - ▶ Press **OK** button.

## NOTE

**Duration of the procedure:**

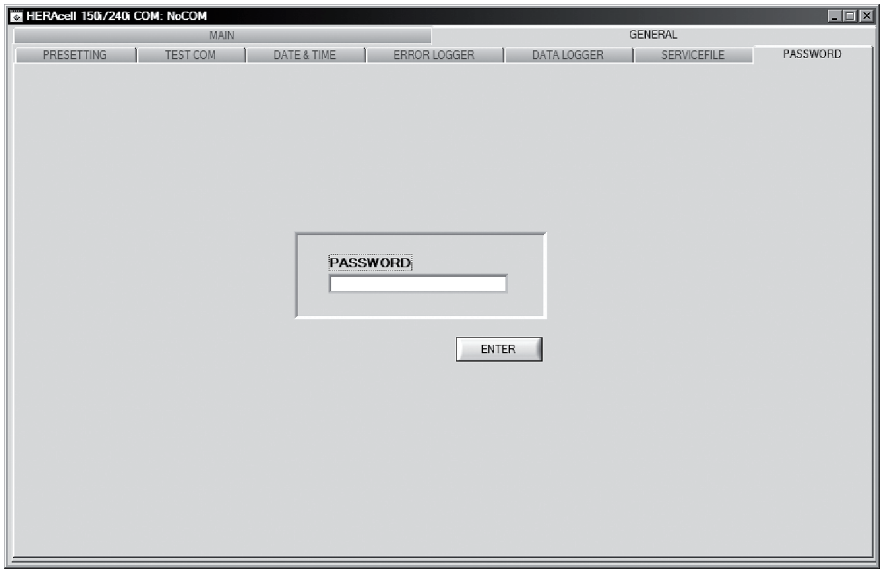
**The compilation of device informations and the creation of the service file may take some time.**

# 13 Annex: Data communication

*Password*

PASSWORD

The submenu PASSWORD can only be accessed by the service personnel of Thermo Fisher Scientific.



# 14 Device log

Please list carried out works here:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Device type: | | Part number: | |
| Serial number: | | Service number: | |
| Location: | | Operator's note: | |

| Work carried out | Notes | Date | Signature |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC

| Notification no. | Notification date | Page 1/1 |
|---|---|---|
| | | |

# Declaration

**Thermo Electron LED GmbH**
**Customer Center Germany**
**Robert-Bosch-Str. 1**
**D-63505 Langenselbold**

**Telephone 0 8001 112 110**
**Telefax 0 8001 112 114**
**www.thermofisher.com**

| Invoice recipient / Customer no. | Location address / Forwarding address |
|---|---|
| | |

| Call type | Region | ID of technician | Name of technician | Appointed date |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Order date | by | | Customer order no. / PO | Service contract no. |

| Device description (Type) | Material no. (order no.) | Date of last maintenance | Date of delivery | Customer cost center |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Equipment no. (Factory no.) | Serial no. | Service device no. | Date of calibration | Date of start-up | Customer inventory no. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|

## Safety Declaration

Dear customer,

When using biological and chemical agents within and ouside of devices, hazards to the health of the operating personnel may be present and contamination of the surroundings of the device may occur when service or repair works are carried out. Within the scope of national and international legal regulations, such as
• responsibility of a company for the protection of its employees,
• responsibility of the operator for the operational safety of devices,
all possible hazards must absolutely be prevented. Prior to any calibration, service, and repair works, prior to any relocation of a device, and prior to the shut-down of a device, the device must be decontaminated, disinfected, and cleaned as required by the work to be carried out.
Therefore, we ask you to fill in this certificate of decontamination before you start with the required work.

Yours sincerely,
Thermo Electron LED GmbH

## Works to be carried out (please mark where applicable)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Prevented maintenance** | ☐ | **Filter replacement** | ☐ |
| **Repair work** | ☐ | **Transfer to new location** | ☐ |
| **Calibration** | ☐ | **Transport** | ☐ |

## Declaration of possible contamination (please mark where applicable)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **The device is clear of biological material** | ☐ | **The device is clear of dangerous chemical substances** | ☐ |
| **The device is clear of radioactivity** | ☐ | **The device is clear of other dangerous substances** | ☐ |
| **The device is clear of cytostatic agents** | ☐ | | |

## Certification

Prior to carrying out the required work, we have decontaminated, disinfected, and cleaned the device as described in the operating instructions of the device and in accordance with nationally applicable regulations.
The device does not present any hazards.

**Note**

Date, legally binding signature, stamp

Revision 1 Thermofisher certified: 18.08.08 MW Status - Approved Ident-Nr. 50077599E - File name: P50077599E.pro

Thermo Fisher Scientific, Inc.
81 Wyman Street
Post Office Box 9046
Waltham, MA  0254-9046
United States

www.thermo.com

ISO 9001 CERTIFIED

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